

SAROJINI NAIDU VANITA MAHA VIDYALAYA

OUR VISION

TRAINING WOMEN FOR A CHALLENGING FUTURE THROUGH VALUE BASED EDUCATION

OUR MISSION

EDUCATE, EMPOWER AND LIBERATE

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DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED NUTRITION

Department of Applied Nutrition and Public Health

Vision

Training the future nutrition leaders to emerge as strong dietetic professionals. Foster the development of critical analysis to enable them make a lasting societal impact on solving food, nutrition and health challenges.

Mission

Contribute to the knowledge-base of nutrition to undergraduate students. Providing credible, current and practical nutrition information to students through high quality teaching and training methods. Inspiring healthy eating and food choices in order to enable students develop knowledge and skills in advocating health. Encourage the effective application of nutrition knowledge to improve human health and well-being enhancing professional skills in students

Programme Outcomes

Osmania University introduced the bucket system from the year 2020 for the first time so as to enable students choose any three optional subjects of their choice from life science subjects like Botany, Biochemistry, Chemistry, Microbiology and Zoology with Applied Nutrition.

Sl.No	Name of Program	Program Outcomes (PO)	Program Specific Outcomes
	App	lied Nutrition and Public I	Health
1.	B.C.AN - Botany, Chemistry, Applied Nutrition	PO – 1 – Acquire knowledge in Applied Nutrition along with Botany and Chemistry. Understand the basic concepts, underlying principles, related scientific theories, relate them to scientific phenomena and apply them to day to day life.	SEC 2 - Food Service Management - provides the opportunity for students to acquire those skills that are necessary to operate and manage a multitude of food service operations. The curriculum enables students
2.	B.BC.AN - Botany, Biochemistry, Applied Nutrition	PO – 2 - Acquire knowledge in Applied Nutrition along with Botany and Bio-chemistry. Understand the basic concepts, underlying principles, related scientific theories, relate them to scientific phenomena and apply them in day to day life.	to develop their managerial, functional, operational, and analytical capabilities to maximize their success in hospitality and food service management industry.
3.	BC.C.AN - Biochemistry, Chemistry, Applied Nutrition	PO – 3 - Acquire knowledge in Applied Nutrition along with Biochemistry and Chemistry. Understand the basic concepts, underlying principles, related scientific theories, relate them to scientific phenomena and apply them in day to day life.	SEC 4 - Quantity Food Production Skills - involve a thorough understanding of menu planning, recipe standardization, service procedures for quality foods , human resource utilization, hazard analysis of critical

			control points, and costing.
5.	Mb.C.AN - Microbiology, Chemistry, Applied Nutrition	PO- 4- Acquire knowledge in Applied Nutrition along with Microbiology and Chemistry. Understand the basic concepts, underlying principles, related scientific theories, relate them to scientific phenomena and apply them in day to day life.	GE1 - Fundamentals of Food and Nutrition "Fundamentals of Food and Nutrition" aims at developing basic understanding about
6.	Mb.Z.AN- Microbiology, Zoology, Applied Nutrition	PO -5 - Acquire knowledge in Applied Nutrition along with Microbiology and Zoology. Understand the basic concepts, underlying principles, related scientific theories, relate them to scientific phenomena and apply them in day to day life.	nutrition, its effect on human health and newer advances in food technology. This course encompasses physiological, biochemical and social aspects of food and discusses relationship
7.	Mb.Bc.AN - Microbiology, Biochemistry, Applied Nutrition	PO- 6 - Acquire knowledge in Applied Nutrition along with Microbiology and Biochemsitry. Understand the basic concepts, underlying principles, related scientific theories, relate them to scientific phenomena and apply them in day to day life.	between metabolites and human health.
8.	B.Z.AN – Botany, Zoology, Applied Nutrition	PO- 7 - Acquire knowledge in Applied Nutrition along with Botany and Zoology. Understand the basic concepts, underlying principles, related scientific theories, relate them to scientific phenomena and apply them in day to day life.	
9.	Z.C.AN - Zoology, Chemistry, Applied Nutrition	PO- 8 - Acquire knowledge in Applied Nutrition along with Zoology and Chemistry. Understand the basic concepts, underlying principles, related scientific theories, relate them to scientific phenomena and apply them in day to day life.	

Sl.No	Semester	Course	Course Outcome	
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1	I	CO 1 -Thorough understanding of nutrition basics food groups, body needs for nutrients and carbohydrates — sources, process of digestion, metabolism and utilization. CO 2- Understand proteins and their role and utilization in body processes, functional importance of nucleic acids CO 3 - Lipid metabolism and implications of excessive consumption of fats in the diet as also importance of lipids in human nutrition CO 4 - Rationale for differences in energy requirement of different physiological groups. Maintaining energy balance and Ideal body weight.		
			CO 1 - Understanding the methodology of qualitative analysis and its application. Difference between qualitative and quantitative analysis.	
2	Basics of Biochemistry Practical		CO 2- Using different tests to identify various carbohydrates.	
			CO 3 - Understanding of how the proteins are identified.	
			CO 4- Understanding of how the minerals are identified.	
			CO 1 - Understand importance of Vitamins – classification, sources, impact of excess and deficiency in human nutrition	
3		Nutritional Biochemistry	CO 2 - Understand importance of Minerals – classification, sources, impact of excess and deficiency in human nutrition	
	II		CO 3 -Water as a nutrient, water and electrolyte imbalance and its regulation and diseases associated.	
			CO 4 - Role of Enzymes and Hormones in human physiology	
			CO -1 To quantitatively determine the concentration of reducing sugars.	
		NT 4 *4*	CO 2 -Understanding how to assess the concentration of proteins in a given solution.	
4		Nutritional Biochemistry	CO 3 -To understand the amount of free fatty acids present in the sample.	
		Practical	CO 4 -Learn to determine the concentration of vitamin C in food stuff.	
			CO 5 - To quantitatively determine the concentration of calcium in the food stuff.	

5	III	Food Science and Technology Theory	CO 1 - Thorough understanding of the role of food in human nutrition, cooking methods, minimising nutrient losses during cooking, importance of functional foods. Importance and role of Cereals and Millets in cookery. CO 2- Importance and role of pulses, legumes, milk and milk products in cookery CO 3 - Importance and role of Fleshy Foods ,Spices, Condiments and Beverages CO 4 - Importance and role of Vegetables and Fruits, Sugar and Jaggery, Fats and Oils
6		Food Science and Technology Practical	CO 1 - Understanding of portion sizes and types of cuts used for display CO 2 - Understanding principles of cookery of each food group and their respective nutritional importance in the diet CO 3- Understand role of gluten in making soft dough CO 4- Understand how egg quality can be assessed CO 5 - Understand different stages of sugar cookery
7	IV	Family and Community Nutrition Theory	CO 1 - Thorough understanding of the concept of balanced diet, RDA its rationale, principles of menu planning and requirements of different physiological age groups. CO 2 -Understand the nutritional needs of Pregnant and Lactating women and infants. CO 3 - Understand the nutritional concerns during preschool, school going and adolescent ages, planning of packed lunches. CO 4 - Understand the nutritional needs of the elderly, basics and importance of Nutritional Assessment in clinical practice.
8		Family and Community Nutrition	CO 1 - Understanding of nutritional requirements of different age groups CO 2 - Menu preparation and understanding of portion sizes of different age groups
		Practical Clinical	CO 3 - Importance and method of preparing weaning foods CO 1 - Thorough understanding of diet therapy, role of dietician in community, therapeutic diets, care of critically ill patients. Dietary concerns in fever, typhoid,
9	V	Dietetics Theory	TB CO 2 - Through understanding of Aetiology, symptoms, screening, medications and dietary regimen for - Obesity, Underweight, Diabetes, CVD and Hypertension

10	V	Clinical Dietetics Practical	CO 3 - Through understanding of aetiology, symptoms, screening ,medications and dietary regimen for GI diseases – Peptic Ulcer, Constipation, Diarrhoea, IBS CO 4 - Thorough understanding of aetiology, symptoms and dietary regimen Renal disorders, Liver Disorders CO 1 - Understanding principles of menu planning of different diseases CO 2 - Understanding correct portion sizes according to nutrient requirements CO 3 - Understanding anthropometric tool of nutritional assessment
		Public	CO 1 -Thorough understanding of concept of public health as an emerging field in nutrition. Importance of epidemiology and its role in nutrition research. Disease transmission and control of causative factors. Role of vectors in disease transmission and control measures to check the same. CO 2 - Understanding the causative factors for food borne illnesses, role of food handler in causing food borne diseases. Understanding of disease transmission
11	VI	Health, Food Hygiene and Sanitation Theory	in food borne infections, intoxication, and role of microbial toxins in causing food borne illnesses CO 3 - Effectiveness of audio visual aids in nutrition education. Emerging role of PHC in rural areas with special emphasis on maternal and child care. Government programs to eradicate vector borne diseases. Thorough understanding of immunity and related aspects.
			CO 4 -Thorough understanding of the causative factors of food adulteration and the role of various agencies in controlling the same. Role of FSSAI in curbing food adulteration and agencies in support of consumer guidance and scope and role of food inspectors.
		Public	CO 1 - Understanding of adulterants in different foods and methods to detect
12		Health, Food Hygiene and Sanitation	CO 2 - Preparation of AV Aids for nutrition education
		Practical	CO 4. Provided as nutritions
			CO 4 - Practical exposure to nutrition in community

Department of Nutrition & Dietetics (M.Sc.)

VISION

The Department of Nutrition serves regional and local communities through discovery of the ways in which foods and their bioactive components contribute to health and their role in prevention of diseases through effective application of nutrition knowledge towards the improvements in human health and for their well-being.

MISSION

The Mission of the P.G Department of Nutrition is to better human health by:

- Contributing to the fundamental knowledge of how nutrients and food components function at cellular, systematic and whole body levels and impact human health and disease.
- Delivering innovative, research-based interventions and service programs which alter meal patterns and food choices with the goal of improved health of individuals, families, and communities,
- Contributing to the knowledge-base of nutrition post graduate students through high quality teaching, training, and research mentorship, and
- Providing service to professional, governmental, and local community organizations.

Programme Outcomes

M.Sc. Nutrition & Dietetics is the discipline for the students to grow as nutritionists, clinical Nutritionists, research associates in scientific bodies like CFTRI, NIN and above all an overall development as a person. Nutrition and Dietetics provides concepts related to human nutrition and helps you become an effective learner and practitioner in all fields of dietetic practice. The course also gives you the opportunity to develop advanced skills in the design and implementation of research in the field of nutrition and dietetics. It is assigned to impart advanced knowledge and skills that is life oriented, career and community oriented. It has special relevance to industry and hospital application. It comprises of hospital internship program.

S.NO	NAME OF THE PROGRAM	PROGRAM OUTOMES (PO)	PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES
1.	M.Sc. Nutrition and Dietetics	PO 1: To understand the role of adequate nutrition in the stages of a human life cycle. PO 2: To enable students to understand the role of nutrition in the body.	PSO 1: Provides students through core modules with a knowledge and understanding of the science of human nutrition and to be able to use these critically in problem solving and data handling.
		PO 3: To impart in depth knowledge regarding prevalence, aetiology, diagnosis, Diet and lifestyle management in different diseases. PO 4: To familiarize students with changes occurring in various food stuffs as a result of processing and cooking.	PSO 2: Relate the nutritional needs to physical growth, development and changes during ageing. PSO 3: To understand the chemical characteristics of different classes of nutrients with reference to their physical properties and to relate this to their functions in the body.
		processing and cooking.	PSO 4: To apply the knowledge of anatomy and physiology in the management of health and disease.

	SEMESTER 1				
	COURSE (DUTCOMES			
S.NO	S.NO COURSE NAME COURSE OUTCOMES (Paper)				
1.	a) Human Nutrition	CO 1: To understand the role of adequate nutrition in the stages of a human life cycle.			
		CO 2: To address the requirements of a pregnant and lactating mother with respect to nutritional demands.			
		CO 3: To know the nutritional requirement and the management of meals pertaining to the athletes.			
		CO 4: To familiarize the students with the raw and cooked quantities of food and plan diet for various age groups.			

b) Nutritional Biochemistry - I CO 1: To enable students to understand the role of nutrition in the body. CO 2: To know the classification, functions and metabolism of carbohydrates, amino acids, proteins and nucleic acids. CO 3: To acquaint the students with principles, techniques and application of different methods of food analysis CO 1: To enable the students to understand the functions of various systems in the body. CO 2: To acquaint the students with abnormalities of endocrine system. CO 3: To acquaint the students with abnormalities of endocrine system. CO 3: To acquaint the students with principles, techniques and application of different methods of analysis for various components in blood. CO 1: To impart in depth knowledge regarding prevalence, actiology, diagnosis, Diet and lifestyle management in different diseases. CO 2: To gain knowledge on methods of assessment of nutritional status among individuals and interaction of drugs and nutrients. CO 3: To familiarize the students with newer concepts in dietary management of various disorders and diseases. SEMESTER 2 COURSE OUTCOMES 1. a. Principles of Food Theory CO 2: To familiarize students with			
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c) Human Physiology Theory CO 1: To enable the students to understand the functions of various systems in the body. CO 2: To acquaint the students with abnormalities of endocrine system. CO 3: To acquaint the students with principles, techniques and application of different methods of analysis for various components in blood. CO 1: To impart in depth knowledge regarding prevalence, actiology, diagnosis, Diet and lifestyle management in different diseases. CO 2: To gain knowledge on methods of assessment of nutritional status among individuals and interaction of drugs and nutrients. CO 3: To familiarize the students with newer concepts in dietary management of various disorders and diseases. SEMESTER 2 COURSE OUTCOMES 1. a. Principles of Food Theory CO 1: To provide an understanding of composition of various food stuffs.			functions and metabolism of carbohydrates, amino acids, proteins and
Principles of Dietetics Theory Principles of Dietetics With principles of Pod Theory Pri			principles, techniques and application of
abnormalities of endocrine system. CO 3: To acquaint the students with principles, techniques and application of different methods of analysis for various components in blood. CO 1: To impart in depth knowledge regarding prevalence, aetiology, diagnosis, Diet and lifestyle management in different diseases. CO 2: To gain knowledge on methods of assessment of nutritional status among individuals and interaction of drugs and nutrients. CO 3: To familiarize the students with newer concepts in dietary management of various disorders and diseases. SEMESTER 2 COURSE OUTCOMES 1. a. Principles of Food Theory CO 1: To provide an understanding of composition of various food stuffs.		c) Human Physiology Theory	understand the functions of various
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1. COURSE OUTCOMES a. Principles of Food Theory CO 1: To provide an understanding of composition of various food stuffs.			newer concepts in dietary management
1. a. Principles of Food Theory CO 1: To provide an understanding of composition of various food stuffs.			
composition of various food stuffs.			
CO 2: To familiarize students with	1.	a. Principles of Food Theory	-
changes occurring in various food stuffs as a result of processing and cooking.			
CO 3: To familiarize students with changes occurring in various food stuffs as a result of processing and cooking.			changes occurring in various food stuffs

	b. Nutritional Biochemistry– I	CO 1: To enable students to understand the role of nutrients in the body.
		CO 2: To know the classification, functions and metabolism of lipids, vitamins and minerals.
		CO 3: To familiarize the students with changes occurring in various food stuffs as a result of processing and cooking.
	c. Research Methodology	CO1: To enable the students to understand the importance of research design.
		CO 2: To impart in depth knowledge on collection, compilation and analysis of data.
		CO 3: Understanding of the basic framework of research process and developing an understanding of various research designs and techniques.
	d. Diet in Disease Theory	CO 1: To impart in depth knowledge regarding prevalence, aetiology, diagnosis, diet and lifestyle management in acute and chronic diseases.
		CO 2: To gain knowledge to recommend and provide appropriate nutritional care for prevention or treatment of various diseases.
		CO 3: To familiarize the students with newer concepts in dietary management of various disorders and diseases.
		MESTER 3
1.	COURS	SE OUTCOMES
	a) Community Nutrition	CO 1: To give an insight into various low cost ingredients available in market and develop low cost nutritious recipes for venerable segments of the community.
		CO 2: To develop teaching aids for teaching for nutrition and health education.

	b) Food Microbiology	CO 1: To familiarize the students with basics of food microbiology.
		CO 2: To enable students to gain knowledge on preservation techniques and food contamination.
		CO 3: To familiarize students with the sterilization techniques.
	c) Food service Management	CO 1: To develop skills in formulating and standardizing of new recipes.
		CO 2: To gain knowledge on requirements and management of various food service establishments.
		CO 3: To know the types of food cost involved and the methods to control them.
	d) Food Hygiene and Sanitation	CO 1: Gain knowledge in menu planning, preparation of recipes in large scale and serving and in food costing.
		CO 2: To make students understand environmental sanitation and the link between environmental sanitation and health.
		CO 3: To make students assess and practice controlling factors in the environment that can potentially affect public health.
1.	SE	MESTER 4
1.	COURS	SE OUTCOMES
	a) Advanced Nutrition	CO 1: To familiarize students with the recent advances in nutrition.
		CO 2: To impart knowledge on bioavailability of nutrients.
	b) Paediatric Nutrition	CO 1: To understand the growth, development and nutritional requirements of children.
		CO 2: To get an insight knowledge on inborn errors of metabolism and paediatric critical care.

c)	Nutraceuticals	and
	functional foods Theory	

CO 1: To familiarize the students with the recent advances in nutraceuticals.

CO 2: To impart knowledge on the health benefits of nutraceuticals and functional foods.

d) Diet and psychology counselling skills Theory

CO 1: To familiarize students with diet counselling skills and acquaint them with basic principles of psychology.

CO 2: To apply counselling methods to patients with different diseases.

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

Name of the programme: B.Sc.,

Name of the Department: Botany (U.G).

Vision – Development of scientific aptitude into the students in the field of plant sciences.

Mission - To educate, inculcate and integrate the concepts of plant sciences.

S.No	Name of the program	Program Outcomes (PO's)	Program Specific Outcomes (PSO's)
		*Scientific knowledge	* Students can go for B.Ed.
1.	BOTANY	Apply the knowledge of basic science,life	* Students can also join as a medical lab technician .
		sciences&Fundamental Process of plants to study and analyse any plant form.	* They can also maintain terrus garden with kitchen waste.
		*Practical skills	* Students can learn about growing harvesting marketing ,storage ,pest &diseases&even ways cooking & using
		*students learn to carryout practical work in the field & in	mushrooms .
		laboratory.	They can apply knowledge in Horticulture and Nursery gardening.
		*Apply Ethics;apply ethical principal &commit I to environmental ethics	*The Botanist & Society.
		responsibilities & norms of the Biodiversity conservations.	Applying the knowledge to assess plant diversity its importance for the
		*Knowledge & understanding of the range of plant diversity in	*Students will be able to join as a
		terms of structure ,functions & environmental ,relationships. The	research scholor. *Design of solutions from medicianal
		role of plants in the functioning of the global Ecosystems.	plants for health problems ,disorders &disease of human beings & estimate the phytochemical content of plants which
		*They can apply the knowledge to analyse the water P ^H	meet the specified need to appropriate consideration for the public health.
		,carbonates ,bicarbonates& soil P ^H .	*Modern tool usage ; Create, select & apply oppropriate techniques, resources &modern instruments & equipments for biochemical estimation,molecular

		biology,	biotec	chnology	plant	tissue
		culture	exper	iments,	cellula	ar &
		physiolog	ycal ac	tivities o	f plants	with an
		understan	ding	of th	e app	lication
		&limitation	ons.			

Programme Outcomes (POs)

S.No	Name of the program	Program Objective s (PO's)	Program Specific Outcomes (PSO's)
1.	B.Sc with Botany as one of the Optionals	PO-1.To develops the expertise in students for identification of plants. PO-2.To train students in carrying out various experiments in plant sciences	PSO-1. The ability of plant identification. In will provide innumerable career options to the students in fields like agriculture, horticulture, Botanical survey of India CIMAP, and innumerable research centres.
		PO-3. To creat awareness of the sustainability of pollution free environment and conservation of resources. PO-4.To enhances the potential in the filds of plant tissue culture and biotechnology. PO-5.To enlightens students with pharmacognical, horticultural and economic significance of plant.	PSO-2.Know- how of experimental technique will help students pursue higher studies, research, consultancy agencies, and jobs in research centres. PSO-3.Undustanding of the importance of environmental protection and resource management venders the students "Environment friendly "citizens and will open avenues for them in this field.
			PSO-4.Knowledge of tissue culture and biotechnology will help them get opportunities in this field at levels of universities and research centres. PSO-5.Familarity with pharma conical, horticultural and economic significance of plants will help students pursue career in pharmaceutical industries,

	horticultural units nurseries and
	agricultural research centers. They
	can also start their own nurseries
	and units.

SEMESTER I

PAPER-I – Microbial Diversity and Lower Plants

Unit – I; Bacteria & Viruses

Students will learn about Bacteria and Viruses structure, reproduction.

They will get knowledge about plant diseases.

Unit – II; Algae & Cyanobacteria

Students will learn about general characters & classification of Algae.

Students with also learn reproductive methods of algal forms and their economic importance.

They will get knowledge about Biofertilizers with special reference to Cyanophyceae members.

Unit – III; Fungi

Students learn about the basic characteristics of the kingdown Fungi.

Students will get knowledge regarding general characters and reproduction methods.

To familiarize students with the overview of systematic position, life cycle, Economic importance and Diseases caused by Fungi.

Unit – IV; Bryophyta & Pteridophyta

The study of various Bryophytes will enable the students to know how the bryophytes with their distinct adaptations .

Students will also get knowledge about their structure, reproduction and life cycle.

To familiarize the students with the overview on Evolution of sporophyte in Bryophytes.

Students will learn classification systems of Pteridophytes, their distribution, structure and

Reproduction. They will also learn about the process of Stelar evolution in Pteridophytes.

PRACTICALS

- * Students will learn the difference between gram +ve / gram ve bacteria by doing gram staining technique.
- * They will also get knowledge of Bacterial, Viral & fungal diseases by doing infected plant material section cutting.
- * Students will aquire knowledge of identification of algal members by doing algal mixture technique.
- * Students will aware of the Morphological and anatomical structure of Bryophytes & Pteridophytes by observing the slides & Specimens.

SEMESTER - II

PAPER-II; Gymnosperms, Taxonomy of Angiosperms and Ecology

Unit – **I**; **Gymnosperms**

Students aquire the knowledge of distribution classification, Economic importance

Gymnosperms.

Students will learn the vegetative morphology and Anatomy of Male & Female

Cones of Pinus and Gnetum.

Geological time scale and techniques employed in the types of Fossils.

Unit – **II**; **Plant** systematics

Students will get the knowledge of various aspects in Taxonomy like principles, Scope various

Taxonomic tools, Nomenclatures, ICN Introduction.

They also get Knowledge about Herbarium concepts, techniques and applications.

Students also learn various classifications of Angiosperms and their merits & Demerits.

Unit – III; Families

Students will understand various important angiospermic Families with particulars reference to

their systematic position, phylogeny , evolutionary trends and economic importance of both

Dicot & Monocot families.

Unit – IV; Ecology

Students understand about the environment and ecosystems ecology.

Students will get knowledge about ecological adaptations of Hydrophytes & Xerophytes.

Students aqure knowledge of plant succession.

PRACTICALS

- * Students aquire knowledge of Morphological & anatomical structure of Pinus &Gnetum by doing T.S.&L.S.
- * Students will get knowledge by doing technical description of plants belongs to different families.
- * Students will collect &prepare herbarium of different flora for the purpose of identification research.

SEMESTER - III

PAPER-III; Plant Anatomy & Embryology

Unit – I: Meristems & Tissues

Students will get knowledge about theories of Shoot & Root

They will also learn about Tissue systems.

Unit – II: Secondary growth and wood Anatomy

Students acquire the knowledge regarding Anomalous secondary growth of Dicot & Monocot

Stems and roots.

They will also get knowledge about wood structure & anatomy of local timbers.

Unit – **III** : Embryology

Students will get knowledge about history and importance of Embryology.

They will also learn about Microsporogenesis and Megasporogenesis.

Students will get knowledge of pollination & fertilization process,

Students acquire the knowledge regarding endosperm development and embryo development.

Unit – IV: Palynology

Students will learn pollen morphology NPC System and also types of pollen grains.

PRACTICALS

- * Students acquire the knowledge of double staining technique.
- * They will also get the knowledge regarding anomalous secondary growth.
- * Students aware of structure of wood by observing local timber.
- *Students acquire the knowledge regarding Types of ovules & pollen grains by observing slides.
- * They will also get knowledge viability of pollengrains by doing pollen viability test.

SEMESTER - IV

PAPER- IV; Cell biology, Genetics & Plant Physiology

Unit – I; Cell Biology

Students will learn about structure of plant cell.

They will get knowledge about structure & functions of Plasma membrane.

To familiarize the students on overview of cell organelles.

They will get knowledge briefly about nucleus chromosomes.

Students will learn how the cell cycle is responsible to the growth and life of every organism on Earth.

Unit - II; Genetics

Students will learn basic concepts of Mendelism, Principles of inheritance.

Students aquire knowledge of Gene interactions.

Students will be enriched with gene mutations and variations in chromosome number &

Structure.

They will get knowledge about linkage & Crossing over.

They will also learn about recombination frequency.

Unit – **III**; **Plant** physiology – **Photosynthesis**

Students will learn various aspects of water relations and their physiological roll followed by various mechanisms of ion uptake and assimilation of minerals.

Students will learn in detail regarding structures and functioning of Photosystems,

Photophosphorylation, path of carbon & Photorespiration.

Students will get knowledge about stomatal movement.

Students will learn Nomenclature & Classification of enzymes.

Unit – **IV**; **Plant** physiology – **Respiration**

Students will learn various aspects of respiration like Aerobic & Anaerobic.

Students will learn in details the process of respiration like glycolysis, TCA cycle Electron

Transport etc, their regulations & importance in physiological role.

Students will get knowledge about general role of various plant harmones on growth

& development, mechanisms of hormonal regulation.

Students also learn physiology of flowering and pigment phytochrome involved with its structure & functions.

PRACTICALS

- *Students quire the knowledge of different stages of Mitotic division by using onion root tips by squash method .
- * They will get the knowledge either the parent is dominant or recessive and also calculating the percentage of recombinants.
- * Students will get knowledge of stomatal opening &closing mechanism by doing $COCl_2$ method to know about the rate of transpiration .
- * Students aquire the knowledge of plasmolytic method using leaves of Rheodiscolor leaves.
- * They will also get knowledge of separation of chlorophyll pigments by doing paper chromatography method.

SEMESTER V

Paper V : ECONOMIC BOTANY Course Outcomes			
Course objective	Teaching-Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	
To enable the students to have an understanding on how cultivated plants originated and how they are introduced across the world. To impart a brief idea on various methods used for extraction of various plant products like rubber. To introduce the students to various uses of plants in day to day life. To provide an understanding of the economic aspects of various plants	Lecture Presentation Assignment Individual/group presentation	The course will enable students to understand how plants influence day to day life. The course will help the students to have a brief idea on different types of plants used for economic purposes. The course will help the students to have a brief idea on industrial application of different plants.	

Paper VI : Horticulture Course Outcomes			
Course objective	Teaching-Learning Process	Learning Outcomes	
The Horticulture has two major options, the Professional and the Landscape Design and Construction Option. Both options are assures the students a well-rounded education in Horticulture. The options do not restrict student career choices	Lecture Presentation Assignment Individual/group presentation	When students complete the Horticulture major, they will be able to: 1. Demonstrate a working knowledge and appreciation of the diversity of plants, their culture and utilization. 2. Apply horticultural principles to the successful	

within horticulture. .

Horticulture Graduates have numerous opportunities and successful careers within the breadth of horticulture. and it is imperative that a students education prepare them for a changing world and changing opportunities within the discipline.

growth and production of horticultural plants.

- 3. Demonstrate the knowledge, skills and attributes to be successful contributing members of the horticulture profession.
- 4. Recognize and apply ethical professional practices to horticultural applications.
- 5. Synthesize and integrate information to solve horticultural problems.
- 6. Be a critical "consumer" of information; understand the relevance and scientific basis of content they read and hear.
- 7. Communicate effectively within the discipline and also be able to transmit knowledge and skills to laypersons in the general public.

SEMESTER VI

PAPER- VI; Tissue Culture and Biotechnology

Course code BS-602. DSE-2B

Students will get knowledge of the topics:

Unit -1

- 1. Concepts and methodology involved in tissue culture.
- 2. Objectives, methodology and applications of organ culture, organogenesis and Embryogenesis by gametic and somatic cell fusions.

Unit- 2

- 1. Importance of tissuculture and its applications.
- 2. Pathogen free plant production.
- 3. Stress resistant plants somaclones and synthetic seeds.
- 4. Induction of hairy roots and secondary mataboli production.
- 5. Haploid and Triploid production.
- 6. Cryopreservation and germ plasm conservation.
- 7. Somatic hybrids and cybrids.

Unit-3

- 1. Biotechnology history, scope, application.
- 2. R-DNA technology, gene cloning, enzymes in cloning.
- 3. Cloning vectors
- 4. Applications of R-DNA technology.

Unit-4

- 1. Gene libraries, PCR and its applications.
- 2. Methods of gene transfer.
- 3. Applications of Transgenic plants .Bt-Cotton, Bt –Brinjal, Roundup ready Soyabeans, Flavr savr tomato and golden rice.

PRACTICALS

Students are skilled in various techniques. Viz;

- 1. Isolation of DNA from tomato.
- 2. Production of synthetic seeds.
- 3. Preparation of tissue culture mediaum-MS-Medium.
- 4. Isolation of protoplast.
- 5. Callus induction.
- 6. Micropropagation and Multiple shoot development.
- 7. Anther culture.
- 8. PCR demonstration.
- 9. Students develop knowledge of
- 1. Antibiotics and Vaccines
- 2. Gene transfer method.
- 3. Instruments used in Biotechnology lab.
- 4. In vitro sterilization and inoculation methods using leaf and nodal explants of Tabaco Dattura, Brasica

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

I. **Name of the Department**: Botany (PG)

II. Vision Statement of the Department:

- o To be a center for excellence in Botany.
- o To promote the culture of learning by educating students in the basics of plant sciences and its related components and evolving advancements that will serve science and nation in the 21st century.
- To expand academic cooperation by offering new courses and upgrading programs to a wider spectrum of students and researchers.
- o To conduct innovative research, teaching, and outreach on the patterns and the process of life with a focus on plants and their environment.
- o Training the students in the latest aspects of Horticulture and Hydroponics.

III. Mission:

- To develop holistic development and academic excellence to contribute effectively to the understanding of the subject. To develop an aptitude towards nature and science.
- To equip the students with the basic skills in identifying and labelling different plants.
- o To impart quality education in the field of Botany enabling our students confidently sustain in the world.
- To sensitize the students towards the need for keeping the environment clean and conserve our natural resources.
- To apply conventional as well as non-conventional tools to understand plant processes development of human resource with hands on expertise in the frontier areas of plant sciences.

IV. Programme Outcomes and Program Specific Outcomes:

S. No.	Name of the Programme	POs	PSOs
			1. The students will be qualified to face IFS, CSIR-NET, SET, GATE and other competitive exams.
1.	MSc., Botany	2. A research oriented learning.	2. They become focused to take up research and teaching opportunities.

handling scientifinstruments, planning are executing biologic research. 4. Individual and teamwor workout an experiment, are a project independently well as with team to develoindividual competency are group work skills. 5. knowledge inculcation theoretical and practice knowledge of topi included in syllabus. 6. Scientific aptitude development with knowledge methodologies are principles of subject studying. 7. Research skills development by completing a scientific project. 8. It provides	5. They will be able to Ofwork in state level and caldistrict level biodiversity csboards and also can be resource persons to these deboards. Ith of the will be able to ofwork in the R&D dept of the pharmaceutical etsindustries with the knowledge of cultivation illof various medicinal neglants. 7. With the espharmacognosy
entrepreneurship development.	knowledge they can associate with Ayurveda,
-	Sidda drug development and research.

V. Course Outcomes (COs)

SEMESTER - I

S. No.	Course Na	me (Paper)	COs
1.	Paper-I Mycology	Phycology	and CO1: Students will learn general and distinct characters of the lower groups of plants. Criteria of the primary classification of algae and diversity of this group habit and habitat will be analysed. Students will also learn reproductive methods of algal forms, their economic importance and the basic Fritsch Classification and the recent Parker's classification. CO2: Students acquire knowledge

of general characters, morphology, life histories of different, distinct type studies from Chlorophyceae and Cyanophyceae.

CO3: Students learn about the basic characteristics of the kingdom Fungi.

Paper-I **Phycology** Mycology (Practials)

and Identification of different algal members upto the genera and identification of different algal members from different water samples to know the algal flora.

> Students acquire knowledge identification of slides and of specimens Synchitrium, Ustilago, Fusarium, Melamspora, etc

> Students learn about the identification of the pathogens of fungal diseases such as Downy mildews. Tikka disease. Melamspora rust, wheat rust and white rust through section cutting of the infected plant material.

> Students acquire knowledge regarding characters, general sexual, asexual reproduction, fungal cytology and genetics, classification of Fungi.

> **CO4:** To familiarize students with the overview of systematic position and lifecycles of various given fungal members.

2. Bryophyta & Pteridophyta

CO1: The study of various Bryophytes will enable the students to know how the Bryophytes with their distinct adaptations colonized Earth's terrestrial environment, their importance in initiating soil formation on barren terrain and leading to the development of forest vegetation by producing a substratum attractive to seed plants.

CO2: Students will learn about the economic importance of Bryophytes and their uses to humans, evolution of gametophyte and sporophyte, and the process of fossilization and fossil Bryophytes.

PTERIODOPHYTA:

CO3: Students will learn classification systems of Pteridophytes, their distribution, structure and reproduction.

CO4: Students will learn Telome theory, heterospory and seed habit, Geological timescale and techniques employed in the types of fossils and different fossil Pteridophytes.

Students learn about the morphology anatomy and of different Bryophytes such as Targionia, Notothylas, and Plagiochasma and Sphagnum understanding their life cycles.

Students also learn about the

Paper-II Bryophyta Pteridophyta (Practicals)

		morphology and anatomy of vegetative and reproductive organs of pteridophytes such as Psilotum, Isoetes, Ophioglossum, Adiantum, Salvinia, Azolla.
3.	Taxonomy of Angiosperms and	
	Medicinal Plants	aspects in taxonomy like principles,
		scope, various taxonomic tools,
		plant nomenclatures, and ICN
		articles and recommendations.
		They also come to know web
		resources for proper nomenclature
		and also regarding biosystematics.
		CO2: Students will be learning
		synthetic approaches and also they
		study various classifications of
		angiosperms and their merits and
		demerits.
		CO3: Students will understand
		various important angiospermic
		families with particular reference to
		their systemic position, phylogeny,
		evolutionary trends and economic
		importance from both dicot and
		monocot families.
		CO4: Students acquire knowledge
		about the role of plants in medicine,
		the morphology, active principles
		and medicinal values of selected
		plants, to introduce the flora of
		Telangana.
	Paper-III Taxonomy of Angiosperms and Medicinal Plants (Practicals)	Students will be able to gain proficiency in identifying any unknown plant to genera and species level using floras.
		Students will be able to recognize
		the families studied based on
		flowers or essential parts of flowers,

		students acquire knowledge of
		Herbarium techniques. Students
		will be able to construct indented
		key for any given sample. To
		familiarize the students with the
		biochemical aspects in plants.
		bioenemear aspects in plants.
		CO1: Students will be learning the
4.	Plant Biochemistry	concept of bioenergetics which
		include the structures and reactions
		of energy currencies like ATP,
		NAD etc. In this unit they also
		come across the importance,
		properties and functioning of
		various enzymes and their
		regulations.
		CO2: Students acquire the
		knowledge of classification,
		structure and functioning of
		carbohydrates and lipids.
		CO3: Students acquire the
		knowledge of general properties,
		classification and biosynthesis of
		amino acids, proteins and nucleic
		acids.
		CO4: To inculcate the knowledge
		of structure, functions and
		composition of membranes,
		biochemistry of cell wall and
		secondary metabolites.
		Students will be able to conduct
		experiments on determination of
		amylase activity in a given sample, iodine number, and estimation of
	Paper-IV Plant Biochemistry	proteins, reducing sugars and
	(Practicals)	proteins, reducing sugars and alkaloids of given samples. Students will be able to work out the experiment individually.
	<u> </u>	the experiment individually.

SEMESTER - II

	SENIESTER - II	
C No	Corres Norse (Power)	Con
S. No.	Course Name (Paper)	Cos
1.	Paper-I Applied Phycology and Mycology	CO1: Students will learn general characters and morphology, life history of the various groups of algae such as Bacillariophyceae (Diatoms), Euglenophyceae, Phaeophyceae and Rhodophyceae.
		CO2: Students acquire information about algal blooms, toxic algae, biofertilizers, fossil algae, and role of algae in industry.
		CO3: Students gain overview of fungi in industry, medicine, agriculture and fungi as food.
		CO4: Students learn about Archaebacteria, Eubacteria,
		Viruses, Mollicutes general
		characters, importance and
		transmission.
		Students will be able to identify the general of algal blooms, algal biofertilizers, and toxic algae.
	Paper-I Applied Phycology and Mycology (Practicals)	Students will be able to identify fungal cultures slides and specimens of Rhizopus, Aspergillus, Pencillium, yeast, Cercospora etc
		Students acquire knowledge of edible mushrooms.
		Students also acquire knowledge of gram positive and gram negative bacteria through gram staining.
		CO1: Students acquire the
2.		knowledge of distribution,
	Embryology	classification, economic importance
		of gymnosperms, including wood
		anatomy of various conifers.

		CO2: In this unit, students learn the vegetative morphology and anatomy of male and female cones of various gymnospermic taxa. CO3: Students learn about the development of male and female gametophytes and embryogeny in Gymnosperms. They also learn fossil Gymnosperms.
		CO4: In this unit, the students come across various concepts of embryology right from the structure, development, and special features of anther and ovule, fertilization, and they also come across embryology in relation to taxonomy. Students learn about the
	Paper-II Gymnosperms and Embryology (Practicals)	morphology and anatomy of Arucaria, Ginkgo and Taxus. Students will be able to identify the slides and specimens of Lygnopteris, Medullosa, Ptilophyllum, and glossopteris. dStudents will be able to identify slides and specimens of TS of anther, globular embryo. Students acquire knowledge of pollen viability.
3.	Plant Anatomy and Palynolog	yCO1: Theories of shoot and root developments, leaf structure with reference to C3 and C4 plants and Kranz and CAM syndrome mechanism and importance. CO2: Students learn in detail about

		epidermology.
		CO3: Study of dicot stem secondary growth, significance of Dicots wood anatomy, morphology and arrangement of various secondary elements of their value in wood identification, salient features of various woods.
		CO4: Students will come across various aspects of palynology, Aeropalynology, Melittopalynology, applied aspects of palynology.
		Students acquire knowledge of epidermal peels, stomatal frequency, stomatal index.
	Paper-III Plant anatomy an palynology (Practicals)	Students acquire knowledge of nd wood anatomy through maceration and section cuttings of Tectona Bomax, Micellia, Pongamia and Azadirachta.
		Students conduct histochemical test for identification of callose, lignin, pectin, starch and suberin.
4.	Plant Physiology	CO1: Students will learn various aspects of water relations and their physiological role followed by various mechanisms of ion uptake and assimilation of minerals like nitrogen and sulphur.
		CO2: Students will learn in detail regarding their structures and functioning of photosystems, photophosphorylation, path of carbon and photorespiration.
		CO3: Students will learn various aspects of respiration like TCA cycle and its regulation, electron

HMP transport chain, shunt, cyanide resistant respiration etc., their regulations and importance of physiological role. **CO4:** General role of various hormones growth on and development, mechanisms of hormonal regulation, Physiology of flowering and pigment phytochrome involved with its structure and functions, Physiology and biochemistry of seed dormancy and germination. **Physiology** Paper-IV **Plant** Students will be able to conduct experiments on determination of water, total and titrable acidity, anthocyanin pigments, chlorophyll A, B, and estimation of IAA. (Practicals) Students will be able to workout the experiments independently.

SEMESTER - III

S. No.	Course Name (Paper)	Cos
1.		CO1: Brief study of replication and transcription will enable to know the fundamental genetic processes that are essential for cell growth and development, regulation of gene
		expression mechanism in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.
		Students will learn how the cell cycle is responsible to the growth and life of every organisms on
		earth, and how cyclins and cyclin dependent kinases regulate the cell cycle apoptosis, a form of

cell death programmed its mechanism that is essential for the well-being of the organisms. **CO2**: Students will learn mutations, study of DNA damage, various inherited and human They diseases and gene therapy. also learn the basic concepts of genetics from Mendelian inheritance from linkage mapping chromosome in eukaryotes. **CO3:** To introduce the concepts, procedures and applications inheritance, extranuclear Hardy-Weinberg law, plant tissue culture, recombinant DNA technology and a brief overview of plant breeding methods. **CO4:** Students learn basic concepts genomics, proteomics, and bioinformatics. They also come across the importance concepts of biostatistics and the basics computers. Paper-I Cell Biology. Students learn about plant tissue culture methods, mitosis through cytological squash preparation of onion root tips. Genetics, and **Biostatistics** (Practicals) Students workout problems genetics and biostatistics. Environmental Pollution and CO1: 2. To help the social groups **Protection** individuals acquire and to knowledge of the pollutants and degradation. environmental means education towards protection

and enhancement of the environment, to acquire knowledge of kinds of pollution, major air pollutants, acid rains, its effects on terrestrial and aquatic systems.

CO2: Students will be enriched knowledge about the sources, effects of water pollution and they will be conscious being aware of the seriousness of water pollution and their sources and how to control and curb it at the source level.

Characteristics of water, criteria of water quality, processes involved in various industrial wastewaters before releasing them into surface water bodies can be learnt.

CO3: Students will learn in detail regarding soil pollution, bioremediation and concept of phytoremediation.

CO4: Students learn in detail regarding classification of solid waste, their disposal methods, and management of municipal waste and also hazardous and biomedical wastes. They also know regarding environmental protection act-1986.

Students conduct experiments on estimation of total hardness, calcium, organic matter, and BOD of water.

Paper-II Environmental
Pollution and Protection
(Practicals)

Students conduct experiments on estimation of noise through noise level meter.

Students will acquire knowledge of

		quanlitative estimation of solid waste, coal, fly ash, sugar cane bagasse, wood and cow dung.
3.	Biodiversity of Angiosperms	CO1: Study of Biodiversity will impart the knowledge about how life is dependent on the nature for human existence, the characteristics and nature of biodiversity, how to measure biodiversity, the aims and objectives of studying biodiversity, so that we can conserve it for the future generations.
		CO2: The magnitude and distribution of biodiversity on the globe, different floristic regions for the study to be done in a scientific manner, different aspects of conservation by studying hotspots, endemism, and how to maintain and sustain the biodiversity by knowing the proximate causes of ecological extinction and how to conserve them.
		CO3: To raise awareness about biodiversity and its essential role in the overall health of the planet Earth, to learn about protection, preservation, management/restoration of natural resources.
		CO4: Students will be familiar with economic values and utilization of biodiversity with reference to different categories of plants taking five examples for each. Important crop plants origin

and evolution and their diversity will be assessed. A brief note of origin of cultivated plants, biodiversity conventions and conservation of biodiversity, in-situ and ex-situ methods will be made clear to understand the overall significance of biodiversity sustainable utilization. Students will be able to interpret biodiversity and vegetation based of on the data provided to them.
Students workout problems on Jaccard index coefficient. Paper-III **Biodiversity** Angiosperms (Practicals) 4. Cultivation and Post-HarvestCO1: Students were introduced **Medicinal**_{about} Technology of origin, development and **Plants** evolution of medicinal Botany. Students will know what are the active principles and what are the various medicinal plants used in different traditional systems medicine and allopathy. **CO2**: learn Students origin, historical background, active principles, uses and cultivation practices of the important medicinal plants. Students also learn organic farming and cultivation practices along with their active principles and uses of four aromatic plants. **CO3:** To familiarize the students with details regarding post-harvest management of medicinal plants and various distillation methods.

	CO4: Students acquire the
	knowledge of various medicinal
	plants conservation methods, crude
	drug preparation, financial aspects
Paner-IV Cultivation and post-	and patenting the medicinal plants.
harvest technology of	
medicinal plants (Practicals)	Students acquire knowledge of organoleptic and microscopic analysis of cassia angustifolia, Rauvolfia serpentina, Cathranthus roseus.
	Students conduct histochemical analysis of carbohydrates, proteins, amino acids, starch, tannins and enzymes.
	Students will be able to identify the slides of parenchyma, collenchyma, phloem and xylem etc.

SEMESTER - IV

S. No.	Course Name (Paper)	Cos
1.	Paper-I Ecology and Phytogeography	CO1: Students understand about the environment and ecosystems ecology.
		CO2: Students acquire knowledge of population ecology and species interaction.
		CO3: To familiarize students with the overview of community ecology and ecological succession.
		CO4: Students acquire knowledge of biogeography, applied ecology and conservation biology.
	Paper-I Ecology and Phytogeography (Practicals)	Students learn about the morphology and anatomy of hydrophytes, and xerophytes and their ecological adaptations. Students acquire knowledge on estimation of carbohydrates, bicarbonates, chlorides and

		dissolved oxygen. Students learn about the determination of quantitative characters by random quadrat method.
2.	Paper-II Horticulture and Plant Breeding	CO1: Students come across the importance and propagation of horticultural plants and their nutrient management. CO2: Students will learn regarding disease and pest management of horticultural plants and mass production of horticultural plants through tissue culture and micropropagation. CO3: Plant breeding objectives,
		traits of interest of plant breeding, resistance to biotic and abiotic stresses, various selection methods, usefulness of MAS, development of various inbred cultivars, commercial hybrids, factors like heterosis, combining ability and heritability.
		CO4: Commercial breeding aspects like mutation breeding, induced polyploidy in plant breeding, importance of haploids and dihaploids
		Transgenic technology and its acceptance, Bt-Cotton, Bt-Brinjal, herbicide resistant crops, golden rice, different analysis techniques like PCR based zygosity and Elisa.
		Students acquire knowledge of

	Paper-II Horticulture and	micropropagation and plant breeding techniques. Students learn about the
	Plant Breeding (Practicals)	Students learn about the propagation methods like cutting, layering, budding and grafting. Students conducts experiment on seed viability by tetrazolium test.
	Paper-III Taxonomy of	CO1: Students will know the
3.		methods to describe a new taxon up
		to genus and species, further for
		plant identification by preparing
		taxonomic keys.
		Study the RMT-Dahlgren, R.F.
		Thorne and Kubtizki contributions
		to the growth of taxonomy.
		CO2: Students will be familiar
		with the role of BSI-Botanical
		survey of India, Kew gardens,
		London, UK, and Smithsonian
		Institutions, Washington DC USA
		in the growth of taxonomy.
		Students will know the floral
		diversity of Annonaceae,
		Malvaceae, Apocyanaceae,
		Asclepiadaceae, Hydrocharitaceae
		and Lemnaceae.
		CO3: Students will acquire
		knowledge of taxonomy of certain
		significant families such as
		Nymphaceae, Euphorbiaceae,
		Podostemaceae, Musaceae, and
		Arecaceae.
		Students were introduced to seed
		morphology with special reference
		to embryo, endosperm and seed
		coat anatomy. Corners

classification

and

its

role

		taxonomy also emphasized.
		CO4: Students will understand the concept, scope and objectives of Ethnobotany.
		Ethnobotany is inter-disciplinary science.
	Paper-III Taxonomy of Angiosperms an Ethnobotany (Practicals)	Students will be able to identify the
		key characters of species of given genera and construct a key. Students learn about the seed morphology of Gossypium, Cleome, Caloptropis and Annona etc.
4.	Paper-IV Pharmacognosy	CO1: Students were introduced to introduction and scope of pharmacognosy, pharmacognsoy and modern medicine. Students will learn different sources of crude drugs and their classification, students study indigenous traditional drugs and their market adulterants.
		CO2: Students will learn pharmacognostic studies of different plant drugs such as root drugs, rhizome drugs, leaf drugs, bark drugs flower drugs, seed drugs, fruit drugs, and whole plant drugs. CO3: Students will be familiar

with evaluation drug methods, students will know the various drug constituents such as Acacia gum, Phyllantus, Coleus, Asparagus and Rauvolfia.

CO4: Students can do powder analysis of several drugs like Curcuma, Fennel Senna, and Cinnamon

Students will be familiar with large scale industrial preparation of crude drugs, import and export potential of crude drugs. Students will be aware of quality control of crude contamination drugs, and adulteration.

Students learn about organoleptic evaluation Glycyrrhiza (root), gi (Rhizome) eucalyptus (leaf) etc the of ginger

Paper-IV (Practicals)

Pharmacognosy
Students acquire knowledge of powder analysis of curcuma cloves, Senna, Fennel and Cinnamon.

conduct histochemical Students analysis of alkaloids, steroids. quinone and resins etc.

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

VISION

Changing the world through scientific discoveries and empowering educational experiences for all students. The department envisions quality students oriented towards research and higher studies.

MISSION

To develop interest in Biochemistry, train students to ask scientific questions and seek answers, Skilled in modern techniques of biology and develop a scientific temper that can be applied in diverse fields. Good laboratory practices and ethics in scientific research.

S.no	Name of the	Program outcomes (PO'S)	Program specific outcomes
	program		
1.	BIOCHEMISTRY	PO1. Botany Acquire	PSO1 .Students are able to
	(D.D.C.C)	knowledge related with the	Understand the current
	(B.BC.C)	evolution, plant characteristics	developments in the different
	(MB.BC.C)	and behaviour, classification,	areas of Botany and limitations
		theories about the plant	and to solve problem, using
	(B.BC.AN)	kingdom, and the interaction of	techniques take real time
	(MB.BC.AN)	plants with the environment	decisions and innovate, while
	(MDDCMIN)	PO2. Chemistry Demonstrate,	working with plants
	(BC.C.AN)	solve and an understanding of	POS2. Students are able to
		major concepts in all disciplines	Acquire methodical and logical
		of chemistry.	understanding of the
		Employ critical thinking and the scientific knowledge to design, carry out, record and analyze the results of chemical reactions.	fundamental concepts in Physical, Organic, Inorganic, Analytical and all other integrated Chemistry subjects.
		PO3. Microbiology Acquire knowledge and investigate the breadth of cellular processes of life from the biological molecules of life, through viruses, cells, cellular pathways, and the mammalian immune system.	POS3.Students are able to Apply the knowledge of techniques for isolation and cultivation (including high- throughput cultivation) of microorganisms (algae, fungi, bacteria and virus). POS4.Students are able to
		PO4. Applied Nutrition	1. Capable of describing

Biomolecules as a basis for understanding the role of food	biochemical pathways relevant in nutrient metabolism
and nutrients in health and disease processes.	2. Understand the complex interaction of foods and food components (biomolecules) on human health and disease.

Course outcomes of Biochemistry

S.no	COURSE NAME	COURSE OUTCOME
		Students will be able to:
1.	Chemistry Of Biomolecules	CO1 Understand biochemistry at the atomic level, draw molecules and reactions involved with biomolecules.
		CO2 Know the various weak acids and bases biological buffers present in our body.
		CO3 Understanding the structure, functions, properties and classification of biomolecules.
		CO1 Acquired knowledge of basic structures of nitrogen bases
2.	Chemistry Of Nucleic Acids & Biochemical Techniques	CO2 Learn the molecular structures of DNA double helical structure, denaturation, biologically importance of RNA, types of RNA and their functions.
		CO3: Learn the principles, instrumentation and application in TLC paper chromatography, gel filtration, ion-exchange and affinity chromatography.
		CO4: Use biophysical techniques to analyze biomolecules in term of secondary structure and able to learn to establish structure function relationship
3.		CLO-1 . Ability and knowledge to explain molecular mechanisms of energy transformation and energy accumulation in living organisms.
	Bioenergetics, Biological oxidation	CLO-2. Skills to analyze the bioenergetics related

	and Enzymology	problems and information
		CLO3 Knowing in detail about concepts to illustrate how enzymes and redox carriers and the oxidative phosphorylation machinery occur.
		CLO4 To understand insight in to the fundamentals of enzyme structure and function and kinetics of soluble and immobilized enzymes.
4.	Intermediary	Analyze enzyme kinetics and mechanistic data, research approaches to characterize new enzymes and comprehensively present the understanding of the subject.
	Metabolism	CLO1 Students learn the metabolic pathway of biomolecules such as carbohydrates, lipids, amino acids and nucleic acid and inborn errors.
		CLO2. Recognize how metabolism can be related to related to issues in lifestyle, health, disease.
	Physiology, Nutrition	CLO1 Understanding of the role of hormones in human physiology and the molecular mechanisms (signaling) of hormone action
5.	and clinical Biochemistry	CLO2 Connecting the hormones deficiencies with clinical significance
		CLO3 understanding about the fundamental concepts and processes underlying the field of nutritional biochemistry and Malnutrition.
		CLO4 Study the value of food and nutrients in health and disease and principles of clinical biochemistry in diagnosis of diseases
	Moleculey Dielegy	CLO1 Gain knowledge of DNA replication transcription and translation
6.	Molecular Biology and Immunology	CLO2 Understand the gene regulation
		CLO3 learn about the structural features, functions of the components of immune system and the molecular and cellular mechanisms, cellular communication, migration and regulation towards generation of B-cell and T-cell

repertoires and their effector responses
CLO4 Apply the concepts of innate and adaptive immune responses to understand the cross talks between innate and adaptive responses, MHC hypersensitivity, transplantation immunity and immunodeficiencies.

DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS MANAGEMENT

- I. Name of the Department: Department of Business Management
- II. **Vision Statement of the Department**: Women's Empowerment for Global Betterment
- III. **Mission Statement of the Department**: To motivate students and maintain environmentalconnectivity for Women's empowerment.

IV. **Programme Outcomes (POs)**:

S. No.	Name of the Programme	POs	PSOs
1.	Business Management	and negotiation skills. PO2: Identify key issues facing a business and utilize quantitative methods to solve them. PO3: Integrate tools and concepts from multiple functional areas by evaluating, integrating Ideas with ethical considerations in multicultural perspective while making business decisions.	After completing this program with marketing specialization students will be able to develop strategies for building new brands, manage existing brands, manage new product introduction, develop strategies for customer life cycle management. They will also be able to develop strategies across promotion mix elements for a new brand or a new product. Students will be able to assess service company performance in terms of service quality and provide strategies forbetterment. PSO2:HUMAN RESOURCE Students learn about the Labour force composition and the concept of payment and employees benefits, issues for talented employees in the organization and how they impact human resource management practices. They also understand the HR Professional's difficulties in selecting, recruiting, placing and training the talented people. The course leads to careers in HR.

PSO3: MARKETING
After completion of MBA with
marketing specializations
students will be able to develop
strategies for building new
brands, manage new product
introduction, develop strategies
for customer life cycle
management. They will also be
able to develop strategies across
promotion mix elements for a
new brand or a new product.
Students will be able to assess
service company performance
in terms of service quality and
provide strategies for
betterment.

V. Course Outcomes (COs)

S. No.	Course Name (Paper)	COs
SEM I	1. MANAGEMENT & ORGANISATION BEHAVIOUR (MB 101)	CO1: Students would have a comprehensive understanding of management functions and its theories. CO2: To acquaint students with decision making models. CO3: Students would have understanding of managing the organizational setting through gaining insights into individual and inter-personal relations CO4: Students can gain knowledge of group dynamics and leadership CO5: Students can understand the emerging aspects of organizational behavior
	2. ACCOUNTING FOR MANAGEMENT (MB 102)	CO1: To help the students to acquire knowledge of the Process, Principles and Conventions of Accounting.

	CO2: To acquaint students with Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance and Final Accounts. CO3: To develop the skills of preparation of Final Accounts. CO4: Students can understand the methods of analysis of financial statements CO5: Students can gain knowledge of breakeven analysis and its use to management.
	CO1: Students can equip with marketing and selling tools.
	CO2: Students can learn about the competition levels in the market and various market position skills can be obtained for competitive advantage.
3. MARKETING MANAGEMENT (MB 103)	CO3: Buyer behavior and perceptions are key of any business; that can be thoroughly learnt.
	CO4: Group Dynamics and Channel Dynamics involved in marketing can be assessed.
	CO5: Better control of key resources and optimum utilization of resources can be attained
4. STATISTICS FOR MANAGEMENT (MB 104)	CO1: To introduce basic statistics to management students like measures of central – tendency, measures of dispersion, skewness, and kurtosis and concepts of probability.
	CO2: To enable learners understand probability distribution as it plays an important role in all areas of

	management.
	CO3:To provide understanding of sampling and sampling distributions
	hypothesis testing framework with small samples and large samples.
	CO4: To make them understand the hypothesis testing framework with small samples and large samples
	CO 5: To show how correlation, regression techniques are integral part of planning and controlling.
	CO1: Students can learn micro factors of Economic behavior of a consumer.
	CO2: Would be Managers needs market dynamics and the same is imparted.
5. ECONOMICS FOR MANAGERS (MB 105)	CO3: Students can assess opportunities and threats of business. CO4: Students can better understand nature of the products and demand conditions.
	CO5: It is also provided through this paper the decision making tools and investment avenues.
6. IT APPLICATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT (MB 106)	CO1: To acquaint the students' with the micro-level competency with regard to contemporary Information Technology Tools in organizations.
	CO2: To provide real-time insights into the fundamentals of

		computers as business tools
		CO3: To Create Awareness in
		upcoming managers, of different
		types of Information
		Technology, Management
		Systems so as to enable the use of IT resources efficiently
		of 11 resources efficiently
		CO4: To study the role and
		Value addition of IT in business
		CO5: To enable students to
		develop proficiency in using
		certain components of the
		package includes MS Excel, MS
		Access
		CO1: To understand the
		importance of communication
		and listening techniques.
		C02: To enhance the written
		skills of the students through
		letter, email and report writing.
		C03: To improve the oral
	MANAGERIAL COMMUNICATION	communication of students
	(MB 107) OPEN ELECTIVE – 1	through presentations, GDs and negotiations.
		nogonations.
		C04: To enable the students to
		enhance their employment communication.
		communication.
		C05: To teach business and
		social etiquette.
		CO1: To provide real time
	COMPUTER PRACTICAL'S (MB	insights into the fundamentals of computers as Business Tools like
	108)	MS-EXCEL and MS-ACCESS.
		CO1: Transform Human beings into Human Resources
CHORAL TE	HUMAN RESOURCE	into Human Resources
SEM II	MANAGEMENT (MB 201)	CO2: To build Global Level HR
		Managers

		CO3: Create Agile Workforce
		CO4: Innovate Winning Organizations.
		CO5: Learn about the emerging trends in HRM
		CO1: Students can learn about the scope and goal of financial management.
		CO2: Students would have knowledge about the concepts of long term investment decisions.
	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT (MB 202)	CO3: Students can learn about the financing decision.
		CO4: To understand the corporate practices of dividend payment and current assets management.
		CO5: To learn about corporate events like mergers.
		CO1:Helps in formulating real life situations in organization in Quantitative form
		CO2: Helps in formulating strategies for optimal use of various resources within the organization
OPERATIONS RESEARCH (MB 203)	CO3: Application of optimization tools for decision making	
	CO4: Helps as a powerful tool for planning, scheduling and controlling projects	
		CO5: Develop mathematical model for interactive decision making situations where two or more players involved under competition
	ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND	*

DEVELOPMENT (MB 204)	CO1: To make the students learn the importance of Entrepreneurship. CO2: To make them learn about entrepreneurial environment. CO3: Students can learn more about types of enterprises and growth. CO4: To provide information about financial resources. CO5: To impart training to raise and establish enterprises.
BUSINESS RESEARCH METHODS (MB 205)	CO1: To gain understanding of various kinds of research design CO2: To enable learners to be able to formulate the research problem CO3:To acquire basic knowledge on qualitative and quantitative research CO4: To have knowledge on descriptive and inferential data tools CO5: To be able to write and develop independent and critical analysis for report writing.
BUSINESS LAW AND ETHICS (MB 206)	CO1: To introduce students with law of contracts. CO2: To acquaint students with the legal aspects of business from the national. CO3: To enable students with Companies Act 2013. CO4: Students can learn more about Consumer Protection and

		Essential Laws.
		CO5: To offer insights into ethical considerations in Business entities and their responsibility towards society.
		CO1:Helps in understanding the concept of Research & Development
		CO2: Helps in formulating R&D policy and strategy for an organization.
	INNOVATION MANAGEMENT (MB 207) OPEN ELECTIVE – II	CO3: Helps in making budget allocations for R & D projects in organization.
		CO4: Helps in understanding the concept of innovation and its types.
		CO5:Helps in managing Innovation in Organization.
		CO1: Presentation Skills: Student is expected to present with clear aims and outcomes.
	SEMINAR PRESENTATION (MB 208)	CO2: Argumentative and Critical Thinking: It is closely related to how student is able to relate critical thinking, thought process and reasoning.
		CO3: Inter Disciplinary Approach: Relating knowledge more than one branch.
		CO4: Presentation of the text: The sequence of text presentation in order to provide logical clarity.
SEM III	OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT (MB 301)	CO1: To acquire knowledge in basic manufacturing processes.

	CO2: Should be able to understand and apply the concepts of sequencing, MPS and facility maintenance.
	CO3: Should be able to understand and apply concepts of work study to a shop floor. Appreciate a service facility and be able to measure the quality of the same.
	CO4: Acquire the knowledge in MRPI and MRP II to apply in a production facility.
	CO5: Should be able to understand concepts of inventory management and control.
	CO1: It helps students to understand the micro level competency with regard to contemporary E-Business Tools in Organization.
	CO2: It helps students to understand the fundamentals of online mode business, different types of online business technology.
E-BUSINESS (MB 302)	CO3: Students can work in latest trends in business field to make positive contribution to the organization.
	CO4: Students can take professional responsibilities and make informed judgments in the organization for E-Business.
	CO5: Students can get streamline work processes and improve communication within the organization to meet their objectives by involving with E-Business Models.

	TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT	CO1:Understand the basic
	(MB 303)	terminologies and metrics that
		are used to govern quality
		management
		CO2:Get a better perspective on
		quality standards like ISO
		CO3: Be able to identify the
		various metrics that govern
		quality
		CO4: Elucidate the role and
		importance of six sigma as a
		quality measurement tool
		1 .,
		CO5: Identify the various means
		and techniques for establishing
		quality in services sector.
		CO1: To impart skills in global
		business skills to students.
		CO2: To make students learn
		about the global markets and
		understand changes in global
		business environment.
	GLOBAL BUSINESS STRATEGIES	CO3: To understand the theories
	(MB 304)	of international trade, and
		multilateral trade negotiations
		CO4: . To Understand the
		problems of global business
		CO5: To implement strategy for
		global business. CO1 : Understand the various
		avenues of investment with
	return and risk profile.	
	INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (MB 305-F-I)	CO2: Analyse and value stocks
		with help of fundamental and
		technical analysis.
		CO3: Value various financial
1		1

I	proference shares bonds) and
	preference shares, bonds) and
	take appropriate decisions.
	CO4: To estimate performance
	of portfolio in terms of return
	and risk.
	CO5: Understand mutual funds,
	their performance evaluation and
	regulations.
	CO1: To provide an analysis of
	the evolution of International
	Financial Systems and to learn
	about international banking.
	CO2: To study about the foreign
	exchange markets.
INTERNATIONAL FINANCE	CO3: To understand the theories
(MB 305-F-II)	of exchange rate behaviour and
(NID 303-1-11)	Risk Management in
	Multinational corporations.
	1
	CO4: To Learn the Financial
	Management of MNCs.
	CO5: To Understand the
	International Tax Environment.
	CO1: Comprehensive
	understanding of industrial
	relations problems and Labour
	laws
	CO2: Framework for analysis of
	Problems relating to Labour
	Laws
INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS AND	
LABOUR LAWS (MB 305-HR-I)	CO3: To generate alternate
	decision making of such
	problems and would be able to
	generate new policies or procedure
	procedure
	CO4: To Learn and then put into
	practice the different laws
	GO T T V
	CO5: To Know about the
	different managerial perspectives

		about the Laws.
		CO1: The students would gain
		the conceptual clarity of OD and
		its Process
		CO2: Focussed on how to change and develop
		organizations
		CO3: The students would be
	ORGANISATION DEVELOPMENT(MB 305-HR-II)	familiarized with the major OD interventions
		CO4: Students learn to improve
		the interpersonal relations and group dynamics
		CO5: Focussed on
		organizational transformation
		through strategic interventions
		CO1: Students synopsis is
		assessed in terms of his/her
		originality in thinking,
		pedagogical aspects, clarity in
		their proposal. Sequence etc.,
	TUTORIALS: PROJECT WORK SYNOPSIS(MB 306)	CO2: Each student is expected
	211012220112200)	to prepare project synopsis as per
		given outline by supervisor
		assigned and proceed to work on
		next stages of main project report preparation.
		CO1: . To impart key strategic business skills to the learners
		CO2: To make students learn about 1 business environment,
SEM IV	BUSINESS POLICY & STRATEGY (MB 401)	and understand changes in global business environment.
		CO3: To educate students about the industry and market.
		CO4: To make students understand practical problems in

	strategy implementation.
	CO5: To Prepare students to attain knowledge on industry
	analysis.
	CO1: Explain the fundamentals
	of business intelligence. (Understand)
	(Chacistana)
	CO2: Identify the concepts of
	business analytics and business intelligence methods for decision
	Process (Understand)
	CO3: Compare and contrast the
BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE	strengths and limitations of
(MB 402)	various data mining and data
	Warehousing models (Analyze)
	CO4: Describe different
	methodologies used in data mining and data ware housing.
	(Analyze)
	CO5: Apply business
	intelligence methods to various
	situations. (Apply)
	CO1: Will gain the knowledge
	of framework and value chain
	in supply chain management.
	CO2: Will learn to apply the
	knowledge of logistics and inventory in supply chain.
	inventory in suppry chain.
	CO3: Will gain insight into
SUPPLY CHAIN	transportation in supply chain to evaluate and manage an
MANAGEMENT(MB 403)	effective supply chain,
	CO4 : Gain an insight into the
	role of information technology
	in making supply chain agile.
	CO5 : To understand the role of
	network design in supply chains
	and work force management to make supply chains effective
	and efficient.

	CO1: To understand the concept of risk and its types. Enables students to get a clear view of how risk is managed in Financial Institutions.
	CO2: Exposes students to the concept of measurement and management of risk
FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (MB 404-F-I)	C03: Deals with techniques and tools to manage risk with Futures and forwards with practical exposure
	CO4: To understand the mechanism of using Swaps to mitigate risk, with practical examples
	CO5: To gain knowledge of using options and various models to hedge risk. CO1: To provide an overview of
	the structure of Banking and Insurance business in India.
	CO2: To describe the products and services in Banking and Insurance.
BANKING ANS INSURANCE(MB 404-F-II)	CO3: To highlight the regulatory changes and innovations in Banking and Insurance sector.
	CO4: To educate students about the role, importance and performance of Banks and Insurance companies in India.
	CO5: To Prepare students for career opportunities Banking and Insurance.
LEADERSHIP AND CHANGE MANAGEMENT(MB 404-HR-I)	CO1: learn and gain knowledge about the concept of Leadership and its related tactics.
	CO2: understand the different

	leadership styles and models CO3: get familiarized with the concept of Change and its drivers CO4: Know about the Change initiation CO5: Get the Knowledge of Change Management and its related methods and models
PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT(MB 404-HR-II)	CO1: To produce Competent Executives CO2: To transform Performance Appraisal, Performance Management CO3: To build pivotal performance CO4: To establish leading Human Capital CO5: To get perspective about the application of various performance metrics and models
PROJECT WORK (MB 405)	CO1: Students are expected to submit a dissertation with clear and scientifically drawn inferences, suggestions and conclusion.
COMPREHENSIVE VIVA – VOCE (MB 406)	CO1: Students are expected to have a clear understanding of conceptual questions related to the topic of study. CO2: They need to have clarity with regard to research methodology followed scientific techniques of analysis followed.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY UG Programme

Vision: Moulding youthful girls into independent and innovative thinkers in Chemical Sciences

Mission: To promote, inspire and nurture the fundamentals of chemistry.

Name of the			
Programme	POs	PSOs	
Chemistry	PO1 .The students after completing course at graduation level in chemistry will develop an understanding of major concepts, theoretical principles and experimental findings in chemistry PO2.They are able to employ critical thinking and efficient problem solving skills in the four basic areas of chemistry (analytical, inorganic, organic, and physical). PO3.They are able to conduct experiments, analyze data, and interpret results , while observing responsible and ethical scientific conduct. PO4.They will be able to use modern library searching and retrieval methods to obtain information about a topic, chemical technique, or an issue relating to chemistry. PO5.They know the proper procedures and regulations for safe handling and use of chemicals and can follow the proper procedures and regulations for safe handling when using chemicals following chemical hygiene regulations	PSO1. Understand chemical bonding, structure and properties of covalent compound, structure, defects and properties and chemical forces of ionic and non-ionic crystalline solids. PSO2. Study preparation, bonding, structure and properties and reactions of compounds of s, p, d and f block elements. PSO3. Study organometallic and coordination compounds and bioinorganic chemistry. PSO3. Identify cation and anion present in a mixture of inorganic salts, oxides, hydroxides or carbonates. PSO4. Estimate quantitatively metal ions present in mixture by volumetric analysis. PSO5. Understand basic principles of thermodynamics, Chemical Kinetics, equilibrium, colligative properties, phase rule and Electrochemistry. PSO6. Study and understand properties of ideal gases; speed, kinetic energy ,heat capacity, real gases, intermolecular forces, liquefaction. PSO7. Understand properties of liquid; viscosity and surface tension.	

SEM-1 COs

S.No	Course Name	Course Outcome
	Organic	CO1.To discuss the preparation of benzene with their chemical properties.
1.	Chemistry	CO2. To describe preparation & applications of alkanes , alkenes and alkynes.
		CO3.To understand aromaticity &Huckel's rule of aromatic compounds.
		CO4 .To understand the electronic displacement and concept of organic reaction mechanism.
2	Inorganic Chemistry	CO1.To explain the VESPER &MOT of different molecules.
	,	CO2. To describe preparation and properties and structures of group 13,14,15 elements.
		CO3 .To know the different types of hybridization & shape of the molecules.
		CO4. To know the concept of Fajan's rule ,polarity of the ions
3	Physical Chemistry	CO1.Knows the idea of de-Broglie equation &Heisenberg's principle
	,	CO2. To understand the quantum numbers & principle of extra stability.
		CO3.Understand the mechanism involved in conversion of gases in liquids.
		CO4. Understands different types of gases exists in nature.
		CO5.To understandthe properties of liquid.
4	General Chemistry	CO1. To know the concept of semi micro analysis of inoraganic mixture containing anions and cations.
		CO2. To understand the concept of solubility product and common ion effect.
		CO3.To understand the basic concept of isomerism

		and chirality. CO4.To know different types of isomerism & Bragg's equation.
5	Laboratory Course	Co1. To impart skills to students in systematic qualitative analysis of mixtures containing two acid and two basic radicals by semi micro method.

SEM-2Cos

S.No	Course Name	Course Outcome
1	Organic Chemistry	CO1. Halogen Compounds: Differentiate various types of halogen compounds, Understand and identify SN¹ and SN² reactions CO2. Hydroxy Compounds and Ethers: Learn the methods to prepare different alcohols & phenols. Preparation & various properties of phenols.
		CO3. Carbonyl Compounds: Learn preparations and properties of carbonyl compounds. Differentiate between aldehydes and ketones
2	Inorganic Chemistry	CO1.p-block elements-II: To learn about the structures of oxides, oxidation states, reactivities and thermal stabilities interhalogen compounds and difference between halogen and interhalogens. CO 2. Chemistry of zero group elements: To learn General preparation, structure, bonding and reactivity of Xenon compounds.
		CO 3. Chemistry of d-block elements: To learn characteristics of d-block elements like magnetic & catalytic properties.
3	Physical Chemistry	CO1.Electrochemistry: To learn electrical transport conduction in metals & electrolyte solutions, specific & equivalence conductance measurements variation with

		dilution.
		CO2. Learn about migration of ions & Kolrausch law, Arrhenius theory ,Ostwald's dilution law, Debye-Huckel-Onsagar,s equation. CO3. To know about transport numbers & its determination by Hittorf's method.Learn applications of conductivity measurements ,electrolytic & galvanic cells. CO4. Learn EMF of a cell & its measurements, types of
		reversible electrodes. To learn Applications of EMF measurements, determination of pH using hydrogen electrode, gas electrode & quin hydrone electrode. To learn solubility product of AgCl & Potentiometric titrations.
4	General Chemistry	CO1. Theory of Quantitative analysis: Learn the selection of indicators and titration curves.
		CO2. Learn the theory involved in Redox ,Acid-Base ,complexometric &precipitation titrations.
		CO3. Stereoisomerism: Learn optical activity, Learn about asymmetric and dissymmetric molecules,
		RS &DL Configurations.
		CO4. Dilute solutions and colligative properties: Learn Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure, elevation of boiling point, depression in freezing point, osmotic pressure, determination of molecular weight.
5	Laboratory	Co1. To impart skills to students in systematic
	Course	quantitative analysis by Acid-base, Redox & Complexometric titrations.

SEM-3 Cos

S.No	Course Name	Course Outcome
1	Organic Chemistry	1. Study different classes of aromatic compounds such as , aromatic sulphonic acids, phenols, aldehydes , ketones , aromatic acids, nitro hydrocarbons , aromatic halogen, nitro, amino, diazonium salts.
2	Inorganic Chemistry	1. Study chemistry of lanthanides and actinides.
		2. Understsand crystal field theory for coordination compounds and their electronic spectra.
		3. Study structure & bonding I matal carbonyls and metal nitrosyls
3	Physical Chemistry	1. Understand concepts of thermodynamics (I, II Law).
		2. Understand concept of efficiency using Carnot's cycle.
		3. Determine heat of neutralization, enthalpy of solutions, transition temperature.
		4. Able to predict reversible & irreversible cells.
		5. To understand physical significance of third law of thermodynamics.
4	General Chemistry	1. Construct phase diagrams of two component systems.
		2. Evaluate analytical data in terms of statistics
		3. Evaluates effects of systematic errors on analytical results.
		4. Express the significant figures and rounding of data.
		5. To understand importance of carbanions in chemistry and various compounds formed from it.
5	Laboratory Course	1. Learns method for the preparation of organic compounds such as Aspirin, p-bromoacetanilide etc.
		2. Understands different types of reactions and mechanisms involved in preparation

SEM-4 Cos

S.No	Course Name	Course Outcome
1	Organic Chemistry	1. Study chemistry of carbohydrates with special refrence to structure and configuration of glucose and fructose.
		2. Study chemistry of Quinoline, isoquinoline & indole.
		3. Gain knowledge about amino acids, peptides and proteins.
		4. To study various heterocyclic compounds which are used in various purposes
2	Inorganic Chemistry	1. Understand the meaning of various terms involved in coordination chemistry
		2. To understand Werner's formulation of complexes and identify types of valences.
		3. Know the limitations of VBT
		4. Know the shape of d- orbitals & degeneracy of d-orbitals.
3	Physical Chemistry	1.Understand the concepts of Beer's- lambert's law Joblonski diagram which tells
		2. Understand about emission and absorption of radiations.
		3. To write an expression for rate constant of 1 st , 2 nd ,3 rd order reactions.
		4. Solve the numerical problems based on rate constant.
		5. To know the adverse effect of temperature on rate of reaction.
4	General Chemistry	1.To learn about metal-ligand bonding
		2. To understand thermodynamic & kinetic aspect of metal carbonyls.
		3. Understand adsorption process & its mechanisms

		on the surfaces. 4.learn types of emulsions 5. Learn about colloids and how to destabilize dispersed phase particles.
5	Laboratory Course	1. Learns different types of functional groups. 2. learns special methods for identification of fuctional groups
		3. Learns to prepare derivatives of functional groups.

SEM – 5 Cos Discipline Specific Elective A (Spectroscopy & Chromatography)

S.No	Course Name	Course Outcomes
1	Molecular	At the end of course student will be able to –
	Spectroscopy	CO1.Recognize spectroscopy in microwave, Rotational spectra of rigid diatomic molecules, selection rules.
		CO2. Study of Vibrating diatomic molecule, energy levels of a diatomic molecule, simple harmonic and anharmonic oscillator.
		CO3. Charecteristic absorption bands of various functional groups, finger print nature of IR spectrum
		CO4. Electronic Spectroscopy – Selection rules representation of UV - visible spectra.
2	NMR & Mass	At the end of course student will be able to –
	Spectrometry	CO1. Study important concepts of Mass spectrometry and its role in structure elucidation of organic compounds.
		CO2. Study important concepts of 1H NMR and 13C NMR spectroscopy and its role in structure elucidation of organic compounds.
3	Separation Techniques 1	At the end of course student will be able to – CO1.Understand methods of extraction: batch extraction,

		continuous extraction and counter current extraction.
		CO2.Learn how to use think layer chromatography (TLC):
		advantages, preparation of plates, development of
		chromatogram, detection of spots, applications of TLC
		CO3.Learn how to use paper chromatography: Principle, application of paper chromatography.
4	Separation	At the end of course student will be able to –
	Techniques 2	CO1. Learn about column chromatography: Principle, selection criteria of mobile and stationary phases and its applications.
		CO2.Ion exchange chromatography: Principle and its application in separation of ions, de ionized water.
		CO3. Gas Chromatography: Principle, theory and instrumentation and its applications.
		CO4.HPLC High Performance Liquid Chromatography:
		Principle and its applications ex: analysis of paracetamol.
5	Laboratory	At the end of course student will be able to –
	Course	CO1.Determine molecular status and partition coefficient by using Distribution Law.
		CO2. Determine cell constant of a conductivity cell and determine dissociation constant by Conductivity Measurements.
		CO3. Verify Beer's law using Colorimetry.
		CO4.Determine adsorption of acetic acid on animal charcoal – Freundlich Adsorption Isotherm.
		CO5. Determine surface tension and Viscosity.

 $SEM-6\ Cos$ Discipline Specific Elective-B (Agricultural & Fuel Chemistry)

S.No	Course Name	Course Outcomes
1.		At the end of course student will be able to learn –
		CO1. Classification of pesticides based on use

		(target). Toxicity and chemical structure, adverse effects of
		pesticides and its impact on environmental pollution.
	Pesticides	CO2. Synthesis, technical manufacture and uses of representative pesticides
		CO3.Role of Neem in plant protection-constituents
		CO4. Azadirachtin and its role in pest control
		At the end of course student will be able to learn about –
		CO1. Need of Fertilizers, functions of essential plant nutrients.
2	Fertilizers	CO2. Nitrogenous fertilizers, Phosphate fertilizers, potassium fertilizers and bio fertilizers.
		CO3.Organic farming – Principal methods, Crop rotation, green manures and compost, biological pest control, mechanical cultivation and uses.
		At the end of course student will be able to learn about –
		CO1.Renewable and non-renewable energy sources, their calorific value.
3	Energy Sources & Coal	CO2.Uses of coal in various industries, its composition.
	& Coar	CO3.Composition and uses of Coal gas, producer gas and water gas.
		CO4.Coal gasification, coal liquefaction and solvent refining, fractionation of coal that and its uses.
		At the end of course student will be able to learn about – CO1 .Properties of petroleum – flash point and its
	Petroleum & its	determination
	Products, Petro	CO2. Knocking and anti-knocking compounds, octane
4	Chemicals &	number and centane number of petroleum. Cracking of
	Non-Petroleum	Petroleum, reforming.
	Fuels	CO3.Petroleum products and their applications. Petro
		chemicals and their uses.
		Chemicus and their uses.

		CO4.Lubricants – types, properties and mechanism of		
		lubrication		
	CO5. Non Petroleum fuels –Natural gas, fuel from wa			
		bio gas, fuel from bio mass and their application.		
		At the end of course student will be able to-		
		CO1.Determine rate of reaction by Kinetics experiments.		
5	Laboratory Course	CO2.Determine redox potentials by Potentiometry technique.		
		CO3.Determine concentration of acids and bases using pH metry .		
		CO4.Determine overall order using conductometry .		

SEM -6 Cos Optional for Chemistry Stream (Advanced Chemistry)

S.No	Course Name	Course Outcomes
1	Inorganic	At the end of course student will be able to learn about
	Chemistry	CO1.Inorganic reaction mechanisms, Stability of complexes, substitution reactions, Trans effect and applications of trans effect.
		Reactions of tetrahedral complexes - Hydrolysis of silicon halides and phosphorous oxides
		CO2. Boranes and Carboranes, Structures of boranes and carboranes- Wade's rules closo, nido, arachno boranes and carboranes.
		CO3. Symmetry of Molecules: Symmetry operations and symmetry elements in molecules & examples
		CO4. Non-aqueous solvents: Characterucs of a solvents, Reactions in liquid ammonia. Physical properties, Auto-ionisation, examples of ammmono acids & ammono bases. Reactions in liq. ammonia. Reactions in HF

2	Organic Chemistry	CO1. Pericyclic Reactions: Concerted reactions, thermal and photochemical pericyclic reactions. Types of pericyclic reactions, explanation by FMO theory.
		CO2. Synthetic Strategies: Disconnection approach- Rettrosynthesis, synthon, synthetic Functional group interconversion (FGI), Linear convergent synthesis, Retrosynthetic analysis.
		CO3. Assymetric synthesis: Classification of stereoselective reactions- susbstrate, product, stereoselective reactions, enantio and diastereo selective reactions, Stereospecific reactions- Enantioselective reactions- definition and example and reduction of ethylacetoacetate by yeast. Diastereoselective reaction.
3	Physical Chemistry	CO1. Polymers: Natural polymers and synthetic polymers . Classification as plastics, fibres, elastomers. Thermosetting, thermoplastic polymers. Addition and condensation polymerization and coordination polymerization CO2. Kinetics of free radical polymerization, Tacticity, atacticity, stereospecific synthesis- Zeigler- Natta catalyst. CO3. Determination of molecular weight of polymers using viscosity method & Osmometric method CO4. Preparation and industrial applications of polyethylene, biodegradability
4	General Chemistry	CO1. Electroanalytical methods: Types of Electroanalytical Methods. Principle, Electrochemical cell, Electrodes- (i) Indicator and (ii) Reference electrodes – Normal Hydrogen Electrode, Quinhydrone Electrode, Saturated Calomel Electrode. CO2. Voltametry -three electrode assembly; types of voltametric techniques, micro electrodes CO3. Over potential and Polarization. Bulk methods – Conductometry, Conductivity Cell. CO4. Applications of conductometry. Estimation of Cl using AgNO ₃ . Determination of Aspirin with KOH

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

PG

I. Name of the Department: Chemistry

II. Vision: Moulding youthful girls into independent and innovative thinkers in Chemical

Sciences

III. Mission: To promote, inspire and nurture the fundamentals of chemistry.

IV. PROGRAMME

S.No.	Name of the Programme	Programme Outcomes	Programme Specific Outcomes
1.	M.Sc. Organic	PO1: To provide students with	PSO1: Organic Chemistry
	Chemistry	the ability to plan and carry out	is important for students
		experiments independently and	intending to become
		assess the significance of	chemist and is involved in
		outcomes.	cross disciplined work with
		PO2: Specialized Knowledge in	Life Sciences,
		the field.	Biotechnology and
		Career advancement.	Engineering.
		Career advancement.	PSO2: Develop an
		Increased earning Potential.	understanding of chemistry
		PO3: With a masters degree in	of carbon based
		chemistry job opportunity exist	compounds.
		both in the private sector,	PSO3: Develop an
		research institution, pharmacy	expertise relevant to
		and other industries.	professional practice of
			chemist. Develop skills in
		PO4: Students also develop	procedures and
		valuable personal skills and	spectroscopic methods
		fulfill a crucial prerequisite to	applied in analytically and
		Ph.D. study.	synthetic task of organic
			chemistry.
			PSO4: Experience in some

	scientific		methods
	employed	in	organic
	chemistry.		

SEMESTER I

COURSE OUTCOMES:

S.No.	Course Name	Course Outcomes
	(Paper)	
1.	a. Inorganic	CO1: Symmetry of molecules: knowledge of symmetry gives
	Chemistry	us power of prediction. As a result we use symmetry in
		decision making process of virtually every task we perform.
		Symmetry is very useful in day to day life.
		CO2: Bonding in metal complexes: Several metal complexes
		have many interesting properties in many aspects of human
		life. A huge number of metal complexes are used as catalyst in
		variety of organic reactions. For example: Polymerization,
		Hydrogenation. Several metal complexes are in clinical use for
		the treatment of various diseases one such example is cisplatin.
		It is most successful example for the treatment of cancer.
		CO3: Coordination Equilibria: The metal ligand interaction
		in equilibria is used for determination of stability constant
		values and factors affecting the stability constant values.
		CO4: Ligational aspects of diatomic molecules: Metal
		carbonyls are useful in the organic synthesis and as catalyst in
		homogenous catalysis as hydroformylation. In organometallic
		chemistry metal carbonyls serves as precursors for preparation
		of other organometallic complexes. These are useful in

industrial process for example extraction and purification of Nickel.

b. OrganicChemistry

CO1: Stereochemistry: Stereochemistry is 3D chemistry. It is a field that has often been especially challenging for students because of difficulty in visualizing 3D objects, given 2D representation on paper. Physical models and 3D computer models can be of great help and the student is encouraged to use them to understand the stereochemistry. It has significance in Pharmaceutical industries. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) requires the drug be produced in enantiomerically pure form, for which understanding the stereochemistry of drug molecule is essential.

CO2: Reaction Mechanism: A reaction mechanism can be simply defined as the detailed, step- by -step description of the pathway by which reactants are converted into products. The study of detailed process of reaction mechanism is important for many reasons; including the help it gives in understanding and controlling chemical reactions. There are several reaction mechanisms which describes chemical transformations occurring in the atmosphere.

CO3: Conformational Analysis: Conformational analysis is an indispensible tool for elucidation of the properties and the behavior of organic molecules. Conformational analysis plays a fundamental role in various research fields of organic chemistry.

CO4: Natural Products & Heterocyclic Compounds:

Natural products have high structural diversity and unique pharmacological or biological activities. It covers the field of herbal medicine, organic chemistry and pharmaceutical science. It plays a critical role in the identification of numerous

	1.	. N. 1	1 ,	.1
	medic	1	oducts are	the inspiration of
		ximately half of US		
c. P	hysical CO1:	Thermodynamics	s: The heat	changes during the
Chemistry	chemi	ical reaction can be l	known efficier	ncy (working capacity)
	of all	machines can be kno	own.	
	CO2:	Chemical kinetic	es: It relates	to many aspects of
	cosmo	cosmology, geology, biology, and engineering psychology for		
	reacti	reacting implication. Refrigerator is real life application for		
	chem	ical kinetics a refrig	erator lowers	the temperature of the
	reacta	nts therefore slowin	ng down the re	eaction of food rotting
	becau	se with the lower to	emperatures th	ne rate of the reaction
	decre	ases.	-	
	CO3:	Electrochemistry :	It deals with	the interconvertion of
	electr	ical energy & chem	nical energy. T	The principles of cells
	are us	are used to make electrical batteries. In science and technology		
	a batt	a battery is a device that stores chemical energy and makes it		
		ble in an electrical fo		
	CO4:	CO4: Quantum chemistry: Quantum theory include quantum		
	chemi	chemistry, quantum optics, quantum computing, super		
	condu	cting magnet, light	emitting diode	e & the laser transistor
	and s	semi-conductors suc	h as micro-p	rocessor medical and
	resear	ch imaging. Today t	he most precio	ous clocks in the world
	atomi	c clocks are able to	use the princi	ple of quantum theory
	to me	asure time such sup	er sensitive at	omic clocks help with
		navigation ,telecomm		-
d. Ana				ohy: Chromatography
techniques		_		eparation of different
Spectroscop				natograpy can be used
Specifoscop		, ,	-	age in foods such as
			-	
	additi	ve detection, determ		al quality, crime sense

testing, forensic pathology metabolomics and proteomics and nucleic acid research.

CO2: NMR-Spectroscopy-I: NMR spectroscopy is widely used to determine the structure of organic molecules in solution and study of molecular physics, crystals as well as non crystalline materials.NMR is also routinely used in advance medical imaging techniques such as magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)

CO3: Rotational and Vibrational spectroscopy: Rotational spectroscopy is primarily used in investigation of molecular physics. It is a unique precise tool to determine molecular structure in gas phase.

Vibrational spectroscopy is used for the identification of functional groups, structural determination of organic compounds, used in pharmaceutical research.

CO4: Electronic spectroscopy: Electronic spectroscopy is related to uv-visible radiation. Electronic spectroscopy is widely used to detect environmental samples.

It is an analytical technique to study electronic structure and its experimental applications include high resolution measurements on the intensity and angular distribution of emitted electrons

SEMESTER – II COURSE OUTCOMES:

S.No.	Course Name (Paper)	Course Outcomes
1.	a. Inorganic Chemistry	CO1: Acquire knowledge about the nature of ligands & Bonding modes of ligands
		CO2: Able to calculate microstates and terms related to complexes.
		CO3: Acquire Knowledge about the stability and structural patterns of metal clusters
		CO4: Able to identify role of metal ions in the biological and physiological systems and applications.
	b. Organic Chemistry	CO1: Reaction Mechanism II: To propose reaction mechanisms and determine NGP effects on rates of reactions.
		CO2: Pericyclic reactions are used in a vast way in nature and also by organic chemist. This course gives the student the theoretical basis of this kind of reaction and also helps them to find a way to carry out these types of reaction.
		CO3: Photochemistry: After completing the course, the student should be able to demonstrate a sound knowledge of the photochemistry principles and their applications.
		CO4: Reactive intermediates and Molecular Rearrangements: To identify intermediates formed in given reaction and able to write mechanisms for molecular Rearrangements
		CO1: Thermodynamics: Applicative Knowledge of
	c. Physical Chemistry	thermodynamics to non- equilibrium and equilibrium systems
		CO2: Chemical kinetics: Obtain knowledge about the interaction
		of light with chemical systems
		CO3: Theoretical Knowledge of various orbitals of atoms and molecules
		CO4: Unique importance of solids and technological applications in the advancement of human life.
		CO1: Analytical chemistry is successfully used to ascertain the quality of

	the manufactured drug in tablets.
d. Analytical techniques & Spectroscopy II:	CO2: The various nutritional values and calories present in food can be calculated.
	CO3: Spectroscopy: Able to interpret structures of compounds by applying NMR, PS and Mass spectral methods.

SEMESTER III: COURSE OUTCOMES

S.No.	Course Name	Course Outcomes	
1.	(Paper) a. Synthetic	CO1: Synthetic Reagents: Synthetic reagents consist of a broad	
	Reagents,	range of chemicals with many uses in chemical synthesis. They	
	Advanced	are the key components used for transforming functional groups.	
	NMR,	There are specialized reagents which can be used in trace	
	Conformational	amounts instead of using large quantities. In research, synthetic	
	Analysis &	reagents are used as a catalyst and intermediate in different	
	ORD	reactions. Many organic compounds have been synthesized using	
		a variety of synthetic reagents.	
		CO2: Advanced NMR- ¹³ C NMR & 2D NMR: ¹³ C NMR is an	
		important tool in chemical structure elucidation in organic	
		chemistry. It is a noninvasive and non destructive method i.e.	
		especially used in repetitive invivo analysis of the sample	
		without harming tissue. ¹³ C NMR of biological materials allows	
		for the assessment of the metabolism of carbon, which is so	
		elementary to life on earth.	
		2D NMR is one of the emerging analytical techniques being used	
		more and more in the pharmaceutical and chemical industries. In	
		order to fully prepare students for future jobs in industry, it is	
		important to educate students about 2D NMR.	
		r	
		CO3: Conformational analysis (Cyclic system) & ORD:	
		Conformational analysis of medium and large rings is important	
		as they are present in numerous natural products and	

	phormacologically active products. Thus not only the words
	pharmacologically active products. Thus, not only thoroughly
	understanding but also an ability to apply conformational
	analysis to comprehend biological properties of organic
	compounds and interaction in complex system.
	CO4: ORD can be used to find absolute configuration of metal
	complex and other organic compounds. It also determines
	optically active substance and stereochemistry of aminoacids and
	steroids. It is widely used in the structure determination of
	polypeptides.
b. Modern	CO1:. Asymmetric Synthesis: It is one of the important topics
Organic	of research which completely deals for the development of
Synthesis	technology, for production of high value pharmaceuticals and
	agrochemicals.
	CO2: Synthetic Strategies and Synthetic reaction: It involves
	the design and control of stereochemistry. It focus on developing
	key skills in making complicated organic molecules from simple
	building blocks and transforming one organic molecule to
	another using the synthetic strategy
	CO3: The concept of retro synthetic analysis is a logic based tool
	that uses pattern recognition and mechanistic understanding for
	the design of synthetic pathway.
c. Bioorganic	CO1: Bioorganic chemistry develops an advanced understanding
Chemistry	of the structure and functions of natural organic molecules or
, and J	compounds.
	Compounds
	CO2: Bioorganic chemistry is chemistry at the interface of
	organic and biological chemistry and involves the design,
	synthesis and evaluation of substrate, probes and materials for the
	study of biological systems and principles
	stady of crorogram dysterns and principles
	CO3: It involves the study of biological process using chemical
	methods. Organic chemistry methods are used to synthesize

	biological molecule and to examine their structure, to investigate
	biochemical reactions.
d. Green	CO1: Green Chemistry: Green chemistry is the new and rapid
Chemistry &	emerging branch of chemistry. The beginning of green chemistry
Organic	is considered as a response to the need to reduce the damage of
Materials	the environment by manmade materials and the process used to
	produce them.
	It includes anything from producing waste to even disposing of
	waste in the correct manner. Success of green chemistry depends
	on the training and education of new generation of chemist.
	Students at all levels have to be introduced to the philosophy and
	practice of green chemistry.
	CO2: Supramolecular Chemistry: It is important for the
	development of new pharmaceutical therapies by understanding
	the interaction at a drug binding site.
	CO3: Nanochemistry: It is the combination of chemistry and
	nanoscience. One highly researched application of nanochemistry
	is medicine Eg: Simple skin care product using the technology of
	nanochemistry is sunscreen. Nanochemistry presents a blueprint
	for the future development of an existing teaching and research
	programme. Many nanotechnological methods and materials can
	be functionalized for drug delivery.
	programme. Many nanotechnological methods and materials can

SEMESTER IV: COURSE OUTCOMES

S.No.	Course Name	Course Outcomes
	(Paper)	
1.	a. Drug Design	CO1: This course will explore the process of drug development,
	& Drug	from target identification to final drug registration. It will
	Discovery:	present drug development as a process involving target
		selection, lead discovery using computer-based methods and
		combinatorial chemistry/high-throughput screening.

		CO2: Be able to describe the process of drug discovery and		
		development chemistry.		
		de veropinent enemistry.		
		CO3: Be able to discuss the challenges faced in each step of the		
		drug discovery process.		
		CO4: Have gained a basic knowledge of computational methods		
		used in drug discovery.		
b.	Drug	CO1: Recognize the drug structure and predict its		
Sy	nthesis and	pharmacologic action;		
M	echanism of			
Ac	ction:	CO2: Recognize the drug physico-chemical and stereochemical		
		features;		
		CO3: Describe the mechanism of action, use and mode of		
		application of the selected drugs on the basis of their structure;		
		CO4: Describe and perform synthesis of the drugs and		
		determine the reaction yield		
c.	Advanced	CO1: Provides theoretical understanding of heterocyclic		
He	Heterocyclic chemistry which includes various methods for ring synthes			
Chemistry		application of those methods for the preparation of specific		
	groups of heterocyclic systems.			
		CO2: The students will be made familiar with particular		
		properties, reactions, and applications of the most important as		
		well as less common heterocycles		
		CO3: Students will understand the importance heterocycles in		
		biological systems and in pharmaceuticals.		
		COA. Chadanta will be able to decree on 1 ' C		
		CO4: Students will be able to draw mechanisms for reactions		
		involving heterocycles as starting materials, intermediates and		
		products, and be able to propose syntheses of heterocycles from the		
		major classes. Students will be able to relate significant chemical		
		properties to structure.		

d. AdvancedNatural Products

CO1: Understand the importance of natural compounds as lead molecules for new drug discovery.

CO2: Learn the constituent present in crude drugs .Elaborate general methods of structural elucidation of compounds of natural origin.

CO3: Learn advanced methods of structural elucidation of compounds of natural origin. Understand isolation, purification and characterization of simple chemical constituents from the natural source

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

UG Programme

MISSION: COMMERCE WITH PURPOSE OPPORTUNITY, EQUALITY

AND SOCIAL JUSTICE

VISION: TRANSFORMING WOMEN THROUGH COMMERCE SKILLS

AND VALUE BASED EDUCATION

B.COM GENERALS

Semester I To acquire accounting and preparation of knowledge of basic accounts. To gain knowledge of basics of commerce and business concepts. To create awareness about foreign trade of India with international policies procedures and institutions. To acquaint knowledge about basic computer skills to the students.
To acquire accounting and preparation of knowledge of basic accounts. To gain knowledge of basics of commerce and business concepts. To create awareness about foreign trade of India with international policies procedures and institutions. To acquaint knowledge about basic
Semester II To gain knowledge about various business accounting methods. To acquire accounting knowledge on Bills of Exchange and other Business Accounting Methods. To understand basics of contract act, sale of goods act, IPRS and legal provisions applicable for establishment, management and winding up of companies in India. To familiarise fund based and nonfund based financial services. Semester III To gain knowledge about partnership accounts and joint stock companies.

4. To gain knowledge in general insurance and policies. Semester IV 1. To acquire legal and conceptual knowledge to students for filling of returns and computation of income of individual assessee. 2. To inculcate analytical computational ability among students. 3. To acquire knowledge accounting standard 14 and banking and administration accounts. Semester V the students with the 1. To equip knowledge regarding Business Regulations. 2. To equip the students with the Economy. 3. To equip the students with the knowledge regarding Theory and Practice of GST. 4. To understand legal provisions applicable for Act 2013. Semester VI 1. To acquire Managerial Accounting decision-making techniques reporting methods. 2. To become familiar with various business documents and over all skill and talent.

- Insurance
- knowledge regarding Basics of Indian
- establishment, management and winding up of companies in India as per Companies
- acquire practical knowledge, which improve
- 3. To familiarize with various Financial Institutions and Markets.
- 4. To gain knowledge of AS-19& 21 and format accounts.
- 5. To acquire conceptual and application knowledge of ecommerce.

B.COM COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

S.no	Name of the	POs	PSOs
1.	Name of the Programme B.COM COMPUTER APPLICATIONS	POs 1. The outcome of well framed semester- wise commerce syllabus is to enhance the ability of students to apply the learned principles and concepts of accountancy, basic concepts and allied aspects of commerce, Foreign Trade. 2. Students will acquire thorough knowledge in the chosen subjects and course specialisation. 3. Students can start up their own business and go for placements with the gained knowledge, well developed professional skills in the fields of Banking, Insurance, Costing Techniques and Financial Services with Commerce Lab undertaken by them.	PSOs Semester I 1. To acquire knowledge of basic accounting and preparation of accounts. 2. To gain knowledge of basics of commerce and business concepts. 3. To create awareness about foreign trade of India with international policies procedures and institutions. 4. To acquaint knowledge about basic computer skills to the students. Semester II 1. To gain knowledge about various business accounting methods. 2. To acquire accounting knowledge on Bills of Exchange and other Business Accounting Methods. 3. To understand basics of contract act, sale of goods act, IPRS and legal provisions applicable for establishment, management and winding up of companies in India. 4. To familiarise fund based and non-fund based financial services. Semester III 1. To gain knowledge about partnership accounts and joint stock companies. 2. To inculcate analytical and computational ability among the students.

- financial institutions and markets.
- 4. To gain knowledge in general insurance and policies.

Semester IV

- 1. To acquire legal and conceptual knowledge to students for filling of returns and computation of income of individual assessee.
- 2. To inculcate analytical computational ability among students.
- 3. To acquire knowledge accounting standard 14 and banking and administration accounts.

Semester V

- 1. To equip the students with the knowledge regarding Insurance Business Regulations.
- 2. To equip the students with the knowledge regarding Basics of Indian Economy.
- 3. To equip the students with the knowledge regarding Theory and Practice of GST.
- 4. To understand legal provisions applicable for establishment, management and winding up of companies in India as per Companies Act 2013.

Semester VI

1. To acquire Managerial Accounting decision-making techniques and reporting methods.

2 To become for it is a solid.
2. To become familiar with
various business
documents and acquire
practical knowledge,
which improve over all
skill and talent.
3. To familiarize with
various Financial
Institutions and Markets.
4. To gain knowledge of
AS-19& 21 and format
accounts.
5. To acquire conceptual
and application
knowledge of
ecommerce.

BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

S.no	Name of the	POs	PSOs
	Programme		
1.		1. The outcome of well framed semester- wise commerce syllabus is to enhance the ability of students to apply the learned principles and concepts of Business administration, basic concepts and allied aspects of administration. 2. Students will acquire thorough knowledge in the chosen subjects and course specialisation. 3. Students can start up their own business and go for placements with the gained knowledge, well developed professional skills in the fields of marketing, management, statistics, human resources, personality development skills, accountancy, customer relationship management, buy behaviour, international finance	Semester I 1. To provide broad and integrative introduction to theory and practice of management. 2. To provide exposure pertaining to the scope of marketing 3. To apply micro economics tools for analyzing business problems and make accurate decision. Semester II 1. To explain the fundamentals of managing business and to understand the individual and group behaviour. 2. To provide the tools to analyse, tabulation and presentation of statistical data. 3. To familiarise them with the mechanics of preparation of financial statements to understand, analyze and interpret. 4. To enable the student to apply basic computer knowledge. Semester III 1. To provide proper
		with Research Project undertaken by them.	perspective towards ones personality development. 2. To enhance the advance computer
			advance computer skills & provide

- knowledge of computer technology.
- 3. To aware the students about the traditional & modern quality perspective.
- 4. To acquaint the students with understanding the business environments & decision strategies to meet challenges it focuses on designing plans and policies.
- 5. To introduce the students with the basic concepts & advance concepts in human resources in an organisation
- 6. The aim of the course is to give a management practical experience on software skills.
- 7. To acquaint students with the techniques of financial management and their applications for business decision making.

Semester IV

- 1. This course is to intend to help the students to present themselves properly to the corporate world and formally highlighting their strengths.
- 2. To enable the students to understand the importance of goal setting, time management and trust worthiness.
- 3. It help the students acquaint themselves

- with special challenges for starting new ventures and introducing new product service ideas.
- 4. The aim of the course is to provide a basic understanding of business intelligence and its appreciation through data visualisation
- 5. To help the students to focus on contract act, companies ethics & legal aspects Contract Act.
- 6. To provide an exposure pertaining to marketing research, basic techniques & tools of marketing.
- 7. To provide the students with adequate knowledge regarding managerial skills to address their problems.

Semester V

- 1. The objective of the course is to provide the students with mobile commerce concepts environment & customer value.
- 2. To explain the structure of Indian financial system and mutual funds.
- 3. To provide an understanding of different types of brand awareness, equity.
- 4. This course offers an exploration of the field of organisational development and change in a rapidly

- changing context of globalisation.
- 5. To explain basic concepts of risk, portfolio & various theories of Evolution.
- 6. This course introduces the role in retaining, various formats and theories in distribution management.
- 7. This course offers an employee performance and measures to improve through HRD.
- 8. The course helps the students to know about Insurance and latest Trends in Insurance.
- 9. To know the importance of customer involvement and relations with corporations making the students know and build beneficial relations.
- 10. To impart techniques and methods for competing employer employee negotiations for arriving at optimal compensation system.

Semester VI

- 1. The aim is to understand the basic concepts of business analytics and practical approach using MS. EXCEL.
- 2. This course helps the students to know the banking and its trends.
- 3. To focus on the

learning theories of buying behaviour. 4. The course offers the students to understand leadership activities and its influence on management. 5. To enable the students with inputs on globalisation, risk management and international trade. 6. \Box It helps the students understand the important of advertisement of promotion of products planning, media personal selling and sales promotion. 7. The main objective of the course is to offer knowledge on various approaches to talent knowledge and management. The course also facilitates discussion on variety of institutional strategies and models for dealing the talent and knowledge management. 8. The objective of this course is to provide inputs on globalisation exchange risk management of financing international trade etc. 9. The objective of this

course is to introduce rural market dynamics

to the students so that
they can learn about
rural behaviour that
differs from urban
market.
10. The main aim of this
course is to introduce
students to the
theories and practise
of industrial relations.
The module examines
the relationship
existing between
employer and
employee.

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO'S) SEMESTER -I

S.NO	SEMESTER –I	CO's
1.	Paper DSC 101:	CO1: To understand basic
	FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING -I	concepts of accounting.
		CO2: To demonstrate recording
		and posting of the transaction.
		CO3: To classify and compare
		various subsidiary books.
		CO4: To eliminate differences in
		cash book and pass book.
		CO5: students are equipped with
		skills in financial statement/balance
		sheet.
2.	Paper DSC 102:	CO1: Understand the basic
	BUSINESS ORGANISATION AND MANAGEMENT	concepts of business organizations.
		CO2: Identifying the factors
		involved in determining the
		formation of business units.
		CO3: Applying the ethics of
		business in the ordinary trade.
		COA. Gaining the knowledge on
		CO4: Gaining the knowledge on the applicability of the recent trends
		involve in various supporting
		institutions and secondary market.

SEMESTER-II

S.NO	SEMESTER- II	CO's
1.	Paper DSC 201:	CO1: To understand business and its role in
	FINANCIAL	society.
	ACCOUNTING-II	
		CO2: To have an understanding of business
		ethics and CSR.
		CO3: Understanding the financial
		statements of various types of business units
		other than corporate.
		CO4: Calculate profits or losses from
		incomplete records.
		and samples of the sample of the samples of the sam
		CO6: Prepare accounts of consignment.
2.	BUSINESS LAW	CO1: Understand the concept of agreement,
		contract, essentials and classification of
		contracts.
		CO2: Identify the essentials of consideration
		and free consent including rules regarding
		minor agreement.
		immor agreement.
		CO3: Examine the circumstances and the
		object can be considered in intellectual
		property rights.
		CO4: to understand the consumer protection
		law.
		Co5: To understand the winding up of
		company, insolvency and bankruptcy.

SEMESTER-III

S.NO	SEMESTER- III	CO's
1.	Paper DSC 301: ADVANCED ACCOUNTING	CO1: Identify the rules relating to partnership accounts revaluation partners capital balance sheet.
		CO2: Apply accounting treatment to prepare necessary accounts at the time of retirement and death of the partners, dissolution of partnership firms.
		CO3: To understand the issues of shares debentures, bonus shares and under writing.
		CO4: To examining company final accounts and profits prior to incorporation CO5: To understand valuation of goodwill and shares.
2.	Paper DSC 302: BUSINESS STATISTICS-I	CO1: Acquire knowledge about statistical tools.
	STATISTICS-1	CO2: Analyze the various techniques to calculate the various statistical measures.
		CO3: Application of various techniques on consumer price understands.
		CO4: Acquire knowledge on sampling of probability condition and marginal probability.

SEMESTER- IV

S.NO	SEMESTER- IV	CO's
1.	Paper DSC 301: INCOME TAX	CO1: To understand the scope and direct taxes and application of income tax in India. Acquire knowledge of agriculture income in India.
		CO2:Computation of income from head income from salary.
		CO3 : Computation of income from head income from house property.
		CO4 : Computation of income from head income from business and profession.
		CO5: Computation of income from other sources
2.	Paper DSC 302: BUSINESS	CO1: to understandregression analysis of dependent and independent variable.
	STATISTICS-II	CO2: To understand the weighted and unweighted index numbers and test of consistency.
		CO3: To know the components of time series combining the series and different methods of time series.
		CO4: To understand probability theories
		CO5: To learn different theoretical distribution without find out the expected frequency.

SEMESTER- V

S.NO	SEMESTER- V	CO's
1.	Paper DSC 301:	CO1: Calculate tax liability using tax rates.
	ADVANCED	CO2: Compute basic capital gains/losses.
	ASPECTS OF INCOME TAX	CO3: Ascertain the special deduction may affect taxable income.
		CO4: computation of individual tax liability.
		CO5; Outline individual tax return filing and estimated tax payment requirements and other types of judgments.
2.	Paper DSC 302: COST	CO1: Understand the fundamental aspects of cost accounting and preparation of cost sheet.
	ACCOUNTING:	CO2: Comprehend the various methods and techniques of material costing.
		CO3: Analyses and ascertain the cost of labour through different method.
		CO4: Apply the various costing concepts in the ascertainment of overhead cost of various products and services.
		CO5: Demonstrate skilled expertise in process costing.

		CO1: To introduce the students to basic of accounts and the usage of tally for accounting purpose.
3.	COMPUTERSIED ACCOUNTING	CO2: To help students to work with well-known accounting software i.e., Tally is an accounting package which is used for learning to maintain accounts.
		CO3: Students will learn to create company, enter accounting voucher entries including advance voucher entries, do reconcile bank statement, do accrual adjustments, and also print financial statements ect. In tally ERP.9 software.
		CO4: Demonstrate an understanding of various predefine inventory vouchers to suits the various business requirements and flexibility to create unlimited stock items, use simple to complex conversion units and generate invoices with the required information and dimensions.
		CO5: Demonstrate an understanding of how to maintain a payroll register. This helps to understand how to maintain management related information, statutory forms and reports in the prescribed formats such as: pay slip, payroll statements, attendance and overtime registers etc. CO6: Develop the students use the tally software that helps to prepare accounting, payroll billing sales.
4.	E-COMMERCE	CO1: To understand the impact of e-commerce on business models and application of e-commerce.
		CO2: To analysis the framework of e-commerce data encryption and cryptography.
		CO3: To gain insights of different process models of e-commerce.
		CO4 : To familiarize with Edi standard and software implementation.
		CO5: To acquire knowledge about e-marketing techniques.

SEMESTER -VI

S.NO	SEMESTER -VI	CO's
1	Paper PR: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY & PROJECT REPORT	CO1: A comprehensive understand on all aspects of research. CO2: A guide on how to conduct research in a systematic way. CO3: A guide to solve and analyze data and results. CO4: A guide on writing
2	Paper DSE 602 - (a): THEORY AND PRACTICE OF GST	concepts of goods & service tax. CO2: Understand the impact of new regulation on destruction of pesticides and kind of changes needed to be done.
		CO3: Gain an insight on the recording and analyzing the transactions for compliance under GST especially in supply chain & distribution.
		CO4: Getting familiar with the flow of return filing under GST.CO5: Knowing "place of supply rules" and applicability of the same under GST.

3	Paper DSE 603 (b): CYBER SECURITY	CO1: Distinguish cybercrime from traditional crime. CO2: Explain the differences between cyber talking and cyber bullying. CO3: Describe the three following forms of malware (a) botnets, (b) worms, (c) viruses. CO4: Explain how the internet has contributed to the piracy of intellectual property. CO5: Outline the three major reasons why the internet is conductive to the dissemination.
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B.COM (Generals)

CBCS COURSE STRUCTURE

SEMESTER -I

S.NO	SEMESTER –I	CO's
1.	Paper DSC 101: FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING -I	CO1: To understand basic concepts of accounting.
	•	CO2: To demonstrate recording and posting of the transaction.
		CO3: To classify and compare various subsidiary books.
		CO4: To eliminate differences in cash book and pass book.
		CO5: students are equipped with skills in financial statement/balance sheet.
2.	FOREIGN TRADE	CO1 : To understand the concept of international trade.
		CO2: To familiarize the concepts of BOP and BOT
		CO3: To analyze the policies of export and imports.
		CO4: To learn the growth of free, preferential trade areas TPP and monetary unions.
		Co5: To understand the agreements of, economic NBD, AIIB, UNCTAD, WTO agreements.
3	Paper DSC 102: BUSINESS ORGANISATION AND MANAGEMENT	CO1: Understand the basic concepts of business organizations. CO2: Identifying the factors involved in determining the formation of business units. CO3: Applying the ethics of business in the ordinary trade.

	CO4 : Gaining the knowledge on the applicability
	of the recent trends involve in various supporting
	institutions and secondary
	market.

SEMESTER-II

S.NO	SEMESTER- II	CO's
1.	Paper DSC 201:	CO1: To understand business and its role in
	FINANCIAL	society.
	ACCOUNTING-II	
		CO2: To have an understanding of business ethics and CSR.
		CO3: Understanding the financial statements of
		various types of business units other than corporate.
		CO4: Calculate profits or losses from incomplete
		records.
		CO6: Prepare accounts of consignment.
2.	BUSINESS LAW	CO1: Understand the concept of agreement, contract, essentials and classification of contracts.
		CO2: Identify the essentials of consideration and
		free consent including rules regarding minor
		agreement.
		CO3: Examine the circumstances and the object
		can be considered in intellectual property rights.
		CO4: to understand the consumer protection law.
		CO5: To understand the winding up of company, insolvency and bankruptcy.

SEMESTER III

	Paper DSC 301	CO1: Identify the rules relating to
1.	ADVANCED ACCOUNTING	partnership accounts revaluation partners capital balance sheet.
		CO2: Apply accounting treatment to prepare necessary accounts at the time of retirement and death of the partners, dissolution of partnership firms.
		CO3: To understand the issues of shares debentures, bonus shares and under writing.
		CO4: To examining company final accounts and profits prior to incorporation
		CO5: To understand valuation of goodwill and shares.
2.	Paper DSC 302	CO 1: To Understand the importance of statistics, sampling methods, primary and secondary data, classification and tabulation.
	STATISTICS –I	CO 2: To Understand different diagrammatic and graphical presentation and its importance.
		CO 3: To know the importance and method of measure of central tendency.
		CO 4: To Know different types of dispersion, skewness and kurtoss.
		CO 5: To understandand find out the relationships between two variables.

SEMESTER IV

1.	Paper DSC 401: INCOME TAX	 CO1: TO understand the scope and direct taxes and application of income tax in India. CO2: To acquire knowledge of agriculture income in India. CO3: Computation of income from head income from salary. CO4: Computation of income from head income from house property. CO5: Computation of income from head income from business and profession.
2.	Paper DSC 402: BUSINESS STATISTICS-II	CO1: to understand regression analysis of dependent and independent variable. CO2: To understand the weighted and unweighted index numbers and test of consistency. CO3: To know the components of time series combining the series and different methods of time series. CO4: To understand probability theories. CO5: To learn different theoretical distribution without find out the expected frequency.
3.	CORPORATE ACCOUNTING	CO1: To Prepare company financial statement of affairs and liquidation. CO2: To prepare accounting treatment of merger and amalgamation. CO3: TO learn the accounting treatment for internal reconstruction and acquisition of business. CO4: To learn the legal provision of banking companies. CO5: To calculate insurance companies accounts and its claims.

SEMESTER V

S.NO	NAME OF THE PAPER /SUBJECT	CO's
1	Paper GE: (b) ADVANCED ASPECTS OF	CO1: Calculate tax liability using tax rates.
•	INCOME TAX	CO2: Compute basic capital gains/losses.
		CO3: Ascertain the special deduction may affect taxable income.
		CO4: computation of individual tax liability
		CO5; Outline individual tax return filing and estimated tax payment requirements and other types of judgments.
2	Paper DSE -501 (a) COST ACCOUNTING	CO1: Understand the fundamental aspects of cost accounting and preparation of cost sheet.
		CO2: Comprehend the various methods and techniques of material costing.
		CO3: Analyses and ascertain the cost of labour through different method
		CO4: Apply the various costing concepts in the ascertainment of overhead cost of various products and services.
	Paper DSE 502 (a)	CO5:Demonstrate skilled expertise in process costing CO1: To introduce the students to basic
	Tapel DSE 302 (a)	of accounts and the usage of tally for
4	COMPUTERIZED ACCOUNTING	accounting purpose.
		CO2: To help students to work with well-known accounting software i.e. Tally is an accounting package which is used for learning to maintain accounts.
		CO3: Students will learn to create

company, enter accounting voucher entries including advance voucher entries, do reconcile bank statement, do accrual adjustments, and also print financial statements act. In tally ERP.9 software. **CO4:**Demonstrate an understanding of various predefine inventory vouchers to suits the various business requirements and flexibility to create unlimited stock items, use simple to complex conversion units and generate invoices with the required information and dimensions. **CO5:** Demonstrate an understanding of how to maintain a payroll register. This helps to understand how to maintain management related information, statutory forms and reports in the prescribed formats such as: pay slip, payroll statements, attendance and overtime registers etc. **CO6:** Develop the students use the tally software that helps to prepare accounting, payroll billing sales. 5 **AUDITING: CO1**: Perceiving the basic concepts of auditing and working of an auditor. **CO2:** Understanding the recent trends in auditing and activities. **CO3:** Analyzing the verifications and valuation of assets and liabilities **CO4:** Gaining knowledge on audit of share capital and share transfer.

SEMESTER VI

S.NO	NAME OF THE PAPER /SUBJECT	CO'S
1	Paper PR : RESEARCH METHODOLOGY & PROJECT REPORT	CO1: A comprehensive understand on all aspects of research.
1	REIORI	CO2: A guide on how to conduct research in a systematic way.
		CO3: A guide to solve and analyze data and results.
		CO4: A guide on writing techniques and presentation skills.
2	Paper DSE 601 (a) COST CONTROL AND	CO1 : To understand basic concepts of cost and management accounting.
	MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING	CO2: To apply the techniques of standard costing and variance analysis for analyzing the financial position of business.
		CO3: To make use of marginal costing techniques for analyzing the financial position of business.
		CO4: To analyze the financial statement using comparative statement and common size statements.
		CO5: To discuss and solve the financial ratios for analyzing the financial statements.
3	ACCOUNTING STANDARD	CO 1: To Understand the Accounting Theory and evolution of standard.
		CO2: To familiarize standard relating to financial reporting and disclosure.
		CO 3: To analyses the standard providing guidance on financial statements items.
		CO 4: To learn the business acquisitions and consolidations.
		CO 5: To acquire knowledge on financial reporting

4	GST	CO1: Understand various concepts of goods & service tax.
		CO2: Understand the impact of new regulation on destruction of pesticides and kind of changes needed to be done.
		CO3: Gain an insight on the recording and analyzing the transactions for compliance under GST especially in supply chain & distribution.
		CO4 : Getting familiar with the flow of return filing under GST.
		CO5: Knowing "place of supply rules" and applicability of the same under GST.

BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (BBA)

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

SEMESTER -I

S.NO	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME'S
	COURSE NO.DSC – 101	
		CO1: Analysis the concepts of principal of management and its different level.
1.	PRINCIPAL OF	CO2: understand the process of planning.
	MANAGEMENT	CO3: learns to organizing process in organizations.
		CO4: Gain the knowledge in selection controlling processes.
		CO5: Gain knowledge on TQM and organizational change.
	COURSE NO. DSC – 102	CO1: learns the scope of marketing and its core concepts of marketing.
2.	BASICS OF MARKETING	CO2: learns the product positioning & market segmentation.
		CO3: Gain knowledge about NPD and its techniques.
		CO4: Analysis the concepts of pricing
		CO5: Understand the significance of product pricing decision
	COURSE NO. DSC-103	CO1: acquire knowledge on opportunity cost and time perspective.
		CO2: understand the demand concept and elasticity of demand.
3.	BUSSINESS ECONOMICS	CO3: application of cost and production concepts.
		CO4: understand the concepts of economics and disanomics of scale.
		CO5: learn the market structures and pricing positioning.

II- SEMESTER

S.NO	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
	COURSE NO. DSC-201	CO1: acquire knowledge on organizational behavior.
1.	ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR:	CO2: understand the motivation concepts and leadership skills.
		CO3: acquire knowledge on group cohesiveness and group dynamics.
		CO4: understand factors contributing to organizational changes.
		CO5: Analyze the culture and conflict and effectiveness of organisation culture.
	COURSE NO. DSC- 202	CO1: Acquire knowledge about statistical tools.
2.	BUSINESS STATISTICS:	CO2: Analyze the various techniques to calculate the various statistical measures.
		CO3: Application of various techniques on consumer price understands.
		CO4: Acquire knowledge on sampling of probability condition and marginal probability.
	COURSE NO. DSC -203	CO1: To understand basic concepts of accounting.
		CO2: To demonstrate recording and posting of the transaction.
3.	FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING:	CO3: To classify and compare various subsidiary books.
		CO4: To calculate the various ratios of balance sheet
		CO5: To understand Indian and international accounting standards and reporting.

III- SEMESTER

	COURSE NO.dsc-301	CO1: To summarize the concepts of human resource management and identify the careers in HRM.
		CO2: To understand the HR planning process and selection procedure if employees in an organization.
1.	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	CO3: To analyses the training and development methods to upgrade the skills of employees.
		CO4: To apply the techniques of evaluating and examine the factors affecting wage and salary administration.
		CO5: To examine innovative HRM strategies in contemporary organization.
	COURSE NO.DSC-302	CO1: to familiarize the management studies in IT
		CO2: Analyze the expect system like (EIS)
2.	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FOR BUSINESS	CO3: Analyze the multimedia techniques.
	TOR BUSINESS	CO4: To analyze the internet security & online business security.
		CO5: To familiarize the database application.
	COURSE NO.DSC-303	CO1: To acquire knowledge on financial management traditional and modern asset management decisions.
3.	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT	CO2: TO familiarize the various concepts of time value of money.
		CO3: To enable the long term finance and its determinants.
		CO4: To acquaint knowledge of working capital management.
		CO5: To understand receivables management and levels of safety.

IV- SEMESTER

S.NO	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
	COURSE NO. DSC401	CO1: Understand the concept of agreement, contract, essentials and classification of contracts.
		CO2: Identify the essentials of consideration and free consent including rules regarding minor agreement.
1.	BUSSINESS LAW & ETHICS	CO3: Examine the circumstances and the object can be considered unlawful and void.
		CO4: to understand the consumer protection law.
		Co5: To understand the morale & ethical values of business.
	COURSE NO. DSC -402	CO1: To understand the role of market research in decision making.
		CO2: To analyze the sources of data.
		CO3: To familiarize the criteria for evaluation sources of data.
2.	MARKETING RESEARCH	CO4: to learn the type of scales.
		CO5: To learn the various sampling techniques.
	COURSE NO. DSC-403	CO1: To analyze the factors that are critical for selecting the location to set up a plant with required process technologies
		CO2: To apply the quality control tools and techniques in assessing the quality.
3.	MANAGEMENT SCIENCE	CO3: To understand work study and effective way of doing the work and explain the plant layout design and its maintenance.
		CO4: To understand materials management and effectively manage the stores.
		CO5: To apply selective control techniques in inventory Management and control.

COURSES OUTCOMES (COs)

V- SEMESTER

S.NO	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
	COURSE NO. GE-1	CO1: To analyze the mobile commerce concepts.
1.	MOBILES COMMERCE	CO2: To familiarize the various device limitations.
		CO3: To analyze the wireless communication technology.
		CO4: To understand the mobile application.
	COURSE NO.DSC-501(C)	CO1: Exploration of field of organization development organization change.
2.	ORGANIZATION DEVELOPMENT (HR)	CO2: To familiarize with teamwork in organization development.
		CO3 : To enable the students with various models in organization.
		CO4: to analyze the organization development Interventions.
		CO5: To analyze the quality circle, quality of work life.
	COURSE NO.DSC-502(C)	CO1: To understand the performance appraisal and benefits.
3.	PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL AND COUNSELLING (HR)	CO2: To understand the employee appraisal process and appraisal design.
	THE COUNSELLENG (III)	CO3: To familiarize the pro's and con's of performance measurement.
		CO4: To analyse the legal issues in performance appraisal.
		CO5: To understand the role of counselling.

	4. COMPENSATION MANAGEMENT (HR)	CO1: To familiarize the students with the role of compensation with the non-financial terms.
4.		CO2: To analyze traditional and modern pay system.CO3: To familiarize with pay structure and program.
		CO4: To understand the core & thing benefits to employees.
		CO5: To execute contemporary strategic compensation challenges.

COURSES OUTCOMES (COs) VI- SEMESTER

S.NO	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
	COURSE NO. GE-2	CO1: To understand the predicative and perspective application of big data.
1.	BASIC BUSINESS ANALYICS (GE-II)	CO2: To understand majors of mean median mode and relationship between them.
		CO3: To understand the measures of variability.
		CO4 : To analyses trend regression and other methods.
,	COURSE NO. DSC -601(c)	CO1: To understand the role & skills of leadership in organization
2.	LEADERSHIP AND CHANGE MANAGEMENT (HR)	CO2: TO familiarize with leadership style and theories
		CO3: TO acquire knowledge in proactive and reactive change in organization.
		CO4: TO learn the change through approaches.
		CO5: To diagnose the organization culture and change management.

	COURSE NO.DSC -602(C)	CO1: To understand the talent and management approaches.
		CO2: To familiarize with career planning and development.
3.	TALENT AND KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT (HR)	CO3: To acquire knowledge on various faces in technologies.
		CO4: To familiarize the mechanism and infrastructure in organization.
		CO5: To learn impact of knowledge management and people forces on performance.
	COURSE NO.DSC-603(c)	CO1: To examine the approaches of employer and employee relations.
4.	EMPLOYEE RELATIONS (HR)	CO2: To analyses the grievances red renal procedures.
4.		CO3: To enable employee relations ships.
		CO4: To understand the various concepts of trade unions and industrial relations.
		CO5: To understand wage legislation and administration acts of health & wealth management.
5.	COURSE NO.DSC-604 PROJECT REPORT AND VIVA- VOCE	CO: to acquaint the students with research Work.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PG - M.COM

S.No.	Name of the	PO's	PSO's
	Programme		
		PO1: The students will develop the ability to work in teams with enhanced interpersonal skills.	PSO1: After completing this program the students will learn about how to manage the finance in any organization
1	M.Com	PO2: The students will develop the ability to apply knowledge in the fields of managerial economics, Financial Management, Marketing to apply	and will acquaint with various techniques of Financial Management.
		accounting standards in the preparation of financial statement.	PSO2: Students learn about Indian accounting standards
		PO3: The students will be ready for employment in functional areas like Accounting, Taxation, Computerized accounting.	and various financial reporting practices. The students will understand the application of advanced corporate accounting practices in the fields of
		PO4: The students will develop the skills in analysing a data to research	modern business and profession.
		work. PO5: To provide the skills, and application of advanced cost accounting techniques for cost control and cost reduction.	PSO3: To familiarize the students with the principles and practice of Investment Management and acquaint the students with the functioning of the Indian Capital Market.
			PSO4: To provide the skills, and application of advanced cost accounting techniques for cost control and cost reduction.
			PSO5: The Aim of the project is to give an opportunity to students to learn independently and show that they can identify, define, analyse problems in the Business Context.

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

S.No.	Course Name	COs	
SEMESTER I			
1.		CO1: Students understand the concepts of managerial economics & economic theory.	
1.	Managerial Economics	CO2: To familiarize students with demand theory & analysis.	
		CO3: To inculcate knowledge of production analysis and production function.	
		CO4: To familiarize students with the concept of cost, types of cost	
		CO5: Students gain knowledge of market structures.	
		CO1: To introduce the concept of marketing	
2	Principles of Marketing	CO2: To familiarize students with marketing environment	
		CO3: Students acquire knowledge about market segmentation and target marketing.	
		CO4: Students understand consumer behaviour and decision-making process.	
		CO5: To familiarize students with the concept of marketing planning and strategy	
3	Organisation Theory and	CO1: To introduce the concept of organisation theory and behaviour.	
	Behaviour	CO2: To familiarize students with the concept of personality and group behaviour.	
		CO3: Students understand motivation, morale and organization culture.	
		CO4:To familiarize students with the concept of power, conflict and communication in the organization.	
		CO5: To familiarize students with the concept of leadership and organizational change.	
4	Financial Management	CO1: To introduce the concepts of financial management and time value of money.	
		CO2: Students learn the techniques of capital budgeting & risk analysis.	

	T	
		CO3: To familiarize students with concept of working capital management.
		CO4: To inculcate knowledge regarding financial decisions.
		CO5: To familiarize students with the theories of dividend.
5	Indian Accounting Standards	CO1: To impart students with the concepts of accounting theory.
		CO2: To familiarize students with the overview of accounting standards.
		CO3: Students understand accounting standards.
		CO4: To familiarize students with reporting standards
		CO5: Students learn the significance of financial reporting.
	S	EMESTER II
6	International Business and	CO1: To familiarize students with the concepts of business environment and policies.
	Business Environment	CO2: Students gain knowledge of liberalization and globalization.
		CO3: To inculcate knowledge about public sector and private sector.
		CO4: To gain information about FDI and mergers and acquisitions.
		CO5: Students understand about WTO agreements and FTP.
7	Marketing Management	CO1: Students learn the concepts Product management.
		CO2: To familiarize students with the pricing policies.
		CO3: Enable the students to know product promotion management.

		CO4: To familiarize students with channel management	
		CO5: Students acquire information about MIS, marketing research and digital marketing	
8	Human Resource Management	CO1: To inculcate knowledge of HRM and its techniques.	
		CO2: To familiarize students with acquisition of human resources.	
		CO3: Students develop motivating skills	
		CO4: Students are aware of compensation management and employee relations.	
		CO5: Enable the students to know the significance of knowledge management and work life balance.	
9	Investment management	CO1: To make the students aware of investment and financial assets.	
		CO2: To familiarize students with the overview of Indian capital market.	
		CO3: Enable the students to acquire knowledge on risk and return analysis.	
		CO4: To inculcate knowledge on portfolio analysis	
		CO5: To familiarize students with portfolio selection	
10	Advanced Managerial Accounting	CO1: To enable the students to know the concepts of FSA.	
		CO2: Students gain overview of HR and responsibility accounting.	
		CO3: Students learn about inflation accounting and income measurement.	
		CO4: To acquaint students with knowledge of financial measures of performance. CO5: To acquire skills regarding contemporary issues in management accounting.	
	S	issues in management accounting. SEMESTER III	
11	Research Methodology and	CO1: The student will be well versed in the concept of QT & research.	

	Statistical Analysis		
	Sausticai Analysis	CO2: To acquire knowledge regarding collection & analysis of data.	
		CO3: To understand the concept of interpretation & report writing.	
		CO4: To familiarize the concept of statistical estimation and hypothesis testing.	
		CO5: To familiarize the students about large samples and small samples.	
12	E-Commerce	CO1: The understand the concept of E-Commerce.	
		CO2: To acquire knowledge of EDI & supply chain management.	
		CO3: To familiarize the concept of EPM & web page designing.	
		CO4: To train the students in computerized accounting.	
		CO5: To understand the various computerized statements along with GST.	
13	Cost Accounting and Control	CO1: To familiarize students with the scope of cost accounting.	
		CO2: Students acquire knowledge of various cost concepts.	
		CO3: To familiarize students with the concepts of marginal & differential costing	
		CO4: To inculcate knowledge of budgetary control.	
		CO5: Students develop understanding in the concept of standard costing.	
		CO1: To familiarize the concept of holding companies.	
14	Advanced Corporate Accounting	CO2: Students gain knowledge in investment accounting.	
		CO3: To inculcate knowledge on lease accounting.	
		CO4: Students are trained to prepare consolidated	

		statements of foreign branches.	
		CO5: - Students will develop an understanding of Forensic accounting.	
15	Financial Statement Analysis	CO1: Students will be well versed in the concepts of financial statements.	
		CO2: To familiarize students with the overview income statement.	
		CO3: To familiarize students with the overview of balance sheet.	
		CO4: To inculcate knowledge in financial statements of special organizations.	
		CO5: Students are trained in various analysis techniques.	
	S	SEMESTER IV	
16	Quantitative Techniques for Business Decisions	CO1: To inculcate knowledge in F test and ANOVA.	
	Business Beelstons	CO2: Students gain knowledge about association of attributes and chi-square test.	
		CO3: To understand about other non-parametric tests like Whitney test, Sign test etc.	
		CO4: Students will be familiar in statistical decision and game theory.	
		CO5: Students will develop an understanding in linear programming.	
17	Business and Corporate Taxation	CO1: Students will be well versed in the assessment of partnership firms and AOP.	
		CO2: To familiarize students with the assessment of companies.CO3: To familiarize students with the assessment of companies and other taxes.	
		CO4: To inculcate knowledge in the assessment of	
		co-operative societies and trust. CO5: Students acquire knowledge in the fundamentals of GST and custom act.	
18	Strategic Management	CO1: The understand the concept of strategic management.	
		CO2: To acquire knowledge of environmental	

		analysis.	
		CO3: To familiarize students in crafting strategic for organisation.	
		CO4: To train the students in implementation of strategies.	
		CO5: To understand evaluation of strategies implemented.	
19	Advanced Cost Accounting and Control	CO1: The student will be well versed in the concept of ABC.	
		CO2: To acquire knowledge regarding costing of service sector.	
		CO3: Students understand the concept of uniform and inter firm costing.	
		CO4: To inculcate the knowledge of concepts of cost audit, control and reduction.	
		CO5: To familiarize students in transfer pricing and cost reporting.	
20	Mergers and Acquisition	CO1: - Students will be well versed in the concepts of mergers and acquisitions.	
		CO2: To familiarize students with the overview of corporate valuation.	
		CO3: To familiarize students with the legal aspects and SEBI regulatory.	
		CO4: To inculcate knowledge in accounting for mergers and acquisitions.	
		CO5: Students acquire knowledge about demerger.	
21	Project Work	CO1: The Aim of the project is to give an opportunity to students to learn independently and show that they can identify, define, analyse problems in the business context.	

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Vision:

To empower the graduates to technologically adopt, innovative, self-motivated and responsible citizens, possessing human values and contribute significantly towards being a center of excellence in providing globally standard education, through a conducive Teaching and learning environment, that responds swiftly to the challenges of the ever changing world.

Mission:

- 1. To provide conceptual as well as practical knowledge to adapt changing technology in computer field.
- 2. To provide the quality education to meet needs of profession and society by arranging seminars, workshops and interactive sessions.
- 3. Cultivate the students with all-round competencies, for career, higher education and self-employability
- 4. To prepare for interpersonal skills, leadership qualities, ethical values, lifelong learning skills and higher education.

Program Outcomes:

Osmania University introduced the bucket system from the year 2020 for the first time so as to enable students choose any four optional subjects of their choice from Physical Science subjects like Maths, Physics, Electronics, Chemistry with Computer Science.

Sl. No	Name of Program	Program Outcomes (PO)	Program Specific Outcomes(PSO)
		PO 1 –The purpose of this topic	PSO1: After completion of
	BSC (COMPUTER	is to introduce to students in	the course, student should
	SCIENCE)	the field of programming	be able to know concepts
	Í	language. The students will be	in problem solving, To do
1	(MPCS,MECS,MCCS)	able to enhance their analyzing	programming in C-
		and problem solving skills the	language and to write
	same for writing programs		diversified solutions using
	C.		C-language.

Sl.No	Semester	Course Name	Course Outcomes(COs)
			CO 1 - Can be able to write a program, save
1	I	Programming in C (Theory and Lab)	and open it. CO 2- I/O Functions are used to read and display the data in the memory CO 3 - Reduces the size of the code by duplicate set of statements are replaced by function calls. CO 4 - Efficient use of memory, Different modes of files can be retrieved effectively
2	II	Programming in C++ (Theory and Lab)	CO 1 Can be able to write a program, save and open it extending C++. CO 2 I/O Member functions are used to read and display the data in the memory, Creations of objects CO 3 - Less code using reusability and maintenance upgrades and good clean code. CO 4- Errors and Abnormalities to design, implement generic classes.
3	Ш	Data Structure with C++ (Theory and Lab)	CO 1 - Solve problems computationally through the application of fundamental data structures and algorithms. CO 2 - Dynamic memory allocation. CO 3 Used as Navigating Technique, Presenting the information with ease, storing the date efficiently without collision. CO 4 - Ad-hoc finding smallest and largest elements.
4	IV	DBMS (Theory and Lab)	CO 1- DBMS has evolved from a specialize computer application to central component of a modern computing environment. CO 2 - These concepts include aspects of database design, database languages and database-system implementation CO 3 - The ERM provides high level view issues in database design and encounter in capturing the semantics of realistic applications. CO 4 - In this it focuses on the fundamentals of a transaction-processing system: Atomicity, consistency, isolation and durability.
5	V	Programming in Java (Theory and Lab)	CO 1 - Solve problems computationally through the application of fundamental concepts and able to write a java program. CO 2- Memory gaining methods, implements packages, Extends Classes. CO 3 - Exception handling Techniques Files, Input/output, how to Implement Multiple inheritance. CO 4 - Design and analysis of Patterns and Apps development.

6	VI	Web Technologies (Theory and Lab)	CO 1 - To design Web Pages. CO 2 - Covers the creation of multipage websites and layouts using the CSS technologies and JavaScript. CO 3- To declare and manipulate multidimensional arrays and to represent Objects. CO 4- To retrieve and manipulate XML data programmatically using JavaScript and to create a full scale Ajax enabled application.
7	VII	PHP(Optional) (Theory and Lab)	CO 1 - Solve problems computationally through the application of fundamental concepts and able to Design Web Pages. CO 2 - PHP's built-in server to serve static resources and to upload files to the website. CO 3 - Design and analysis of Patterns and Apps development.

Sl. No.	Name of Program	Program Outcomes (PO)	Program Specific Outcomes
	B.Com (Computer Applications)	PO1:Understand basic concepts and terminology of information technology, basic understanding of personal computers and their operations	PSO1: To impart a basic level understanding of working of a computer and its usage. Able to work on DOS and MS Office.
		PO2: Interpret the basic principles of C Programming. Learn syntax of various concepts in C language. PO3:Students to create databases and insert in	PSO2: Students will design and develop modular programming. Can illustrate the concepts of various data structures.
		information about tables. Updates the information to the data base, modify ,add information to the tables. PO4: The purpose of this topic is	PSO3: - These concepts include aspects of database design, database languages and database-system implementation
		to introduce to students to web- programming language.	PSO4: Students will be able to enhance their analyzing and develop web pages.

Sl. No	Semester	Course Name	Course Outcomes(COs)
1	I	Fundamentals of Information Technology (Theory and Lab)	CO 1 - Introduction, Evolution, Classification and Application of Computer. Introduction to Input and Output Devices, acquire knowledge on basic understanding of personal computers and their operations Can be able to write a program, save and open it. CO 2- Acquire knowledge on to Number System and Primary and Secondary Storage CO 3 - Types of Software, Differences, Types of Languages, and Introduction to MS Office, Able to work on documents, perform calculations in spread sheet using formulae, can make a presentation using slides and can explore using web browsers CO 4 - Demonstrate an understanding of the operating system, different types of networks and execute its associated commands properly CO 5- Basic Networking Devices and types of Networks, Communication Process, Data Transmission speed, Communication Types(modes), Data Transmission Medias, Modem and its working, characteristics, LAN Topologies
2	II	Programming in C & C++ (Theory and Lab)	CO 1 Types of Languages, Variables, Data types and Operators used in C Language Read, understand and trace the execution of programs written in C language. CO 2 Acquire Conditional statements and Looping Statements CO 3 - Functions and its types, explore usage of Arrays, strings, and functions.

			Implement Programs with pointers and arrays, perform
			pointers and arrays, perform pointer arithmetic, and use the pre-processor.
			CO5-Introduction to Object Oriented Programming, Basic Structure of C++ program, Storage Classes-Similarities and Differences between C & C++
3	III	RDBMS (Theory and Lab)	CO 1 – Create and compile, Execute. CO 2 - Using various DDL, DML, DCL programs. CO 3 - Lab list programs CO 4 - Database, Tables linking, like joins CO 5 - Lab programs.
4	IV	Web Technology (Theory and Lab)	CO 1- Can be able to write a program, save and open it, Color-full web-pages. CO 2 - dynamic changing Reduces the steps CO 3 - Reduces the size of the code, set of statements are replaced by function calls. CO 4 - Mouse action, keyboard action, Window Events CO 5 - Efficient use of memory, Different modes of

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS

VISION

To develop the the ability to apply the knowledge they acquired by the study of economics to become competitive in the job market.

MISSION

To provide a firm foundation about the working of the economy and develop the relevant skills for the application of the knowledge of Economics in the professional and personal lives of the students.

S No	Name of the Programme	Programme Outcomes (PO's)	Programme Specific Outcomes(PSO's)
1	B.A. Economics	1. Understand basic concepts in economics and apply economic principles in real world situation.	1. Ability to become economic advisors to government and policy makers.
		2. Foster the economic way of thinking.	2. Acquiring knowledge and confidence to take up career in Indian economic services.
		3. Ability to Understand various social issues and economic problems.	
		4. Develop the ability to apply the knowledge they acquired through the study of Economics to become competitive in the job market.	of economics with statistical
		5. Acquire skills in critical thinking, problem solving and communication.	

U.G PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Course Name	COs
Micro Economics	Module-I-consumer Behavior COI: Students will learn the Hicks version of consumer behavior and how the consumer try to get maximum level of stratification.
	Module-II-Production Analysis CO2: Students will know the varies combination of factors of production and how can the least cost combination of factors be obtained by a firm.
	Module-III- Cost and Revenue Analysis CO3: Students will learn the nature of cost refers to the cost output relation during the short and the long periods
	Module-IV-Market structure – Imperfects CO4: Students will get the information about the present market structure and how the prices of commodities prices are determine under different markets.
	Module-V-Analysis of Business firm, profit and pricing strategies. CO5: Students will learn profit maximation strategies of firm.
Macro economics	Module –I- Introduction of Macro economics. CO1: It provides knowledge regarding the formulation of broad economic policies that maximize the level of national income.
	Module-II- Theories of Income and employment. CO2: Students can understand the theory of employment multiplier and acceleration, and importantnce of government in economics activates. Module-III-Investment and the pries of interest rate. CO3: Students will understand the relationship between Investment and savings and demonstrate investment. Module-IV-Supply of Money and demand for
	Micro Economics

		money
		money.
		CO4: Students will analyses the factors to determine the supply of money and demand for money.
SEM	Statistics for	Module-I- Introduction of Statistics.
III	economics.	CO1: Students can understand the using statistics as a tool on business and commerce is for decision making.
		Module-II- Measures of central Tendency and Dispersion.
		CO2: Students will know the averages proved the gist and give a bird eye view of the huge mass of unwieldy numerical data.
		Module –III- Correlation and Regression CO3: Students will able analysis the relates to varies methods and techniques used for studying and
		CO4: measurering the extent of relationship between the two variables.
		CO5: After studying the regression students will understand the functional and mathematical relationship between two variables.
		Module-IV-Index Numbers
		CO6: It give the knowledge of base period and
		current period price index numbers.
		Module-V-Analysis of Time series.
		CO7: It demonstrates understanding of the concepts of time series and arrangement of values of a
		variable over successive time periods.
SEM	Indian Economy	Module-I-Structure of the Indian Economy.
IV	DSE	CO1: After studying of Indian Economy Students
		will understand structural changes and problems of Indian Economy.
		Module-II-Indian Agriculture
		CO2: Students will understand the role of agrarian

	relation, land reforms and technological changes in
	agricultural development.
	Module –IIIIndian Industry and services.
	CO3: After studying of this Module students can
	understand the Industrial development in India.
	Module-IV- NITI AAYOG
	CO4: Students acquire knowledge of the process of
	transformation from planning commission to Nitti
	Aayog and understand strategies of Nitti Aayog.
	Module-V- Service sector, Economic Reforms.
	CO5: Students will understand the service sector
	play the important role in overall development of
	economy.
Public finance	Module –I-Introduction of Public finance.
i udiic iiiiaiice.	CO1: Students will able to understand the scope
	-
	and importance of public finance. Module-II-Public Expenditure
	CO2: Students will understand the various theories
	of public expenditure and importance of public
	expenditure in development of economy.
	Module IV Figure 1 notices and Foderal finance
	Module-IV-Fiscal policy and Federal finance.
	CO3: Students will understand the how Fiscal
	policy influence the economic condition and
	distribution public revenue among the state and
	central.
	Module-V-Budget
	CO4: Students will understand the preparation of
	budget and how they are passed in the houses.
	Module-I-Theories of International trade.
ECONOMICS	CO1: Students will know classical and modern
	theories of international trade.
	Module-II-Trade and growth.
	CO2: Students will understand international trade is
	the engine of Economic growth and development.
	Module-III-Tariff and Nontariff Barriers to trade.
	CO3: Students will able to understand the tariffs
	and nontariff are the barriers of international trade
	and protection policies of countries.
	r
	Module-IV- Balance of Payment
	Public finance. NTERNATINAL ECONOMICS

		CO4: Student gain the knowledge of BOP and its
		components closely and able to identify trends that
		may be beneficial or harmful to the county's
		economy.
		Module –V-Internal factors movements.
		CO5: Students will understand the movements of
		labor, capital and other factors of production
		between countries.
SEM	H.P.P	Module-I- Telangana Economy
\mathbf{V}	Generic elective.	CO1:After studying this module the students will
		understand the total structure of Telangana
		Economy.
		Module-II-Gross State Domestic Product, Poverty
		and Unemployment.
		CO2: Students will get the knowledge of trend in
		GSDP of Telangana and the process development
		of the state.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

OUR VISION

Unravelling the Past for the Present

OUR MISSION

To educate and empower students with the knowledge of history, which is an unending dialogue between the past, present and future, enabling them to understand and comprehend the subject and its importance in their daily lives.

S.no	Name of the	Programme Outcome	Programme Specific Outcome
	Programme		
1.	B.A. HISTORY (REGULAR)	PO 1: The current syllabus is well chosen to represent and make the students familiar with the dominant events of different ages, and open out new perspectives to the student. PO 2: The students acquire	SEMESTER I History of India (From Earliest Times to 700 CE) PSO 1: As a history student one will learn from this paper about the status of the society and culture of the Paleolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic, Harappa and Bronze ages
		knowledge of the historical events of the Ancient, Medieval, Modern Indian History and European History in new aspects. PO 3: The expected outcome is to provide students with a sense of how interconnected our present is	in ancient India. PSO 2: They can acquire knowledge about the Vedic and later-Vedic Period of India and gather knowledge about rise of Jainism and Buddhism. PSO 3: To be acquainted with the agrarian and commercial economy,
		with the past.	social practices and polity of the Gupta and post-Gupta period. SEMESTER II History of India (c.700 – 1526 CE) PSO 1: To be acquainted with the political structure of the time with reference to the regional polities and Arab and Turkish invasion.
			PSO 2: To know the political structure of the Delhi Sultanate and as well as provincial powers—their expansion, consolidation, theories of kingship. PSO 3: To understand the religious beliefs and cultural trend of the period with references to Sufi and Bhakti movements. SEMESTER III History of India (1526 – 1857 CE)

PSO 1: Students acquire knowledge towards the Turkey's invasion and Struggle for Empire in North-Western India and foundation of the Mughal Rule in India.

PSO 2: They will learn about how the Regional Powers had been raised in different parts of India after downfall of the Mughal Empire of Delhi.

PSO 3: They learn the Company's Rule, its establishment in India after the Battle of Plessey and Legitimized the regulating Act, Pitt's India Act, Charter Acts of 1813, 1833 and 1853, Administrative, Military, Police and Educational Reforms as well.

PSO 4: The renaissance and socioreligious reforms movement occurred by Rammohan Roy (Brahma Samaj), Young Bengal, Vidyasagar under the rule of the Company in Bengal.

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC I)

Historical and Cultural Tourism

PSO 1: Students will learn about the environment, culture, tradition, practices of Indian people.

PSO 2: They will acquire knowledge towards the urbanization and changing socio-cultural scenarios of India.

PSO 3: Students gather knowledge about the cultural heritage, performing arts, fairs and festivals.

SEMESTER IV

History of India (1858 – 1964 CE)

PSO 1: To be acquainted with the rise of nationalism in India with reference to moderates, extremists and revolutionaries, Partition of Bengal.

PSO 2: They can acquire knowledge of rise of Gandhiji's power in Indian politics and his activities towards the freedom like,

Rowlatt Satyagraha, Khilafat and Non-cooperation movement.

PSO 3: The causes and impact of the partition of India in 1947.

PSO 4: To understand the character of post-independence Indian state.

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC II)

Archives and Museums

PSO 1: Students will learn how to maintain documentary, visual and material remains of the past.

PSO 2: They can understand the importance and significance of the Museum and Archives in building the History of India.

Generic Elective (GE) Indian National Movement

PSO 1: Understand the events which lead to the growth of nationalism in India.

PSO 2: Acquaint themselves with major events of the freedom struggle under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi.

PSO 3: Explain the contribution of Revolutionaries, Left Movement, and Indian National Army.

PSO 4: Know the concept of Communalism and the causes and effects of the partition of India.

SEMESTER V History of Modern World (1453 – 1964 CE)

PSO 1: To understand the meaning and nature of the European renaissance—its spread and impact. **PSO 2:** To understand the socio-

economic and political dimensions of the crisis in Europe in the 17th century.

PSO 3: To acquire knowledge about the economic doctrine like mercantilism and factors leading to the industrialization.

PSO 4: To learn European politics in the 17th and 18th with reference

to parliamentary monarchy and patterns of absolutism in Europe.

SEMESTER VI

History and Culture of Telangana (From Earliest Times to 2014 CE)

PSO 1: Brief Political Survey of Satavahanas, Ikshvakus,

Vishnukundins

societies.

PSO 2: The information of Medieval Telangana from Kakatiyas to Qutb Shahis

PSO 3: Political Developments in Hyderabad State from 1900 to 1942 **PSO 4:** December 2009 Declaration

PSO 5: The Formation of Telangana State, June 2014.

Optional Paper – Ancient Civilizations

PSO 1: Identify geographic and agricultural factors that shaped the development of early civilizations **PSO 2:** Distinguish, compare, and contrast key cultural and political characteristics of advanced ancient

PSO 3: Explain major social, economic, political, and cultural historical themes or patterns in the history of Early Civilizations.

An Introduction to Archaeology

PSO 1: Students will gather knowledge about definition and components of archaeology.

PSO 2: They will acquire knowledge on historiography and research methodology in history.

PSO 3: They will learn how to identify archaeological sites and explorations of ancient history.

Understanding Heritage

PSO 1: To understand the different facets of heritage and their significance.

PSO 2: To understand about the legal and institutional frameworks for heritage protection

	in India.
	PSO 3: Gather knowledge about the
	heritage through projects and visit
	to Museum and Archives.

	Course Outcomes of History U.G.		
S.no.	Course Name	Course Outcomes	
1.	SEMESTER – I History of India (From Earliest Times to 700 CE)	CO 1: Perceive various sources to study of Ancient India. CO 2: Know about the development and the achievements of man in the Stone Age. CO 3: Understand the glory of Indian history in the age of Harrappa civilization CO 4: Comprehend the history of Vedic period. Understand the philosophy of Jainism and Buddhism.	
2.	SEMESTER – II History of India (c.700 – 1526 CE)	CO 1: Understand early difficulties of Sultans in India CO 2: Grasp territorial expansion of Sultanate Period. CO 3: Understand the administrative setup of Sultanate from central to local level.	
3.	SEMESTER – III History of India (1526 – 1857 CE)	CO 1: Understand the political situation of India on the eve of Babar's invasion. CO 2: Grasp territorial expansion of Mughal empire CO 3: Understand the emergence & consolidation of Sher Shah. CO 4: Grasp the Mughal concept at divine theory of kingship & state CO 5: Discuss the advent of Europeans and their administration CO 6: To gain knowledge with respect to the first uprising war of Independence, its causes, and consequences.	
4.	SEMESTER – IV History of India (1858 – 1964 CE)	CO 1: Understand about the Socio-religious reform movements in 19th century. CO 2: State the role of moderates and extremists in the freedom movement. CO 3: Rise of Gandhiji and his contribution to freedom struggle. CO 4: Multiple struggles of various other freedom fighters and movements that led to the rise of Nationalism among the among the people and fight for Independent India from the British. CO 5: Insights into various regulating acts and crown rules with respect to the administrative reforms in India.	
5.	SEMESTER – V History of Modern World (1453 – 1964 CE)	CO 1: Understand the Geographical discoveries and the Renaissance movement in Europe. CO 2: Assess the causes and effects of Reformation and Counter-Reformation movements. CO 3: Realize the cause and results of French Revolution and the achievements of Napoleon Bonaparte. CO 4: Visualize the importance of revolt of 1830 and 1848 in France and the efforts of Bismarck for the unification of Germany. CO 5: Understand the causes and results for the First world war. CO 6: Examine the Nazism and Fascism in German and Italy. CO 7: Understand the causes and results of Second World	

		War and the establishment of UNO.
6.	SEMESTER – VI History	CO 1: To understand the Geo-Historical aspects of
	and Culture of Telangana	Telangana, Religious Movements, Art and Architecture,
	(From Earliest Times to	Folk and Tribal Art, Handicrafts etc.
	2014 CE)	CO 2: To learn and understand the heritage and culture of
		Telangana with a focus on Religious Movements, Art &
		Architecture, Folk and Tribal Culture.
		CO 3: Focusing on imparting knowledge about the dynasties
		of the state majorly the Asaf Jahi dynasty and their
		contribution in the development of the state and the
		modernization of Hyderabad under their reign.
		CO 4: The state of Hyderabad during 1900-1942 and the
		major events that contributed to the National Movement for
		freedom.
		CO 5: The major events that later led to the formation of the
		present-day Telangana State.

Department Of Mathematics

Vision

Bring out ingenuity among students and provide them a support that fosters intellectual growth.

Mission

Develop the attitude and ability to apply Mathematical skills for suitable career and groom them for inter disciplinary domain.

S.NO	program	Program Outcomes (PO'S)	Program Specific Outcomes(PSO'S)
1	M.P.C	PO1:Possess a sound understanding of the	*
2.	M.P.Cs	theoretical foundations of various core subjects.	1
3	M.E.Cs	PO2:Acquire analytical and	Life Problems.
4	M.C.Cs	logical thinking skills necessary to persue higher	PSO2: Learn traditional techniques of solving Algebraic ,Differential
5	M.P.E	education.	Integral &Transcendental equations which have applications
		PO3:Gain employment at entry level positions based on program curriculum.	in many disciplines.

S.No.	Course Name	Course Outcomes
1.	Differential and Integral Calculus	CO1: learn the concept of two variables CO2: Gain the knowledge on Partial Derivatives, Homogeneous functions and Maxima and Minima of the functions. CO3; Learn about Curvature, Evolutes, Envelopes and Partial Differentiation. CO4: Able to find the lengths of a Plane curves, Volumes and surface of Revolution.

2.	Differential Equations	CO1: learn the concept of two variables CO2: Gain the knowledge on Partial Derivatives ,Homogeneous functions and Maxima and Minima of the functions. CO3; Learn about Curvature,Evolutes,Envelopes and Partial Differentiation. CO4: Able to find the lengths of a Plane curves,Volumes and surface of Revolution.
3.	Real Analysis	CO1: Learn about Sequences, Series, Subsequences and to identify convergence and divergence of the Sequences, infinite series by tests. CO2: Gain knowledge on the concepts of continuity, Differentiation of Real valued functions and Riemann integrability of Bounded functions.
4	Abstract Algebra	CO1: Acquire knowledge of fundamental algebraic structures namely Groups ,Rings,Fields and Polynomial Rings.
5.	Linear Algebra	CO1: Understand the concepts of Vector spaces, Subspaces, Linear span , Bases, Dimension. CO2: Relate Matrices and Linear Transformation. Able to compute Eigen values and Eigen Vectors. CO3: Learn the properties of inner product spaces , determine orthogonality in inner product spaces and diagonalisation of Linear Transfomations.
6.	Solid Geometry	CO1: Gain knowledge on Planes, sphere, Cone, Cylinder and Coinicoids.

DEPARTMENT OF MICROBIOLOGY

Vision:-

To make students self-sustain.

Mission:-

Best life practices.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

S.No.	Name of the Programme	POs	PSOs
S.No.		PO1. Microbiologist who has knowledge of botany can have the subject knowledge about what are the different microbes which are useful or harmful to the plants and how to increase or decrease their effects on plants without using artificial chemicals. PO2. Students can also have the information about how to produce the different useful products from plants using microbes and also know about the different chemical reactions occurring in plants and microbes during their survival as well as processing. PO3. Students who pot combination of Zoology, Microbiology and Chemistry can have the knowledge about the different microbes causing different disease, diagnosing them & treating them in both humans & animals. PO4. Production of various drugs by	PSO1.Microbiology overlaps with various courses/areas of biology like molecular biology, genetics, forensic, biotechnology & immunology. Scope of microbiology is huge because of the involvement of microbiology in various fields such as pharmacy, medicine, clinical research, agriculture, dairy industry, water industry, medical transcription, nanotechnology & chemical technology. PSO2.Microbiologist role is to ensure developing green technologies, treating and
		using microbes and their effect in different animals in different species and the type of enzymatic reaction it undergoes can be known. PO5.Students who have combination with Applied nutrition can study the	graduate level in microbiology. PSO4. In P.G level specialization in microbiology like Industrial microbiology, cellular microbiology, soil microbiology, microbial

micro organisms involved in food	genetics, Agriculture
fermentation, production of probiotics.	microbiology, Medical
	microbiology etc are available.
	PSO5. Further students can go
	into the research field where
	new discoveries in the field of
	science is taking place.
	Academics: They can go as a
	professor in microbiology after
	completion of M.Sc.

UG Microbiology Course Outcomes

S.No.	Course Name (Paper)	COs
		CO1.Introduction to Microbiology
	Course: Sem I	Understand the contributions of different eminent
1	Paper I: General microbiology	scientist in the development of Microbiology & scope
		of various branches & it's application
		CO2.Structure of bacteria, viruses & pure culture
		concept
		Study the morphology of microorganism's & different
		instruments techniques used to view different
		microorganisms.
	CO3.Microbial nutrition and metab	
metabolism of carbohydrates.		Understand and explain various processes of
		metabolism of carbohydrates.
		CO4. Sterilization techniques and microbial growth
		Illustrate & describe the structures and components of
		different microorganisms.
		*Understand working and mechanism of different
	Course: Sem I Lab	quipments and tools used in microbiology and
2	Paper I: General microbiology	
		*Prepare various nutrient media for cultivating
		microbes in laboratory.
		*Perform the staining technique of various bacteria.
		*Enumerate the bacterial number in the sample by
viable count.		viable count.
		*Design an experiment to isolate specific bacteria in
		pure form from sample.

		*Demonstrate different methods to preserve microbial	
		cultures.	
		CO1. Concept of biodiversity	
	Course: Sem II	Study about biodiversity and classification of living	
3.	Paper II : Microbial diversity	organisms	
	aper II. Microbial diversity	CO2. Prokaryotic microbial diversity	
		Learn the characteristics of Different microorganisms.	
		CO3. Eukaryotic microbial diversity	
		Understand the basic nutrional requirements of	
		bacteria & compare the characteristics properties of	
		algal, fungal& protozoan forms.	
		CO4. Microbial ecosystems	
		Gain knowledge about different microbial interaction	
		*Isolate methanogenic bacteria from manure by	
	Course: Sem II lab	anaerobic culturing	
4.	Paper II: Microbial diversity	*Demonstrate the isolation and enumeration of	
		halophiles from saline environment	
		*Isolate & demonstrate microbial interactions from	
		different habitats.	
		*Perform the fungal staining technique	
		Demonstrate the experiment to show that microscopic	
		cell counts are significantly higher than corresponding	
		counts of colony forming units on agarplates.	
		*Demonstrate how the microorganisms are present in	
		different layers of this microcosm by winogradsky's	
		coloumn	
		CO1.Introduction to blood	
_	Course: Sem III	To study about blood & its components, complete	
5.	SEC - Haematology	blood picture, normal and abnormal conditions.	
		CO2. Blood transfusion	
		Get the knowledge about blood transfusion & its	
		preservation, Blood diseases.	
		CO1.Fermented foods	
6.	Course: Sem III	Explain about how different microorganism are	
0.	Paper III: Food and	involved in production of different fermented foods,	
	environmental	diary products.	
	microbiology	CO2.Microbial food spoilage and poisoning	
		Study about different food preservation methods,	
		spoilage& food quality control	
		CO3.Air and water microbiology	
		Compare the role played by different microorganism	
		in relation with environment	
		CO4.Soil microbiology	

		Ct. 1. 1. D	
		Study the Properties of soil & methods of how plants	
		and microbes interact can be known.	
7		*Determine the microbiological quality of milk &	
7.	Course: Sem III Lab	microbial load present in the give water sample	
	Paper III: Food and	*Isolate the different microorganisms present in air	
	environmental	and also the microbes involved in spoilage of	
	microbiology	fruits/vegetables.	
		*Demonstrate the amount of dissolved oxygen needed	
		by aerobic organisms to breakdown organic material	
		present in a given water sample over a specific time	
		period	
		*Extract and detect the toxins produced byfungal	
		organisms in contaminated food.	
		*Design an experiment to isolate & identify bacteria &	
		yeast which help in maintaining natural balance of	
		organisms in the intestines	
		CO1. Importance and history of mushrooms which is	
8.	Course: Sem IV	an energy rich, protein rich food can be known.	
	SEC – Mushroom cultivation	CO2. Get information on how to cultivate the useful	
		mushrooms	
		CO1.Medical bacteriology	
9.	Course: Sem IV	Different bacteria causing different diseases are been	
	Paper IV : Medical	studied	
	microbiology and	CO2.Medical virology and parasitology	
	immunology	Gain information about different viruses & parasites	
		causing different disease can be known.	
		CO3.Introduction to immunology	
		Understand and describe human body resistance	
		mechanism against diseases	
		CO4.Immunological disorders and Ag-Ab reactions	
		Different reactions occurring in vivo and invitro to	
		diagnose causative agent of particulars disease and	
		also naturally curing of the some disease/infections by	
		our body can be studied, production of vaccines can be	
		studied.	
		*Enable the students to determine various components	
10	Course: Sem IV lab	of the blood like RBC, WBC, blood grouping & Rh	
10	Paper IV : Medical	typing	
	microbiology and	*Understand and analyze the antigen and antibody	
	immunology	interactions which is used in diagnosis of typhoid &	
		syphilis also determine the homologies between	
		antigens	
		*Demonstrate different biochemical test used in	

		identification of bacteria in the given sample	
		*Determine the sensitivity of specific bacteria to given	
		antibiotics	
		CO1.Introduction	
11	Course: Sem V	Gain the knowledge about different scientist	
11	GE – Microbiology and	contributions. Characteristics, media used and growth	
	human health	of bacteria can be known.	
		CO2.Microorganisms: Good and Bad	
		Know what are the different beneficial	
		microorganisms present in our body	
		CO3.Immunity and health	
		Different components, cells, organs and their	
		involvement in developing immunity in the body,	
		production of vaccines, probiotics can be known.	
		CO4. Waste management and health hazards	
		Study the different methods of safe disposal of	
		industrial and biomedical waste can be known.	
		CO1.Microbial genetics	
12.	Course: Sem V	Knowledge about what is the genetic material and how	
12.	Paper V : Molecular biology	it is transferred from one generation to another	
	and microbial genetics	generation – basis of their transfer.	
		CO2. Mutations and genetic recombination	
		Analysis the changes occurring in the gene and how	
		the genes are transferred. CO3.Gene expression	
		By this unit, knowledge about how the information	
		present on the gene can be expressed is known.	
		CO4.Recombinant DNA technology	
		Illustrate the different methods of genetic material	
		transferred.	
		*Determine the concentration of various components	
	Course: Sem V lab	like DNA, RNA, protein present in the given samples	
13	Paper V : Molecular biology	by different techniques.	
	and microbial genetics	*Demonstrate the method involved in extraction and	
	8	separation of genetic material i.e DNA and extra	
		chromosomal, self-replicating DNA i.e plasmid	

		CO1.Microorganisms and selection
	Course Som VI	
14	Course: Sem VI	An overview on utilization and application of micro
	Paper VI : Industrial	organisms in different industrial products can be
	microbiology	studied.
		CO2.Fermentation
		Known the instruments used to produce different
		industrial products and information about different raw
		materials used can be known.
		CO3. Types of fermentation
		Different types of fermentations can be studied
		CO4.Microbial products
		Study the production of different industrial products
		— like ethanol, beverages, Antibiotics, Vitamins, etc
		production.
		*Design the experiments to isolate industrial useful
15	Course: Sem VI lab	microorganisms like amylase producers, organic acid
15	Paper VI : Industrial	producers by different techniques
	microbiology	*Determine the amount of ethanol produced during the
		process of fermentation process
		*design an experiment for the production of citric acid
		by fermentation technique and also estimate the
		amount of citric acid produce
		*Estimate the amount of penicillin present in the given
		sample
		CO1.Microbial products for small scale
16	Course: Sem VII	entrepreneurs
10	Paper VII : Applied	Gain the knowledge about different strains of
	microbiology	microorganisms, culture collection centres and
		methods to increase the fertility of soil by using
		microorganisms
		CO2.Metabolic engineering for microbial products
		To study the methods of metabolic engineering
		techniques to produce pigements, flavouring, aroma
		agent etc.
		CO3.Microbial diagnostics and health
		Understand the steps involved in diagnosing different
		diseases, hospital acquired infection and also how to
		dispose the hospital waste can be known.
		*Isolate and also findout the microbial load present in
17	Course: Sem VII lab	the soil surrounding th root system
17	Paper VII : Applied	*perform the staining technique to observe the fungi
	microbiology	which adhere to the plant roots
		*Segregrate and grow rhizobium from the root nodules

of leguminous plants
*Design the experiment for the mass production and
also the procedure involved for quality control of
rhizobium, mycorhizae, trichoderma & Pseudomonas.
*Perform the different bacterial staining technique.
*Demonstrate how a thick and thin blood smear are
prepared for examination of different blood cells.

Department of Physics & Electronics

VISION

Foster the spirit of inquiry and the students to expand their potential and enhance their intellectual growth to the highest possible levels of academic achievement.

MISSION

Encourage and equip the students with differential abilities to pick and analyse by keenly observing the nature through the lens of physics. Impart education through adoption methods that create interest, stimulate curiosity and inculcate critical and independent thinking essential for pragmatic learning. This is proposed to be accomplished through interactive teaching ,arranging guest lectures and organizing relevant field visits that uncover the minds of students. The scientific favour thus acquired is expected to facilitate the students in choosing to pursue higher education in physics &Electronics as well as in interdisciplinary areas.

UG Program Outcomes

S.No	Name of the	Program Outcomes (PO's)	Program Specific
	program	PO1. Acquired knowledge with facts related to Mathematics ,Physics, Electronics&	Outcomes(PSO's) PSO1.Develop proficiency to apply basic concepts in problem
1	PHYSICS (MPCS,MPC)	Computer device and understand the basic Concepts, fundamental principles scientific theories related to various scientific phenomena and their relevance in day to day life.	solving and provide foundation to understand the advanced topics of physics.
		PO2. Develop critical thinking skills to identify analyse and solve problem of their core areas using modern tools.	PSO2. The students acquire sound knowledge in the ocean of Mechanics, Oscillations, Thermal Physics and Electronics For pursuing higher education and Research.

S NO	Course name	Course outcomes
		CO1. Analysing the concepts of physics with the help
1	Mechanics &	of Vector analysis.
	Oscillations	CO2. Understand translational and rotational
		dynamics and their application.
		CO3. Gain knowledge on central forces.
		CO4. Understand SHM and lissajou's figures to find
		out frequencies of waves
		CO1. Gain knowledge in kinetic theory of gases.
2	Thermal Physics	CO2. Evaluate entropy changes in a wide range of
	j a sa	processes.
		CO3. Understand the significance of laws of thermal
		radiation.
		CO4. Analyse in depth about statistical distribution
		and basic ideas about Boltzmann Fermi-Dirac and
		Bose –Einstein statistics.
		CO1. Gain knowledge on basic laws and concepts in
3	Electromagnetic theory	Electrostatics and Magnetostatics.
	· ·	CO2. Understand the concepts of Electromagnetic
		Induction and applications.
		CO3. Understand the concepts of Network
		Transformation & Network Theorem.
		CO1. Understand the significance of longitudinal and
4	Waves and Optics	transverse waves in strings and bars.
-	Waves and opties	CO2. To solve wave equation and derive boundary
		condition of longitudinal waves in bars.
		CO3. Understand the concept of interference .
		CO4. Study the concept of diffraction and differentiate
		between Frenel's and Fraunhouser's diffraction.
		CO5. Analyse the methods of reflection, refraction
		,scattering.
		CO1. Understand the atomic and molecular
5	Modern Physics	spectroscopies.
	ľ	CO2. Understand the dual nature of matter.
		CO3. Derive Schrodinger time dependent and
		independent wave equations.
		CO4. Get an insight to basic unclear structure and
		model.
		CO5. Gain knowledge on crystallography X-ray
		diffraction and super conduction.
6	Electronics-VI A	CO1.Study the basics of semiconductor & devices also
		their application
		CO2. Understand the operation of diodes& transistors
		and utilize their concepts to design Rectifiers
		,Amplifiers and oscillations.
		CO3. Gain knowledge on different number systems
		their conventions from one systems to another and
		solve the binary arithmetic problems.

	CO4 .Get an insight to analyse and design various
	logic gates& combinational gates.

Programme Outcomes of Electronics

S.No	Name of the program	Program outcomes (PO's) Program Specific Outcomes(PSO's)			
	PO1:		Acquire required skills in	PSO1. Students attain	
		handl	ing scientific instruments	comprehensive	
		and sl	kills of observation and	knowledge in	
	ELECTRONICS	drawi	ng logical inference from	Electronics that helps to	
2	(MECS,MPE)	exper	iments to meet the industrial	construct analyse, and	
		needs	1	verify; digital & discrete	
		PO2:	Apply suitable techniques	component circuits,	
		&skil	ls while doing the	using appropriate tools	
		exper	iments ,the ability to think	& Techniques	
		indep	endently and creatively and	PSO2. Design develop	
			ion effectively as an	Electronic system for	
			idual and as a member or	practical applications.	
			r in diverse team and		
			disciplinary environments.		
S.NO	Name of the cour	:se	Course or	itcomes	
			CO1. Analyse the electric cir	rcuit using kirchoff's laws	
			and Network theorem.		
1	Circuit Analysis		CO2. Evaluate transient response and study state		
			responses of RC &RL circuit	•	
			CO3. Analyse the frequency	response of RC&RL	
			circuits.		
			CO4. Understand working an	nd application of CRO.	
			CO1. Study and analyse the	behaviour of	
			semiconductor materials.		
			CO2. Understand the behavi	our of BJT in CC,CB	
2	Electronic Devices		&CE configuration.		
			CO3. Use Diodes, BJT, FET, UJT, SCR in simple		
			application.		
			CO4. Understand the behaviour and characteristics of		
			Photoelectric devices.		
			CO1. Construct and Design a better and regulated		
			Power Supply.		
_			CO2. Understand the working of Amplifiers responses.		
3	Analog Circuits		CO3. Observe the effect of f	eedback frequency	
			responses.	1 1' C	
			CO4. Explain and compare the working of		
			Multivibration.		
	T:		CO1. On communication of the course students are		
	Linear integrated	•	able to:		
	circuits and basic of		CO2. To learn basic function of operational Amplifier,		

4	communication.	Ideal and practical characteristics and their	
		mathematical application.	
		CO3. To understand basic construction of active	
		filters, comparators and their application in	
		Electronics.	
		CO4. To understand amplitude, phase, frequency	
		modulation.	
		CO1. Study various number systems, conversions one	
		from other and carryout arithmetic operation.	
5	Digital electronics	CO2. Understand combinational logic circuits.	
		CO3. Analyse and design sequential circuits	
		CO4. Understand the architecture of microprocessor	
		and realize the programming and interfacing with 8085	
		microprocessor.	
		CO1. To understand the basic architecture of 8- bit	
		microcontrollers.	
	8051 Microcontroller	CO2. Able to write programs on8051 microcontroller	
6	and Applications-VI B	based systems.	
		CO3. Identify the addressing modes of an instruction .	
		CO4. Develop programming skills in assembly	
		language.	
		CO5. Application of 8051microcontroller.	

M.Sc PHYSICS

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

S.No	Name of the	Program outcomes (PO's)	Program Specific
01110	program		Outcomes(PSO's)
		PO1 Apply the knowledge of	PSO1: have fundamental and
	MSc	physics to solvecomplex	advanced level knowledge in
1	PHYSICS	scientific problems. (Scientific	field of nuclear and particle
		Knowledge)	physics,
		PO2: Identify, formulate and	particularly plasma and fusion
		analyse complex scientific	reactor, and radiation physics
		problem for higher studies.	together with their
		(problemanalysis)	applications and mathematical
		PO3: select, design and	physics ,spectroscopy and its
		apply appropriate	applications
		experimental techniques with	PSO2. have fundamental and
		computational tools to solve	advanced level knowledge in
		problems of physics. (Design /	field of classical, quantum and
		development of solutions)	statistical mechanics
		PO4. apply and demonstrate	
		the basic physicsin	PSO3. have fundamental and
		environmental context for	advanced level knowledge in
		sustainable development.	field of electronics,
		(Environment and sustainability)	communication, control
		PO5. understand ethical	systems, microprocessor and
		principles and responsibilities	microcontrollers Embedded
		of a physics graduate to serve	systems, Electronics and
		the society.	Instrumentation together with
		(Ethics)	their applications in
		PO6. communicate effectively	interdisciplinary areas of science.
		through report, writing, documentation and effective	PSO4. have fundamental and
		presentation (communication)	advanced level knowledge in field of material science
		PO7. enhance and adopt new	particularly solid state
		skills for future employability in	Physics
		teaching and research through	Thysics
		seminar,	
		internship. (Future	
		Employbility).	
		PO8.successfully compete at	
		national and international	
		level competitive	
		examinations.(Competency)	

SEMESTER I

S.NO	Name of the course	Course outcomes
		CO1 .Gain Knowledge in Legendere's and Bessel's
Ι	MATHEMATICAL	Differential Equation
	PHYSICS	CO2. Gain Knowledge in Hermite and Laugueree
		Didderential equations
		CO3 . Understaands the difference between laplace and
		fourier Transform
		CO4. Understands the difference between Tensors and
		Matrices
		CO1. Gain knowledge in Newtonian Mechanics ,Lorentz
II	CLASSICAL	Transformation.
	MECHANICS	CO2. Understands The Concepts Pf Lagrangian
	1,12,012,11,1200	Mechanics
		CO3. Gain knowledge about Hamiltonian Mechanics
		CO4. Understands basic mechanical concepts related to
<u></u>		discrete and continuous mechanical systems.
		CO1.Student identifies mathematical space that contains
III	QUANTUM	all possible states of a physical system using Dirac's
	MECHANICS-I	notation.
		CO2.Students computes the energy eigen values and
		evolution of the quantum simple harmonic oscillator and
		evolution of a particle in a box.
		CO3.Student finds the transmission and reflection
		coefficients for one dimensional barriers.
		CO4. Student finds the commutation relations for linear
		angular momentum.
	SOLID STATE	CO1. Gain basic knowledge of crystal systems and spatial
IV	PHYSICS	symmetries, concepts like structure factor, and able to
		account for how crystalline materials are studied using
		diffraction.
		CO2. Understand vibrational properties of solid state
		system, know what phonons are and be able to perform
		estimates of their dispersive and thermal properties.
		CO3.Gain knowledge About Bloch's theorem and about
		energy bands, fundamental principles of semiconductors
		and to estimate the charge carrier mobility and density
		CO4. gain knowledge about the experiment techniques of
* *	G 77 0 G7 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	crystal growth
V	C-PROGRAMMING	CO1: gain knowledge about basics of C-Programing
		CO2: will implement numerical methods in C-
		Programming
VI	Optics	CO1. To understand diffraction and interference patterns
	P	of monochromatic light
		CO2. Students try to understand double refraction of light
		and obtain minimum deviation for poly chromatic light
		passing through the prism.

SEMESTER II

S.NO	Name of the course	Course outcomes
I	ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY	CO1:To familiarize the students with different concepts of electrostatic, magnetostatic and time varying electromagnetic systems. To analyze Maxwell's equations in different forms and apply them to solve various electromagnetic field problems. CO2:Students are exposed to the ideas of plane em waves, their propagation in different media, power flow, polarization. CO3:Students gain knowledge about boundary conditions, plane em wave reflection and transmission at boundaries, Fresnel's equations, metallic reflection and dispersion. CO4:Students will be able to understand wave equations for potentials, retarded potentials, oscillating source and able to explain electric and magnetic dipole radiation, linear antenna.
Π	STATISTICAL MECHANICS	CO1.Students will have basic idea of phase space, micro state, macro state and provides the idea of probability to the particles. CO2. Students have the insight of postulates of statistical physics and learn which particles follow which statistics and why. CO3.Students apply the statistical distribution in real life problem and understand their problem. Many real system of particles will be dealt throughout the course to relate the theoretical knowledge to practical one. CO4.Students will be able to compute the fluctuation in the number of particles in the
Ш	QUANTUM MECHANICS -II	system at constant V and T. CO1.Student is able to explain the Dirac equation and its free-particle solutions. CO2.Students will be able to know how to express observables in field theory in terms of annihilation and creation operators. CO3.Study the Stark effect, characters of hydrogen atom. CO4.Study the wkB approximation method.

IV	ELECTRONICS	CO1.Gain Knowledge about Ana log Circuits and there Applications, CO2.To understand basic function of OP-Amp, and its applications and learnt about 555 IC CO3.gain knowledge about Digital systems and its applications CO4.To understand basic architecture of 8-bit microprocessor, able to write programs on 8085 microprocessor. Develop skills in assembly language programme
V	ELECTRONICS LAB	CO1:Gain knowledge to design digital circuits CO2:able to implement analog circuits
VI	HEAT & ACOSTICS LAB	CO:. Students finds out the young,s ,rigidity modulus and understand the viscosity of water ,estimates the errors in simple pendulum oscillations. Students comes to understand thermistor behaviour , and also find out the Stephen's constant.

SEMESTER III

S.No	Name of the course	Course Outcome
I	MODERN OPTICS	CO1.able to understand principles involved in the interactions between light and matter, the requirements for a system to act as a laser. CO2.To differentiate the various types of lasers and their means of excitation, assess which laser would best meet the need for a particular industrial or research task CO3understands the fundamentals ,techniques and applications of holography and Fourier optics. CO4'To expose the students to fundamental concepts of non linear optics, second harmonic generation ,self focusing of light, phase matching considerations
II	ADVANCED SOLID STATE PHYSICS	CO1. Gain Knowledge for what Fermi surface is and how it can be measured, effect of electric and magnetic fields on it. CO2.understand about dielectrics and to measure dielectric constant of a solid and their behaviour, ferroelectric crystals classification ,polarization. CO3. understand magnetic properties of solids along with the theoretical methods of quantum mechanics, statistical mechanics. CO4. gain knowledge about super conductivity, and its applications.

III ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTATION CO1.How the errors are occurring in and how to test the system performar different input signals. CO2.About concept of amplifiers & importance in instrument design. CO3.About various signal generators analysers. And also the types of distornistrument CO4. the concept of different types or recording systems and also about distruments and also about distruments. IV MICROPROCESSORS, DSPs & microprocessor and how to interfacing the microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and based system.	filters and their s and spectrum ortions in the of measuring and plays. ure of 8086 ng various ICs to and also how to
CO2. About concept of amplifiers & importance in instrument design. CO3. About various signal generators analysers. And also the types of distrinstrument CO4. the concept of different types or recording systems and also about districted microprocessor and how to interfacing the microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about architect microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor design with a system design write assembly language programs and also about districted microprocessor design with the design with the design with	of measuring and plays. ure of 8086 ng various ICs to and also how to
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INTERFACING the microprocessor in system design write assembly language programs an	and also how to
write assembly language programs an	
hased system	nd run on 8086
CO2.understands how to interface va	
while designing 8086 microprocessor	•
And also difference between 16-bit, 3	
multi core and advanced processors a	and their
architectures.	D ab
CO3.gain knowledge about special p	-
processor and its usage in day to day	
CO4 undersatands various addressin	g modes and
Instructions of DSP processor.	1 TT 11 CC
V GENERAL CO1. Understands and gain skills to	•
PHYSICS LAB-I ,Temperature variation of Resistivity	
, determining the magnetic susception	-
CO2. Understands ultrasonic wave v	•
liquids, thermo emf solar cell charact	eristics.
VI CDECIALLAD I COLC : 1711 /	0007
VI SPECIAL LAB -I CO1.Gain skills to run programs usin	_
microprocessor and constructing dig	nai experiments
using ICs.	ina
CO2. Gain knowledge about interfac	ing

SEMESTER -IV

S.No	Name of the Course	Course Outcome
I	NUCLEAR	CO1.understands about nuclear forces and nuclear models
	PHYSICS	using quantum mechanical theories. CO2. will be exposed to understand the theories of three types of radioactive decay (α, β, ν) , nature of α , β spectra.
		CO3. To compare the relative penetrating power of three types of nuclear radiation,
		CO4.Helps students to learn about nuclear reactions, characteristics, fusion and fission reactions and information about nuclear structure.
II	SPECTROSCOPY	CO1.understands the atomic spectra of one and two valence electrons of atoms CO2.undersatans the Molecular Spectra and its salient features and explains Rotational Vibrational spectra of atoms.
		CO3.gain knowledge about Raman and IR spectra and how Fourier principle used in spectrometer. CO4gain information about Electron spin and nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy and there applications
Ш	INTRUMENTATION MEASUREMENT,CON TROL,	CO1. About concept of transducers and their usage in measuring physical parameters. CO2. About pressure measuring transducers and flow measurement meters. CO3. the importance of open & closed loop control systems in designing various process control systems and also about the concept of servomechanism.
īV	Embedded systems and Its applications	CO1. Various types of architectures, CISC and RISC processors, architecture of 8051 microcontroller and its importance in embedded system design. CO2. Programming &instructions of 8051, the importance of interrupts and also serial communication. CO3. PIC microcontrollers, architecture and pin diagram of different types of PIC controllers. CO4. How to interface various ICs to microcontrollers in designing embedded systems and also how to control various motors by the microcontrollers.
V	GENERAL PHYSICS LAB-II	CO1.Understands different nuclear radiations, detection and nuclear properties.
VI	SPECIAL LAB-11	CO1.Gain skills to run programs using 8051 microcontrollers and understands various types of filters CO2. Gain knowledge about interfacing.

DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

VISION

Training India's future Political Leaders.

MISSION

Political Science is Fundamental to helping student understand and Act more effectively in the world.

U.G PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Name of the Programme	Programme Outcomes (PO's)	Programme Specific Outcomes(PSO's)
B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE	1. BA Political Science offers a strong platform to venture into diverse field like academics, research, teaching, administrative jobs, journalism, work in national and international nonprofit organization (NGOs) and election campaign manager.	Ability to become teachers, professors and Political leaders.
	2. Educate students about normative political value, concepts and debates centre don these along with political processes, theories, governments in India and other countries and international relations between those countries.	Acquire Knowledge of World Politics.
	3. Educates the students about the safeguards of their Rights.	Students can protect their Rights.
	4. Aim of the course is to expose the students to the diverse Political philosophies from the ancient to modern times, and how they have	Acquire knowledge about Constitution.

envisioned of and engaged with the issues of rights, liberty, equality, justice, citizenship, constitution and constitutionalism, etc.	
5. The course has been designed in such a way that every student is equipped with certain practical skills which can be used for seeking gainful employment if one exists after completing the graduation.	Students can get employment in various government sectors.

U.G COURSE OUTCOMES

	Course Name	COs	
SEM I	Political Theory	Module I:	
		Introduced the student about the subject of	
		Political Science and seek interest in Politics	
		Module II:	
		Gives an insight of Political Science and its	
		relation with other Social Sciences	
		Module III:	
		It gives students an in-depth study of quality	
		and different approaches like liberalism and	
		Marxism, etc.	
		Module IV:	
		Create interest among the students about the	
		different ideologies.	
		Module V:	
		Gives knowledge and an approach to the	
		study of an Origin and Theories of the state.	
SEM II	Concepts Theories and	Module VI:	
	Institutions	Introduces to the students the concept of the	
		State, Nation and Civil Society.	
		Module VII:	
		Explains about Sovereignty, Monism and	
		Pluralism and the role played by individuals	
		in it.	
		Module VIII:	
		Gives an idea to the students about different	

		concepts like Law, Powers, Liberty, Equality and Human Rights.
		Module IX:
		Gives detailed explanation about Forms of
		Government and how they will function.
		Module X:
		It seeks to the student and interest in different
CTD /	T 11 C	organs of government.
SEM	Indian Government	Module I:
III	and Politics	To faster interest to the students about basic
		roots of Nationalistic Movement and making
		of Constitution.
		Module II:
		Gives in-depth Knowledge of Fundamental
		Rights and Directive Principles of Sate
		Policy.
		Module III:
		Knowledge about Statutory Commissions for
		protection of different rights and their
		application.
		Module IV:
		Initiation of Social and Political Movements
		in India.
SEM	Indian Government	Module V:
IV	and Politics	To give knowledge to the students about the
1 4	and I offices	Union Government and its functioning.
		Module VI:
		Decentralization of Power through State
		Government and its functioning at Sate level.
		Module VII:
		Gives the students the directions of both
		Union and State relations.
		Module VIII:
		Gives the students the emphasis of Local
		Self-Governments at grass root level and
		their functioning.
		Module IX:
		To faster the students interest about the
		nature of Indian Political Parties both
		National and Regional parties.
		Module X:
		To create awareness among the students

		about Electoral Politics and their functioning
		and contribution.
SEM V	Political Thought	Module I:
		To introduce the students Western and Indian
		Political Thought and comparison.
		Module II:
		Gives a detailed explanation about Ancient
		and Medieval Political Thought.
		Module III:
		To know the roots of early Mordent Western
		Political Thought.
		Module IV:
		To create an interest and seek information
		about Social Contractualist.
		Module V:
		To foster to the students the importance of
		relevance of utilitarianism.
SEM	Political Thought	Module VI:
VI		To help students in knowing the
		characteristics functions of Western
		Ideologies.
		Module VII & VIII:
		The Relevance and importance of Marxist
		philosophy in Political thought and its
		application arenas.
		Module IX:
		To know the roots of Indian Political
		Thought, ideas and give its relevance to the
		students in the present Political System.
		Module X:
		To further study the consequences of Indian
		Nationalistic Political Thought and its present
CITA E X		day role.
SEM V	International Relations	Module I:
		Introduced the students about the subject of
		International Relations and significance.
		Module II: It gives students on in depth study of First
		It gives students an in-depth study of First and Second World War causes and
		consequences. Module III:
		It gives students in-depth knowledge about

		Emergence of Third World.
		Module IV:
		It creates interest among the students about
		different Powers, Peace and Security.
		Module V:
		It creates interest among the student about
		International Organizations and Global
		Development.
SEM	International Relations	Module VI:
VI:		It gives students an in-depth study of
		International Political Economy.
		Module VII:
		It gives students in-depth knowledge about
		International Security and Nuclear Politics.
		Module VIII:
		Gives knowledge about Environmental
		Problems and how they can protect their
		Rights.
		Module IX& X:
		It seeks to the student an interest about
		Foreign Policies with different Countries.
SEM V	Contemporary Political	Module I:
	Economy (GE) Paper I	Approaches to Political Economy.
		To familiarize the students with the different
		theoretical approaches.
		Module II:
		Capitalist transformation
		To give a brief over view of the history of the
		evolution of the Modern Capitalist World.
	Paper II: Human	Module I:
	Rights Gender and	Understanding social inequality
	Environment Pare IV	In this student understands the issues
		concerning the Rights of citizens.
		Module II:
		Human Rights.
		In this students can get in-depth knowledge
CITE F	T D (TD)	about Human Rights.
SEM	Laws Duties and Rights	Module I:
VI	of Citizens (SEC) Paper	Rule of Law and the Criminal.
	V	Students can give the knowledge about the
		Rule of Law.
		Module II:

		Laws relating to the Criminal Justice	
		Administration.	
		The students will get knowledge about how	
		to file a complaint and how to take a bail.	
SEM	Legislative Practices	Module I:	
VI	and Procedures (SEC)	Powers and Functions of the people's	
	Paper VI	representative different tires of Governance.	
		In this students can know about Rural and	
		Urban Self-Government and they will know	
		cooperation to Panchayat/Wards.	
		Module II:	
		Supporting the Legislative Process	
		Here Student will get to know how to apply a	
		bail in the Legislature.	

B. A - PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

- I. Name of the Department: Public Administration
- II. **Vision Statement to the Department**: Public administration can be broadly described as the study and implementation of government policy. Public administration is linked to pursuing the public good through the creation of civil society and social justice. Though public administration has historically been referred to as government management, it increasingly encompasses nongovernmental organizations that are not acting out of self-interest. Public administration, as a field of systematic study.
- III. **Mission Statement of the Department**: Development Improvement in the quality of life of people poses a major challenge to policy makers, and administrators in the developing countries. In all these countries the administrative system has an important role in bringing the fruits of development to all the people. The study of Indian Administrative system helps us to appreciate its role in nation building. With this view the course in Indian Administration is conceived.
 - **a.** Programme 1: A Department can offer different programmes, like History, Economics, Political Science & Public Administration
 - b. **ProgrammeOutcomes(POs)**:ProgrammeOutcomesexaminewhataprogra m or process is to do, achieve, or accomplish for its own improvementand/or in support of institutional goals. That is a program outcome describes what the program will do.
 - c. Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs): Programme Specific Outcomes are statements that define outcomes of a program which make students realize the fact that the knowledge and techniques learnt in this programme has directimplication for the betterment of society and its sustainability. These are what the students should be able to do at the time of graduation.
 - d. **Course Outcomes** (**COs**): Course Outcomes are the statements of what astudentshouldknow,understandand/orbeabletodemonstrateaftercompletio nofacourse.

S.No	Name of the programme	Pos	PSOs
1.	Introduction to Public Administration	Meaning and Importance of Public Administration State and Evolution of Public Administration . Law b. Political Science c. Economics d. Psychology a. Oriental Approach -Kautilya	Students after completing this program will get the knowledge on public administration evaluation and relation with social sciences

		b. Classical Approach: Henri Fayol, Luther Gulick and Lyndall Urwick c. Scientific Management Approach: F.W.Taylor d. Bureaucratic Approach: Max Weber and Karl Marx a. Human Relations Approach –Elton Mayo b. Behavioural Approach: Herbert A. Simon c. Socio- Psychological Approach: Abraham Maslow; Mc Gregor, Rensis Likert a. Administrative Ecology: F.W.Riggs b. Social Justice Approach – B.R.Ambedkar c. Jyothirao Pule	and also administrative theories applicable in administrative knowledge and efficiency.
2.	Comparative and Development Administration	a. Comparative Administration b. Development Administration c. Changing Dynamics of Development Administration a. New Public Administration — Minnowbrook-I b. New Public Administration — Minnowbrook-II c. New Public Administration — Minnowbrook-III a. Public Choice Approach b. New Public Management a. Public Policy and Governance b. Role of Public Services in the Emergence and Development of New State of Telangana a. Globalization and Public Administration b. Present Status of Public Administration in the context of Globalization	After completing this scores student may know the knowledge on historical background of public administration and also changes in public administration in different countries of the world and public administration from the public perspective.

S.No	Name of the programme	Pos	PSOs
1.	Indian Administration	a. Evolution of Indian Administration b. Indian Administration after Independence: Continuity and Change c. Indian Constitutional Moorings and Administration. a. Political Executive at Central Level i.Presidentii. Prime Ministeriii. Council of Ministers b. Central Secretariat and other Offices a. Centre-State Administrative	After completing this course student may know the knowledge on background of the Indian Administration before and after

		Relations	independence and
		b. Central Personnel Agencies-All India Services	central and state
		a. Union Public Service Commission	government
		b. Election Commission and	services and
		Comptroller and Auditor General of	central
		India (C&AG) c. NITI Aayog	constitutional
		a. Forms of Public Enterprises -	bodies.
		Department, Corporation, Company b. Performance and Disinvestment	
2.	State Administration Structure and process	b. Performance and Disinvestment a. Administrative History of Telangana b. Political Executive at State Level, Governor& Chief Minister a. State Secretariat & Directorates b. Local Governance & District Administration in Telangana a. Administrative Reforms: Need and Importance b. 2nd Administrative Reforms Commission – Features and Recommendations a. e-Government b. Values and Ethics in Administration a. Redressal of Citizen Grievances: Transparency, Accountabilityand Right to Information Act b. Administrative Accountability:	After completing this course student may gain the knowledge and state administration services and the implementation of the administrative reforms in india and ICT in administration the transparency accountability to the people.
		Legislative and Judicial Control	те реорге.

S.No	Name of the programme	Pos	PSOs
1.	Human Resource Management	a. Meaning and Significance of Human Resource Management b. Human Resource Planning a. Concept and Principles of Office Management b. Job Analysis, Job Description, Recruitment and Promotion c. Compensation Administration - Wage, Pay and Pay Commissions a. Performance and Competency Mapping System b. Employee Capacity Building Strategies-Training c. Total Quality Management and Productivity Management a. Reddressal of Employee Grievances b. Right sizing, Outsourcing and Consultancies	For students it gives the knowledge on Human Resource management in Industries and companies how for the man power may utilize needs to the organization its helps in companies

c. Interpersonal Skills	training development	and of
	employees.	

S.No	Name of the programme	Pos	PSOs
1.	Financial and Material Resource Management	a. Meaning and Scope b. Importance of Financial Management a. Concept and Principles of Budget b. Preparation of Budget c. Enactment and Execution of Budget a. Organization and Functioning of Finance Ministry b. Union – State Financial Relations and the role of Finance Commission c. Parliamentary Financial Committees: Public Accounts Committee, Estimates Committee and Committee on Public Undertakings a. Meaning and Concept of Materials Management b. Procurement, Storage and Distribution c. Inventory Control and Management	For the students this course may helped in financial budget and also enactment and execution of budget by the finance ministry and also parliamentary committees and the HRM for material management services.

S.No	Name of the programme	Pos	PSOs
1.	Good Governance (GE)	a) Meaning and Definitions of Governance b) Government and Governance c) Concepts of Good Governance a) Origin and types of State b) Democratic State and Democratic Administration c) Neo-Liberalism and Rolling Back State d) Reforming Institutions: The State, Market and Civil Society a) Rule of Law and Human Rights b) Accountability c) Participation a) Rule of Law and Human Rights b) Accountability	It gives for the students this knowledge will produce the governance system to the citizens and also the good governance responsible to the services and ICT information

c) Participation a) Public and Private Governance b) Good Governance and Civil Society c) ICT and Good Governance	communication technology in peoples participitation.
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DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY UG PROGRAMME

- **1.Name of the Department:** Zoology.
- **2.Vision**: To enhance and impact the latest technological skills in animal sciences for taking up the challenges in ever changing scientific world.
- **3.Mission**: Inculcate ethical values to nourish and nurture animal welfare.

4.PROGRAMME OUTCOMES:

S.NO	Name of the program	Programme Outcomes	Programme Specific Outcome
1.	B.Sc	PO1: Students gain knowledge and skill in the fundamentals of animal sciences, understands the complex interactions among various living organisms.	PSO1: Students will appreciate the importance, value and diversity of the invertebrates. Understands the diversity, evolution and relationships between major groups of invertebrates.
		PO2: Apply the knowledge of internal structure of cell, its functions in control of various metabolic functions of the organisms.	PSO2:Understands the nature and basic concepts of cell biology, genetics, taxonomy, physiology, ecology and applied zoology.
		PO3: Correlates the physiological processes of animals and relationship of organ systems.	PSO3 :Analyse the relationships among animals ,plants and microbes.
		PO4: Understanding of environmental conservation processes and its importance, pollution control and biodiversity and protection of endangered species.	PSO4: Study reveles the problems faced by the animals with population explosion and insufficient resources available for them in the ecosystem and distribution of organism and biodiversity in the context of the environment.

PO5: Understands about various concepts of Genetics and its importance in Human health.	PSO5: Gains knowledge about research methodologies effective communication and skills of problem solving methods.
PO6: Develops empathy and love towards the animals and apply the knowledge and understanding of zoology to one's own life and work.	knowledge for nation

5. COURSE OUTCOMES:

SEMESTER I

S.No	Course Name (Paper)	Course Outcomes
1.	(Paper) Animal Diversity - Invertebrates	CO1: Protozoa &Porifera: Students will appreciate the importance, value and diversity of the invertebrates. Understands the diversity, evolution and relationships between major groups of invertebrates. CO2: Cnidarians and Helminthes: Important phyla comprising most of the freshwater ecosystem. Coral reef forms world"s most productive ecosystem. Help with nutrient recycling, assist in carbon and nitrogen
		fixing, source of nitrogen and nutrients for marine food chains. Able to study the host parasite interaction, help to study diseases causes by the helminthes. CO3: Annelida and Arthropoda: Annelids showing division of body and play a key role in evolution. Important decomposers and useful in medicinal field. Arthropoda includes more species and more individuals than all other groups of animals species. Used in experimental to reveal valuable basic biological information. Help to grow food crops through pollination, create and maintain soil quality.
		CO4: Mollusca, Echinodermata and Hemichordata: The objectives of this study were to analyze the distribution pattern of molluscs in freshwater systems. A total of 45% freshwater habitats were sampled for living mollusks. Echinodermata play numerous ecological roles. Sand dollars and sea cuembers burrow into sand providing more oxygen at greater depths of the sea floor. Also used as food, medicine and source of lime for farmers.

SEMESTER II

S.No	Course Name (Paper)	Course Outcomes
1.	Animal Diversity - Vertebrates	CO1:Hemichordata & Urochordata, Cephalochordata, Cyclostomata: Students should be able to understand different categories, general characters and the level of organization in chordate sub phylum.
		CO2: Pisces & Amphibia: Fishes are used as a basis to show that their communities have only a weak relationship to the structure of phytocenoses, unlike plants vertebrates actively choose preferable biotopes and do nodie off upon transition between the stages of succession. The role of vertebrates in the functioning of ecosystems is determined to matter and energy turnover and effect on the structure of ecosystems of different ranks.
		CO3: Reptilia and Aves: Students will be able to appreciate about how life have evolved from water to land, their populations and their habitats are of profund importance to advancements of basic scientific knowledge that is vital to the well-being of human societies. Adaptations by birds help to known about the evolution and physiology of birds, as they are the phyla which is showing aerial mode of life.
		CO4: Mammalia : Taxonomy help in finding the evolutionary significance. Many species are extincting, so it help for conservation of species. Play a key role in biodiversity and evolution.

SEMESTER III

S.No	Course Name (Paper)	Course Outcomes
1.	Animal Physiology &Animal Behaviour	CO1:Digestion, Excretion and osmoregulation: . the study of physiology is in a sense the study of life, from the study students are enlighted about how Digestion, excretion and osmoregulation work as physiological process. CO2: Homeostasis, Respiration and Circulation: Student understand about Homeostasis maintains optimal conditions for enzyme action throughout the body, as well as all cell functions. It is the maintenance of a constant internal environment despite changes in internal and external conditions. From the study students learns about circulation and also the main purpose of respiration is to
		provide oxygen to the cells at a rate adequate to satisfy their metabolic needs. CO3: Muscle contraction, Nerves and Endocrine systems: Students learns about muscle and nervous systems function and also the importance of endocrine glands and their secretions. CO4: Animal behavior: Students acquire knowledge of key concepts and principles and overarching themes in animal behavior, animal cognition, conservation psychology/ biology,animal welfare science, comparative psychology and research methods. Students acquire
		credentials for employment in fields related to Animal behavior and conservation.

SEMESTER IV

S.No	Course Name (Paper)	Course Outcomes
1.	(Paper) CellBiology,Genetics &DevelopmentalBiology	CO1:Cell Biology: Cell teaches us about the biological processes that keeps us healthy. It also uncovers new ways to treat diseases. Cellular research as lead cancer treatments, antibiotics, medicine the lowers cholesterol and improved methods for delivering drugs. Example, understanding how stem cells and certain other cells regenerate could offer insight on how to repair damaged or lost tissue. CO2: Molecular Biology: Students can learn the molecular basic of biological activity between biomolecules in the various system of a cell including the interactions between DNA,RNA, Proteins and their biosynthesis CO3: Genetics: It is the study of gene, the basic heredity material of living organism. Students get to know about the how and why physical characters are passed on from one generation to another. Help to study the pattern in genetic information. Comprehensive and detailed understanding of the chemical basic of heredity. CO4:Developmental Biology and Embryology: The study focuses on the growth and development of plants and animals at the genetic, cellular and molecular levels. Development biology studies the various actions involved in the development of living organisms. Embryology is a section of development biology that focuses on the development from one differentiated cell to a
		complete organism.

SEMESTER V

S.No	Course Name	Course Outcomes	
1.	(Paper) Immunology and Animal Biotechnology	CO1 :Basics of Immune System:. Students learn about the basic concepts of Immunology. They get familiar with the cells that get involve in the immune system they gain information about primary and secondary organs of immune system. Students acquire knowledge on the types of immunity they get to know about how the antigen and antibody reacts and also the reactions that triggered the immune response. They get to know how the B-Cells and T-Cells gets activated and how the specific antibodies are produced for a particular antigen. They also learn about hybridoma technology.	
		CO2: Antibodies and Antigens and Immune System Diseases: Students will be enlightened on the study of immune systems, malfunctions of the immune system in immunological disorders.	
		CO3: Animal Biotechnology and Genetically modified Organisms: Study helps the student to understand molecular biology techniques used to genetically engineer animals in order to improve their suitability by the application of scientific and engineering principles to the processing by biological agents.	
		CO4: Applications of Biotechnology:To understand principles of animal culture, media preparation. To explain invitro fertilization and embryo transfer technology. To get insight in applications or recombinant DNA technology in agriculture, production of therapeutic proteins. To explain the microbial degradation of pesticides, Bioremediation & Biofertilizers.	

SEMESTER VI

S.No	Course Name	Course Outcomes	
	(Paper)		
1.	Ecology, Zoogeography and Evolution	CO1 :Ecology – l :Study help to explore about different type of ecosystem and they function and also interaction between environment and organism. Students get to know about the different nutrient cycles which is the basic source of energy. Get the knowledge about the animal behavior in response to that ecosystem and how they survive in that particular environment.	
		CO2: Ecology – Il: Study reveals the problems faced by the animals with population explosion and insufficient resources available for them in the ecosystem. It help in wild life conservation and protecting endangered species. Help in understanding the movement of materials and energy through living communities. Study the abundance and distribution of organism and biodiversity in the context of the environment.	
		CO3: Zoogeography: It is the study of some paradoxical to begin an account of animal distribution by a reference to cave animals which have by far the most isolated and circumscribed habitat of all the ecological communities. Nevertheless a comparision of the cave habitat with those of the open lands seems to me to have some bearing on the problems of animals distribution.	
		CO4: Evolution: It is the study to described origin of species on earth. To describe evolutionary history of man. Be familiar with events that lend up to fertilization. Students get to know about the first four stages of cell division in different groups and cellular mechanisms for gastrulation.	

B.Sc Zoology Practical's Course Outcomes

S.No	Course Name (Paper)	Practical Course Outcomes
Sem -I	Animal Diversity - Invertebrates	Students gain knowledge in the areas of systematic position, General organization and affinities of invertebrates. the students will be well equipped to become very competent in research or teaching fields after completion of this course. Dissection is also important because it helps students learn about the internal structures of animals.
Sem-II	Animal Diversity - vertebrates	Course will provide knowledge regarding the various vertebrates species Students gain knowledge in the areas of systematic position, general organization and affinities of vertebrates.
Sem-III	Animal Physiology and animal behavior	Students will learn more about animal physiology, anatomy and also about animal behavior.
Sem-IV	Cell Biology ,Genetics & Developmental biology	Understanding on the details of the basic unit of life at the molecular level. Introduce the new developments in genetics and its implications in human welfare. Students will explore how reproductive biology impacts other aspects of health, exploring implications of early life exposures for later health and of the biology of the reproductive cancers
Sem-V	Physiology And Biochemistry	Students will learn the detailed concepts of digestion, absorption, excretion. Understanding of the functions of effectors in the circulatory physiology and adaptations by animals to environment
Sem-VI	Aquatic Biology	Course provides them comprehensive understanding about aquatic ecosystem and various economical important fishes. Students gain knowledge of integumentary system –basic structure of skin, dermal and epidermal pigments, fins, and scales.

DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY - PG

1.Name of the Department: Zoology.

2.Vision: To enhance and impact the latest technological skills in animal sciences for taking up the challenges in ever changing scientific world.

3.Mission: Inculcate ethical values to nourish and nurture animal welfare.

Name of the program POs		PSOs	
MSc., ZOOLOGY	PO-I -This programmeis a multidisciplinary study which completely gives knowledge about thevarious branches of life sciences like animals, their evolution, animal physiology, their behaviour, habit, habitat, molecular level organisation of the biomolecules and their mechanisms, laboratory techniques, Research knowledge, environmental study, immunology, systems biology, agriculture and fish biology.	PSO1: The students can opt their careers options in different fields like public sectors, zoologists, forest department, laboratories, medical coding, medical analysis, scientific writers, lab technicians, teaching sectors, agriculture units, fisheries department, research etc.	
	PO-II the students with knowledge of environmental and conservation biology aquire knowledge about the environment and methods to conserve the environment.	PSO2: They can also work under NGO's as per their enthusiasm.	
	PO-III Gives the Students clear knowledge of the unicellular, multicellularorganisms.	PSO3: This knowledge helps them to plan their career in the researches and also helps them to work as parasitologists and microbiologist.	
	PO-IV -Students can explore their career in the branches of genetics like laboratories, geneengineering and the applied molecular biology and different laboratories.	PSO4: They can also plan their career as a developmental advisors in the gynecology departments.	

SEMESTER I

1. Paper I: Structural Biology [SB]

CO1 :Basic Concepts of Biomolecules and Structural Biology

Students gain an understanding of biomolecules their structure, function and applications.

COII: Enzymes and Metabolism

This unit provides knowledge about the metabolic pathways of biomolecules and the role of enzymes ,their regulating factors & deficiency disorders.

CO- III – Cellular Organization

Student understands that the molecular organization of cell membrane determines the function and specificity of the membrane. They learn about communication mechanisms involved in multicellular organisms which is quintessential for coordinating their various activities.

CO-IV – Synthetic Biology

Student learns about the mechanisms involved in the chromosomereplication and maintaining the fidelity of the genes and also about the disorders developed due to malfunctioning of these mechanisms.

Practical's

The students learn to handle the various equipment and learn the protocols, for the estimation of Protein, Lipids, Glycogen and Cholestrol in the given animal tissue. The aim is to enable the students to learn about enzyme activity like SDH and LDH in normal tissue and also in pH variation in the given tissue. The protein fractionation enables the students to learn about the

The protein fractionation enables the students to learn about the different types of proteins present in the blood sample.

The students learn about the DNA and RNA structure by extraction methods and Feulgen Stain technique.

Paper II: Environmental and Conservation Biology [ECB]

CO-1 – Basic Concepts of Ecology

Students gain knowledge about different ecosystems and factors governing them. They also learn about population dynamics and the concepts relating to growth.

CO-II – Community Organization and Structure

This unit deals with community organization, structure & their dynamics. they also learn about impact of pollutants & their indicators.

CO- III –Biogeography of India, Habitats and Resources

The students learn about the biogeographic regions of India& their salient features. They gain knowledge about types of renewable and nonrenewable resources & their importance in sustaining the life forms.

CO-IV- Natural Resource Management.

This unit deals with purpose & importance of economic impact assessment& ecological conservation. Students also learn about legal &policies laid down by the government for protection of biological resources.

Practicals

Students learn to estimate alkalinity, hardness of water and biological indicators of water quality. They identify the zooplanktons and learn their ecological significance.

Paper III: Immunology [IMM]

CO- I – Introduction to Immunology

1. **Immunology:**.

Students learn about the evolutionary aspects of organs & immunology, types of immunity & the cells involved in the immune system.

CO-II – Immunoglobulins and Complement system

Knowledge about different types of antigens, antibodies & the immunological techniques is dispensed, students learn about components & pathways of complement system.

CO-III – Hypersensitivity Reactions and Autoimmune Diseases

Students gain knowledge about different types hypersensitivity and auto immune disorders.

CO-IV – Transplantation and Tumour Immunology

This unit deals with the genetic predispositions of transplantation& mechanisms involved in immune system during various infections. students learn about tumor specific antigens & the treatment involved in treating the tumors

Practicals

The immunological practicals help them to know the blood groups, which helps them to donate Blood when required in emergency.

WIDAL test, VDRL test for Syphils, HIV TRI dot test, Dengue and malaria test that help the student have the basic knowledge of the immunology and the diseases.

4 Paper IV: Advances in Taxonomy & Functional Anatomy of Invertebrates [ATFAI]

CO- I - Advances in Taxonomy

This unit deals with conventional & new methods of taxonomy and classification. students learn about the significance of ICZN.

Co- II - Lower Invertebrates

This course explores the diversity of lower invertebrates as well as the evolution of animal structure and function. Students will study human health and diseases caused by various parasites by their mode of transmission, treatment and preventive measures. This course also covers crucial concepts including the filter feeding mechanism.

CO-III – Higher Invertebrates

Students will be able to identify and appreciate the unique characters of different Annelids, Molluscs and Echinoderms. They will understand evolutionary history and relationships of different invertebrates through functional and structural affinities, complexity and characteristic features of non-Chordates along with their significance and interactions with the environment.

CO- IV - Minor Phyla

Minor Phyla includes very minute organisms which are numerous and important as members of food chain /as parasites, veterinary, medical or taxonomic importance. Student learns about the structure mechanism involved infeeding, reproduction.

Practicals

The Slides and Specimens of animals starting from Protozoa to Echinodermata heip the students to understand the organization of animal structure and the functions along with the identification features. Collection of zooplanktons help the students to identify the organisms present in the given water.

The dissections help the student to learn the organization, structure and functions of the nervous system, Reproductive system of cockroach.

Semester-II

Paper I: Tools,
Techniques
and
Biostatistics
[TTB]

CO: I – Tools and Separation Techniques

The students understand the working principles, methods and the applications of various biological instruments like microscopes and microtomes. They also learn about the separation techniques principles and applications like centrifugation, Chromatography and Electrophoresis.

CO:II – Separation and Imaging Techniques
This unit provides knowledge about quantitative and qualitative methods of various biomolecules and inorganic molecules.
Students learn about PCR and electrophysiological techniques and their applications.

CO: III – Diagnostic Techniques:

Students gain insight into the usage of radioisotopes in medical and research fields. This unit also provide the students knowledge about the principle and functioning of various diagnostic and imaging techniques. Imaging Techniques like RT-PCR, Micro Array, PET, MRI, fMRI and CAT along with Conventional and recently discovered Gene Editing Technologies like CRISPER/CAS9.

CO:IV – Biostatistics – Descriptive Statistics Students understand the significance of use of statistics in biology and learn the various methods of organization and tabulation of data. They also learn about the basic concepts in biostatistics like measures of central tendency, population and sampling and basics in probability.

Practicals

Students learn to apply the techniques learned in the theory like microtome technique- from fixation step to mounting the tissue is practiced, separating the biomolecules using centrifugation and chromatographic techniques and subsequently quantification of biomolecules using colorimetry, is learnt. In biostatistics they learn to organize, tabulate, calculate and analyze the data given and also learn to represent the same graphically.

Paper II: Animal Physiology [AP]

CO: I – Digestion, Respiration & Circulation

Students learn about digestion, respiration and haemodynamics of blood in mammals. In digestion-the types of digestion, the process of digestion along with neural and endocrinal regulatory factors are taught. Respiration-Effect on transport of oxygen at different heights, levels, and adaptations for the same along with note on bodyfluid buffering mechanism is learned by the students. Circulation – cardiac cycle, dynamics involved in blood circulation along with process of blood coagulation and anti-coagulants are taught.

CO:II – Osmoregulation, Excretion & Thermoregulation

Students learn about Principles of Osmoregulation and Excretion involved in active regulation of water and ionic balance. Students learn about Thermal Regulation for body temperature and the organs involved in regulation of temperature for normal functioning of the body.

CO: III – Muscle Physiology, Neurophysiology & Receptors

The goal of the course is to foster critical thinking, understand various physiological systems like muscle contraction, synaptic transmission, receptor mechanism and neurophysiology. Students will be able to explain how the skeletal, neurological, and muscular systems work together to move the body

CO: IV – Endocrinology, Bioluminescence & Stress Physiology

Students will critically understand, evaluate, and assess scientific literature about endocrine function and pathology. The structures, development, histology, and blood supply of the various endocrine glands, bioluminescence will be covered in this unit.

Practicals

The course is designed to help students develop critical thinking skills and apply physiological concepts, and principles at the basic and applied levels, to develop a working knowledge of the major physiological systems, and to associate anatomical areas with their specific function. The students will understand important physiological challenges animals face and the processes by which animals deal with them. They will be studying the effects of thermal stress on glycogen levels, metabolic rate of crab as well as estimate the blood chloride and acetyl choline esterase activity in crab. Kymographic recordings of twitch,

tetanus and fatigue will be dealt with along with key concepts like cell fragility. The students will be able to apply their knowledge practically through this course.

P-III

Paper III: Molecular Genetics and Developmental Biology [MGDB]

CO: I – Introduction to Genetics

Students learn about mendelian, non mendelian inheritance (linkage, multiple alleles and many more) and along with the disorders. They also learn about chromosome structure and method of karyotyping. Bacterial genetics are also studied by the students

CO: II – Molecular Genetics

Students understand recombinant technology and its application in various fields of biology like medical, forensic, agriculture, evolution, genetics and molecular genetics. Various tools of r DNA technology and methods involved like- Restriction endonucleases, ligases, vectors, DNA fingerprinting, cloning and constructionof libraries are understood by the students.

CO: III – Overview of Developmental Biology

This course seeks to give students a thorough understanding of the theories underlying early animal development, molecular, biochemical, and cellular activities that control the growth of specialised cells, tissues, and organs during embryonic development, gametogenesis, fertilization, the cleavage mechanisms and patterns. The morphogenetic movements, presumptive areas, and fate maps will also be studied by the pupils.

CO: IV - Organogenesis

This unit teaches the students with the Developmental Biology which means the growth of organisms, process of organ formation, role of specific hormones in the metamorphosis and regeneration in certain animals along with the process of teratogenesis.

Practicals

Students learn and perform the blood grouping and

karyotyping. They also learn to isolate and estimate the nucleic acids, enzymes and proteins from embryonated eggs. They study stages in embryonated eggs and cleavage patterns in lymnaea eggs.

P-1V

Paper IV: Evolution & Functional Anatomy of Vertebrates [EFAV]

CO: I – Evolution of Life

This course deal with evolution, which means the change in heritable characters of animals over a period of time. Students will get aware of evolution , theory of evolution ,patterns of evolution ,speciation ,how humans have evolved and significance of bipedalism .

CO:II – Evolution of Vertebrates

Students learn about the evolution of vertebrates like extint and extant fishes, amphibians, Mesozoic, living reptiles, birds and mammals.

CO:III – Functional Anatomy – I

Through this unit students will learn about the integumentary system, cranial skeletal system like skull, jaw suspension, post cranial skeletal system like axial skeletal system and joints, digestive system in aves and mammals and respiratory system in vertebrates.

CO;IV – Functional Anatomy – II

This unit develops understanding for the fundamental concepts of physiology of nervous system, excretory system and sense organs. Students will make a comparative study of the anatomy of an organ in different groups of vertebrate and derive the evolutionary significance from it.

Practicals

This course discusses the taxonomic position, characteristic features and distribution of different orders of Vertebrates right from the Pisces to Mammals. The students will obtain comprehensive knowledge of comparative anatomy of chordates and be able to recognize their evolutionary trends. There are two minor dissections which include the Weberian ossicle of Labeo and respiratory trees of Clarius and one major dissection which are the Cranial nerves of Labeo. The hands on approach of dissection will help students gain physiological and anatomical feature of the Pisces. The students will also be collecting scales of the fishes, classify them and study their characteristic. The course

will be very helpful for students that are aspiring for a career in the research field.

SEMESTER III

Paper I -Systems Biology [SMB]

CO:I- Introduction to Systems Biology

System Biology is an approach in biomedical research to understand the necessity of treating an individual as a whole not as parts as with interconnectedness of these parts lead to emergence of new behaviour than when in parts. Students learn about graph theory method and types of networks which help in simulating the real life networks in computers as models for predicting and solving problems faced by humans and environment.

CO: II – Systems Approach

Students understand the need for Systems Approach to learn about key factors responsible for many disorders of humans like metabolic cycles, biological clocks and cell death programming and search for the most appropriate treatment. They also learn about the systems approach to agriculture and environmental fields like pest management and bioremediation.

CO: III – Predictive Modeling

Students will know about predictive modeling which is a form of statistical techniques that analysis the historical data with a goal of identifying trends or patterns and then using those insights to predict future outcomes. They also learn about data formats, simulation techniques and modelling tools.

CO:IV - Systems Biology Applications

Students will learn how the systems biology techniques applied is giving benefits to human life. Many fields of medical, evolution, agricultureis reaping the benefits of the systems approach in solving challenges like the tumortreatment by nanoparticles, evolutionary mysteries by genome wide sequencing methods, host-parasite interactions in agriculturerespectively.

Practicals:

Students learn about the fluorescent microscope and its application. They practically learn predator-prey relationship by conducting experiment on larvivorous fish. They build an in-silico phylogenetic tree using the data available on Genbank, Swiss-prot or uni-port websites. students assess and analyze the toxicity and different environmental factors (temp, pH, salinity etc) effect on the enzyme activity and growth pattern- trying to mimic the real

life challenges in the laboratory to understand modelling.	

Paper-II Research Methodology [RM]

CO: I – Research Design and Method

Students will learnabout the essential steps in scientific research. They understand the need for choosing the right type of research or study(observation, experimental, natural, field etc) for the problem chosen by them. They learn all the concepts involved in research like population-Sampling methods, research design, variables, hypothesis etc. this unit provides knowledge about gathering information from primary and secondary data.

CO: II – Computers in Research & Concepts of Probability and Hypothesis

This unit deals with the computers and their application in biology data processing probability distribution statistical modules like null hypothesis's alternative hypothesis, hypothesis testing and type-1,type-II error's in hypothesis testing.

CO: III – Inferential Statistical Tools in Research.

Students will learn about different statistical tools used in research—like Z test, students—t test, one-way and two-way ,ANOVA, concept and applications of chi-square test, co relation and regression.

CO:IV – Reporting Research

This unit helps students to know about collecting the literature ,components of research report ,how to write the dissertation ,intellectual property rights ,plagiarism ,safety methods ,practiced in laboratories and animal model systems.

Practicals:

Students are taught to calculate measures of central tendency, standard deviation and error and prepare a graph using MS-Excel. They also learn to calculate one way, two way anova along with correlation and regression and prepare a graph using MS-Excel. Students are given an assignment to prepare a document using online resources.

Paper III -Comparative Animal Physiology – I [CAP-I]

CO: I – Comparative Aspects of Digestion and Nutrition

This unit help us to understand special dietary requirement feeding mechanism of different animals and their regulatory mechanism of digestion and metabolic pathways and their regulation.

CO:II – Comparative Aspects of Respiration

The students learn Respiration as a biological process as Oxygen is required for Respiration. Importance of Respiration and the effects seen under hypoxic condition and the care to be taken during hypoxic conditions. The different types of Respiratory pigments present in different animals for normal functioning of the body

CO: III – Osmoregulation, Excretion and Thermoregulation

In this unit the students gain knowledge on responses of animals to the averment and the mechanisms to deals with various un favorable environmental conditions.

CO: IV – Deranged Metabolism and Disorders

In this unit students gain knowledge about the frequent and commonly acquired metabolic disorder and the different preventive mechanisms to over come these metabolic disorder.

Practicals

Students perform the experiments to find the effect of heteroosmotic effect on SDH,LDH,Blood chlorides of fish/Crab. They study the effect of starvation on the glycogen, aminotransferases and excretory products in fishes.

P-IV	Applied Toxicology
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CO: I – Principles of Toxicology

Students will get to know importance of toxicology effects and dose response relationship, acute and chronic toxicity and the factors likes age, sex, hormones which affect them.

Co: II – Biochemical toxicology

Enables the students to understand the mechanism of the toxicity, antioxidant defense mechanism, oxidative stress mechanism and the effects they cause on the organism.

CO: III – Systemic toxicology

Enables the students to understand the organ toxicity like liver injury long injury renal toxicity and effect of toxic agents onneurons.

CO: IV – Environmental and Occupational Toxicology

Students get to know the environmental problems by studying the occupational hazards causing agents, carcinogenic agents andthat induce lung cancer, ,skin cancer and leukemia. Environmental laws and Regulation are also briefed with the students.

the effects of toxicities

Practicals:

Students learn to calculate LC50/LD50 values. The effects of toxicity i.e.,

Lipid per Oxidation, Glycogen, Glucose. The effects on total Bilirubinhepato toxicity are learnt by students by experimentation.

Semester-IV

Paper-I	Animal	
1	Biotechnology[AB]	CO: I – Introduction and Animal
		Improvement
		Students will understand the basic technologies
		involve d in biotechnology like in- vitro
		fertilization. embryotransfer, ICSI, Sperm sexing, cryopreservation, cryoprotection, gametebanking and scope and importance biotechnology.
		CO: II – <i>In vitro</i> Culture of Cells and Tissues.
		This unit teaches about cell culture technology,
		cell techniques mammalian cell lines basic
		techniques of mammalian cell culture in vitro,

cell separation, tissue culture system and cell synchronization.

CO:III – Production of Recombinant Organisms and Transgenic Animals.

Students will gain knowledge on cloning of mammals transgenic animals retro viral vector method, microinjection production of transgenic animals, genetically engineering animal cell culture and downstream processing.

CO:IV – **Application of Biotechnology**.

Through this unit students will learn about medical biotechnology, hybridoma technology, bioassay, bio sensors ecotoxicological screening ,bio leaching of metals ,insecticide development ,use of bio technology in aquaculture and use of animals as bioreactors.

Practicals

Students learn the sterilization techniques of cell culture, they also prepare media, for culture growth. Staining techniques, antibiotic sensitivity test and yield estimation are performed.

Paper-II

Paper II: Fish Biology [FB]

CO: I – Introduction and Diversity of Fishes .this unit teaches the evolution ,introduction .general characteristics ,classification of fishes and integumentary system of fishes .with this unit students will understand the evolution and physical fishers of fishes.

CO: II – Fishes – Habits and Habitats This unit teaches about buoyancy in fishes, structure and function of swim bladder in fishes, caudal fin

and function of swim bladder in fishes ,caudal fin oscillation mechanism ,feeding mechanism, food webs and food chains, osmoregulation and ion balance, fish migration and prenatal care of fishes.

CO:III – Fish Biology

This unit deals with the physiological system like skeletal system, digestive system ,respiratory mechanism ,circulatory system ,and excretory system of fishes. This unit helps students in understanding the internal body mechanism of fishes.

CO:IV – Fish Biology and Embryogenesis By this unit students will get an opportunityto learn about the central nerve system ,peripheral nerve system ,scienceorganic of fishes, endocrine system, reproductive system, roll of hormone ,embryonic development, of fishes.

Practical's

Students learn the taxonomic importance of different fishes & also learn how to Classify the fishes. Students learn about different types of scales and their importance in classification of fishes. Students gain knowledge about fish, morphology,

anatomy, hormones and reproductive structure of fishes.

Paper-III	Comparative
aper III	Animal
	Physiology -II

CO: I – Responses of Animals to Their Environment

In this unit students will be come familiar with different types of receptors and there characteristics they will get to know the basic stricture of brain and the spinal cord from invertebrates to vertebrates

CO: II – Effectors and Responses

Students learn the various glands & process of section .muscle contraction & the Biological process involved in muscle contraction.

CO: III – Circulation of Body Fluids

The students will get to know the different types of hearts and their different circulatory mechanisms.

CO: IV – Control of Reproduction & Adaptations to Environment

The students will study about the various reparative patterns and factors that control reproduction and behavior.

Practicals

Students perform the enzyme activity test on metabolic distinct muscle. They learn the effect of acetylcholine, adrenalin and temperature effect on the heart beat of crab. They perform dissections of nervous and reproductive systems in crab and cockroach.

Paper- IV	Project	project work helps students to explore different scientific fields under the lifesciences, understand the research methodology witch inculcates interest in pursuing research.
		The students will get aexposure and they will get a chance to interact and workwith the laboratories, hospitals, research scholars etc which helps them to plantheircareer.